

2.7.2014

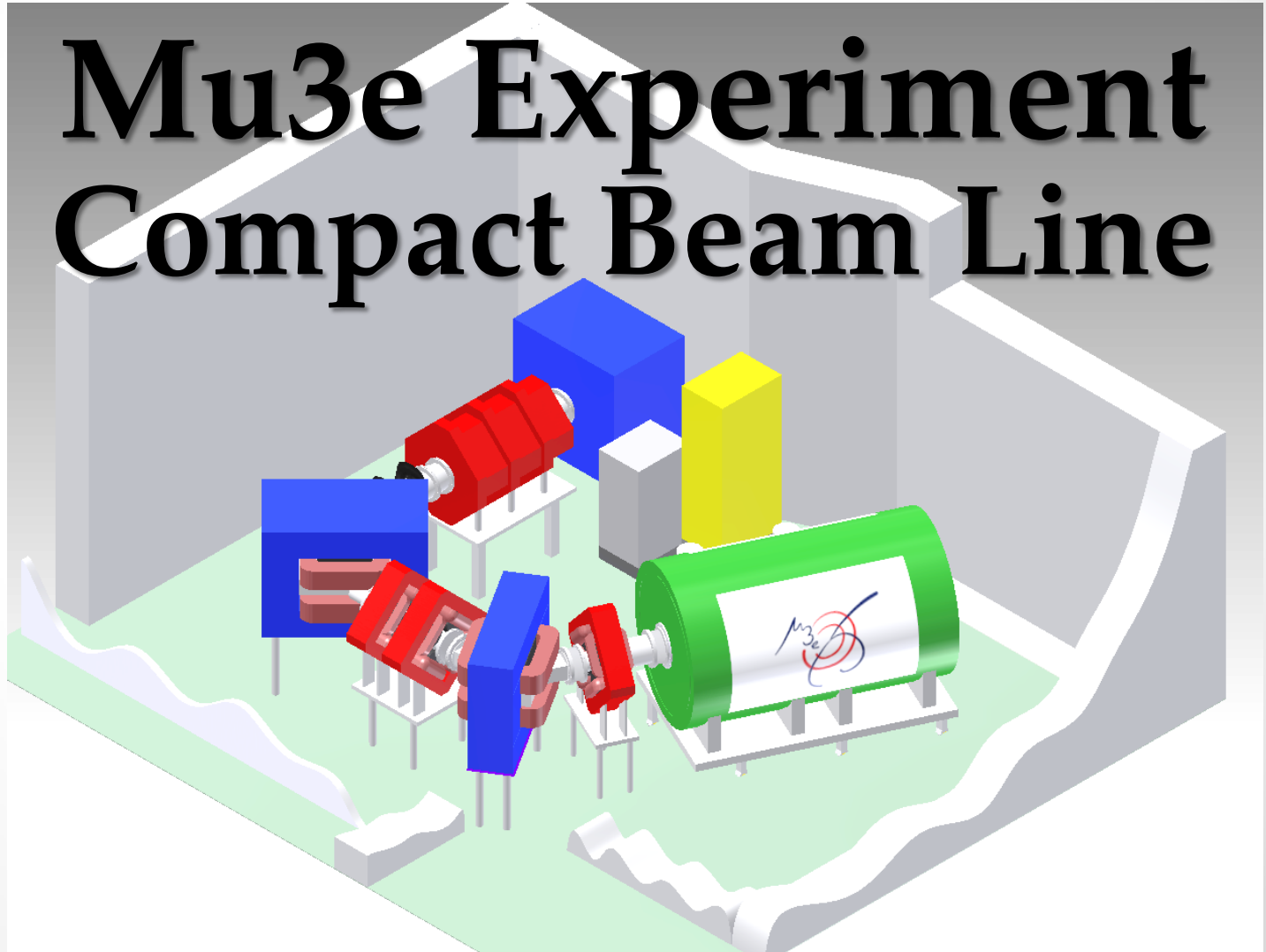
Felix Berg - on behalf of the Mu3e Collaboration

Annual Meeting of the Swiss Physical Society



Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule Zürich
Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich

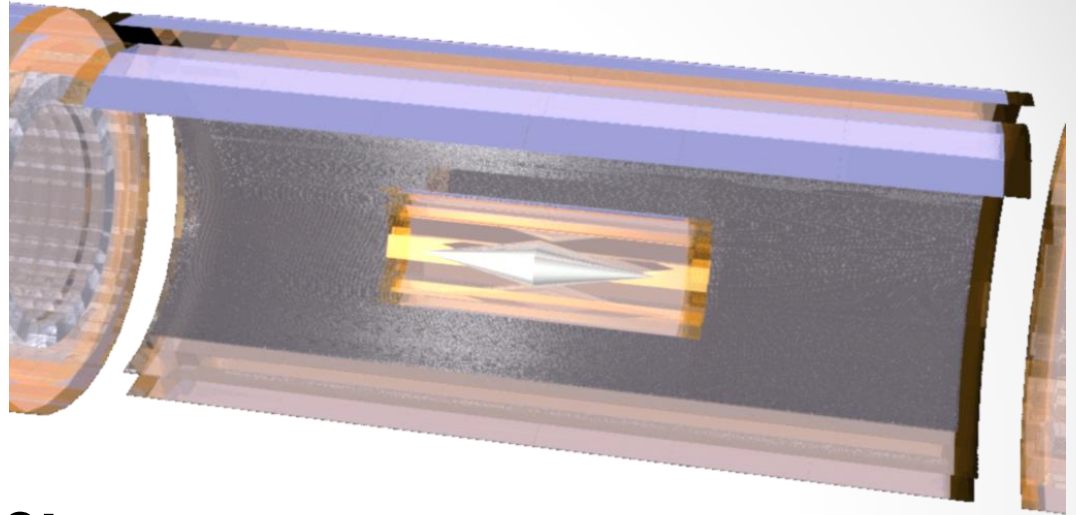
Mu3e Experiment Compact Beam Line



Outline

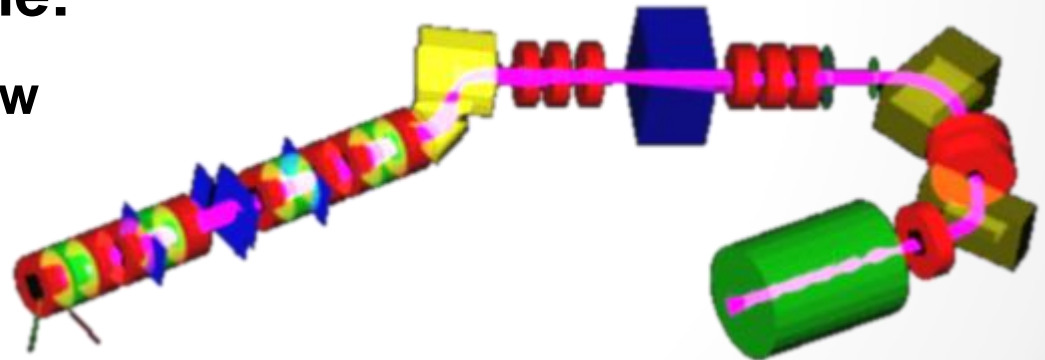
➤ Mu3e:

- CLFV
- Signal
- The detector



➤ Compact Beam Line:

- Beam Line Overview
- Full Beamline
- Short Version

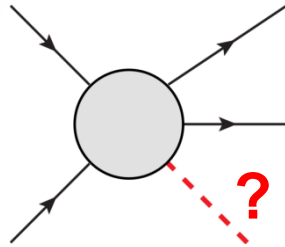


➤ Conclusions

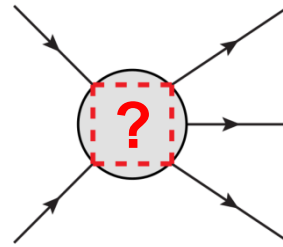
CLFV decay $\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+$

- Search for BSM physics

High energy frontier

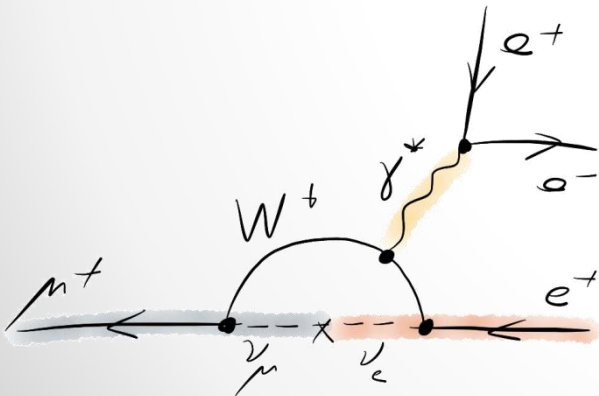


High intensity frontier

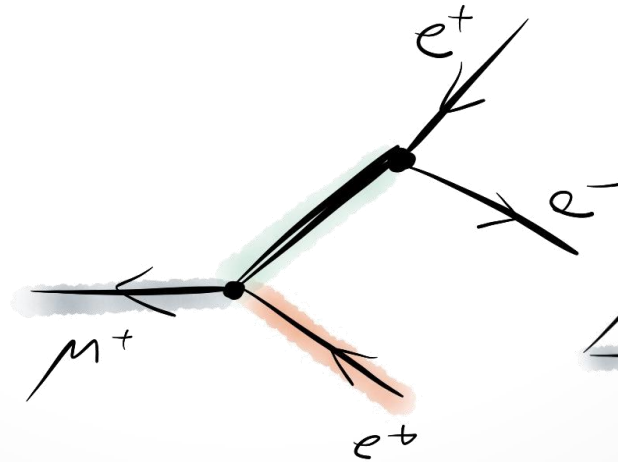


- $\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+$

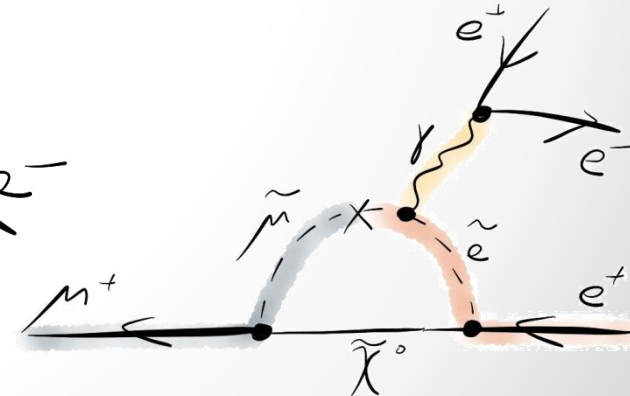
Neutrino mixing (SM)



Tree Level



SUSY



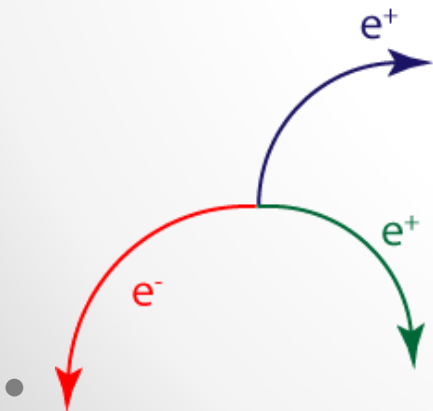
Experimental signature of $\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+$

- Same Vertex
- Coincidence
- Stopped muon decays

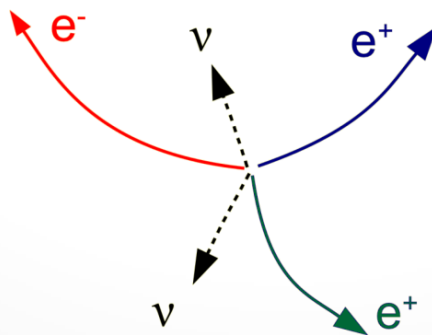
$$\sum_i \vec{p}_i = 0 \qquad \sum_i E_i = m_\mu c^2$$

- Momentum calculated from track bending radius in B-Field

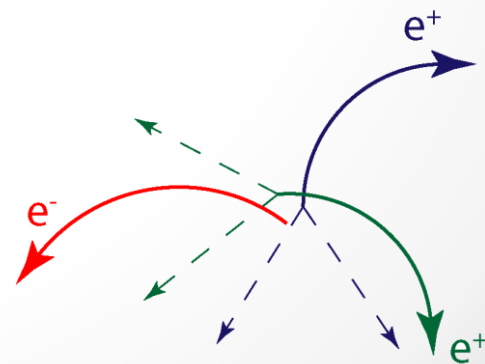
Possible signal:



Radiative decay (int. conversion):



Combinatorial background:



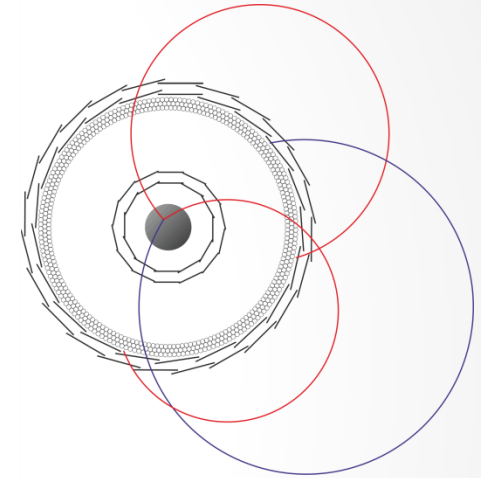
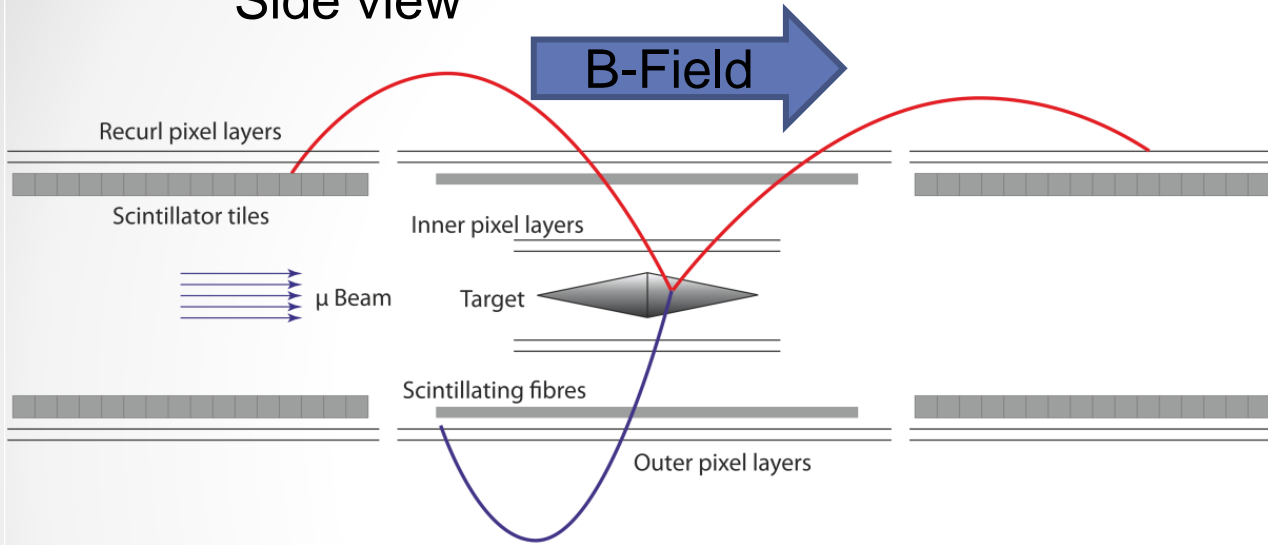
The Mu3e Experiment

Phase I

Sensitivity of $B(\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+) \sim 10^{-16}$

Side view

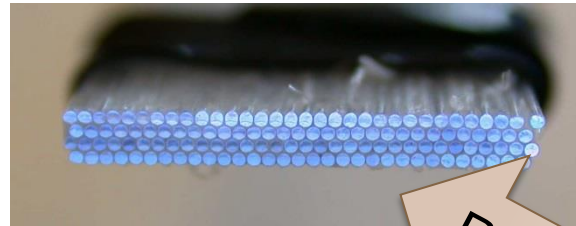
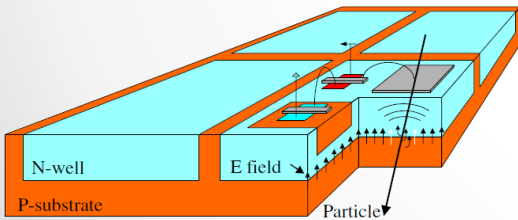
View in beam direction



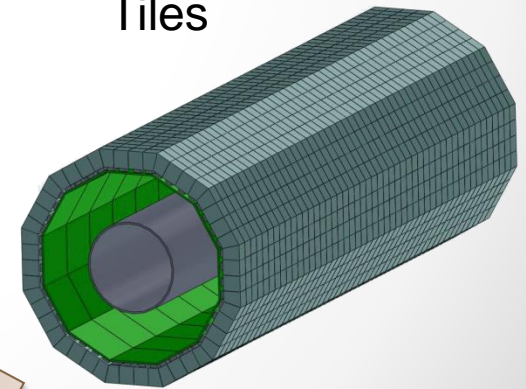
Silicon pixel (HV-MAPS)

Fibres

Tiles



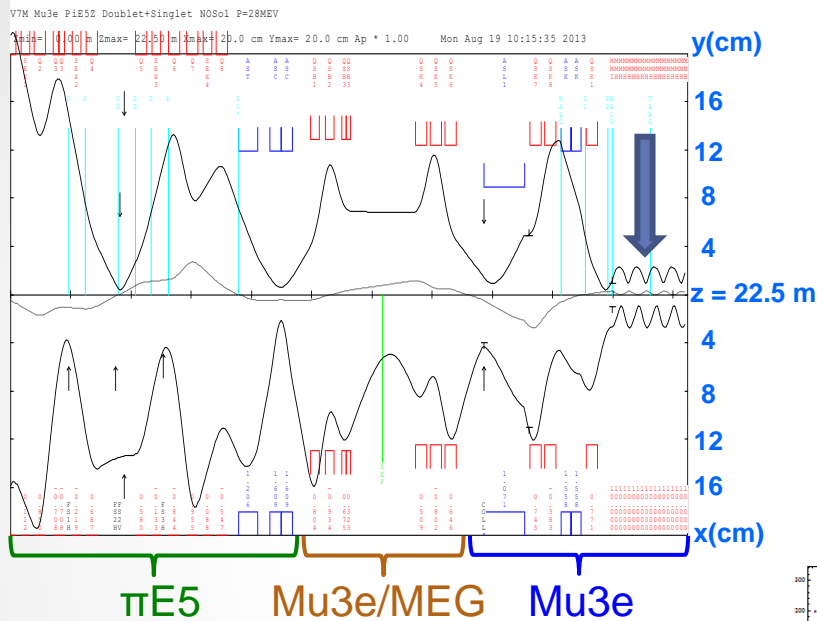
R. Gredig



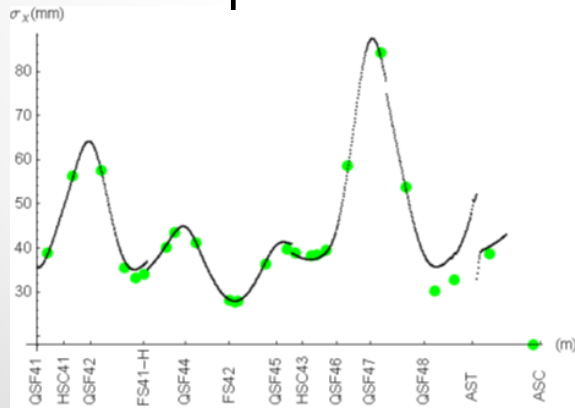
Readout S. Corrodi

Compact Beam Line

TRANSPORT

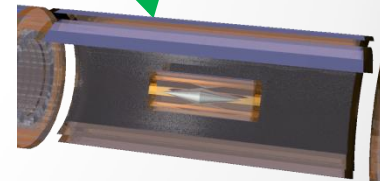
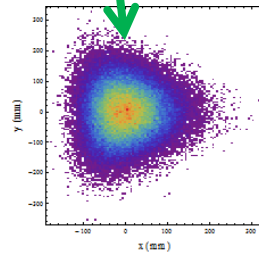
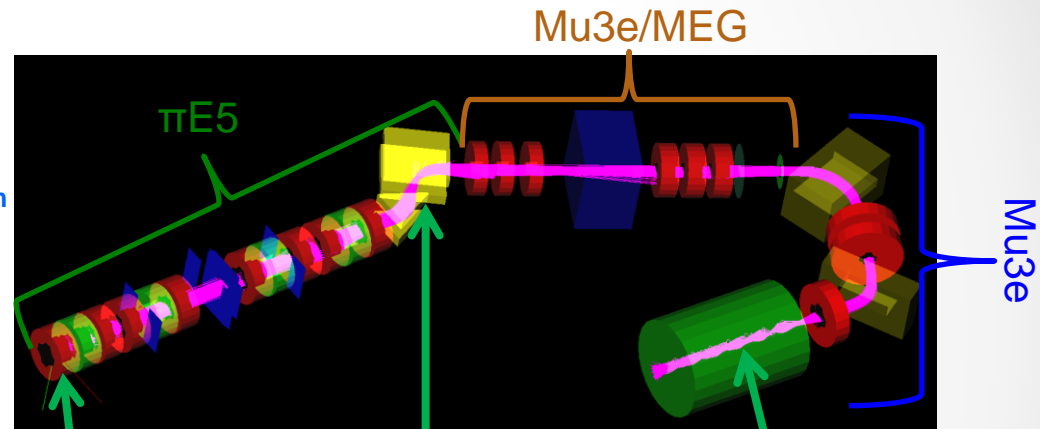


Comparison



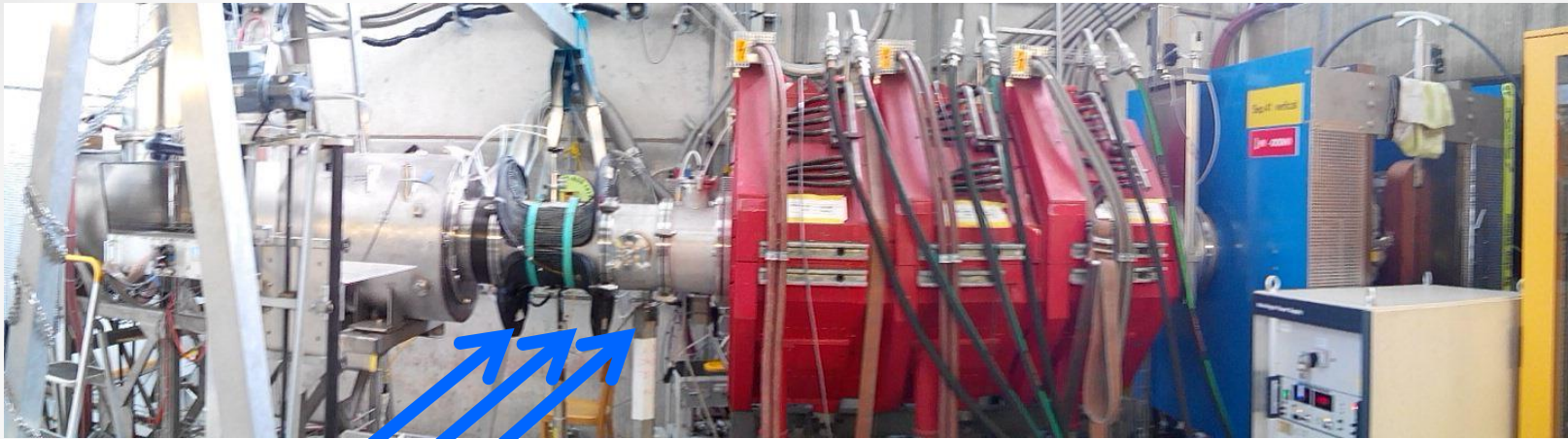
G4Beamline

Transmission to solenoid: > 70%



- Beam from 1st QP in PiE5 (matrix code)
- Limited space for optical elements
- Double bending required
- Fringe field overlap

Compact Beam Line – Short Version

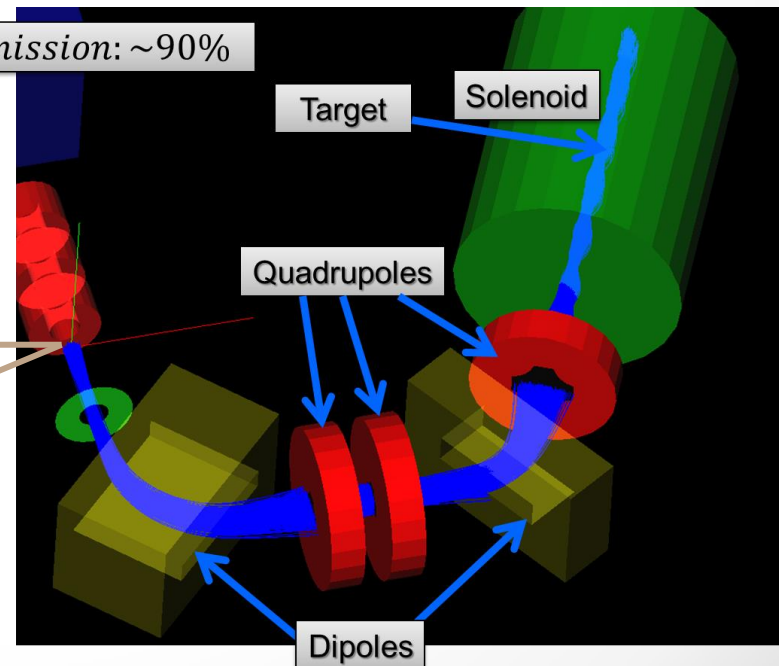


Profile measurements
→ phase space
→ Generate new beam

$$\approx 10^8 \mu^+ / s$$

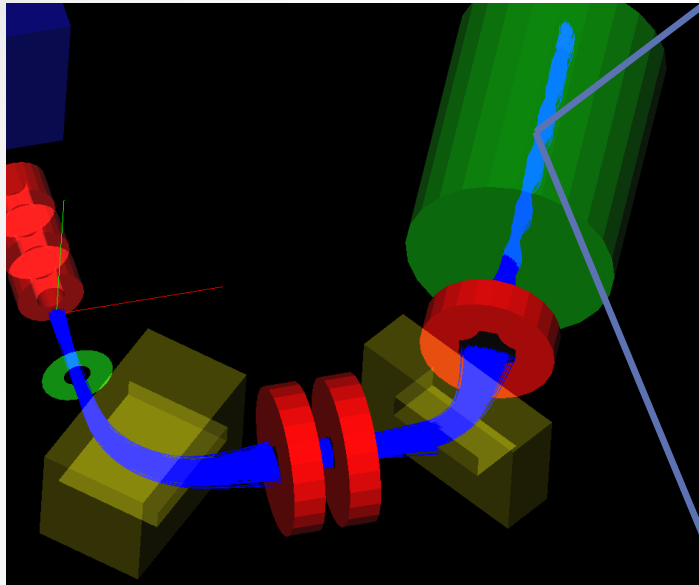
Simulation based on measurements
@ intermediate focus

Transmission: ~90%

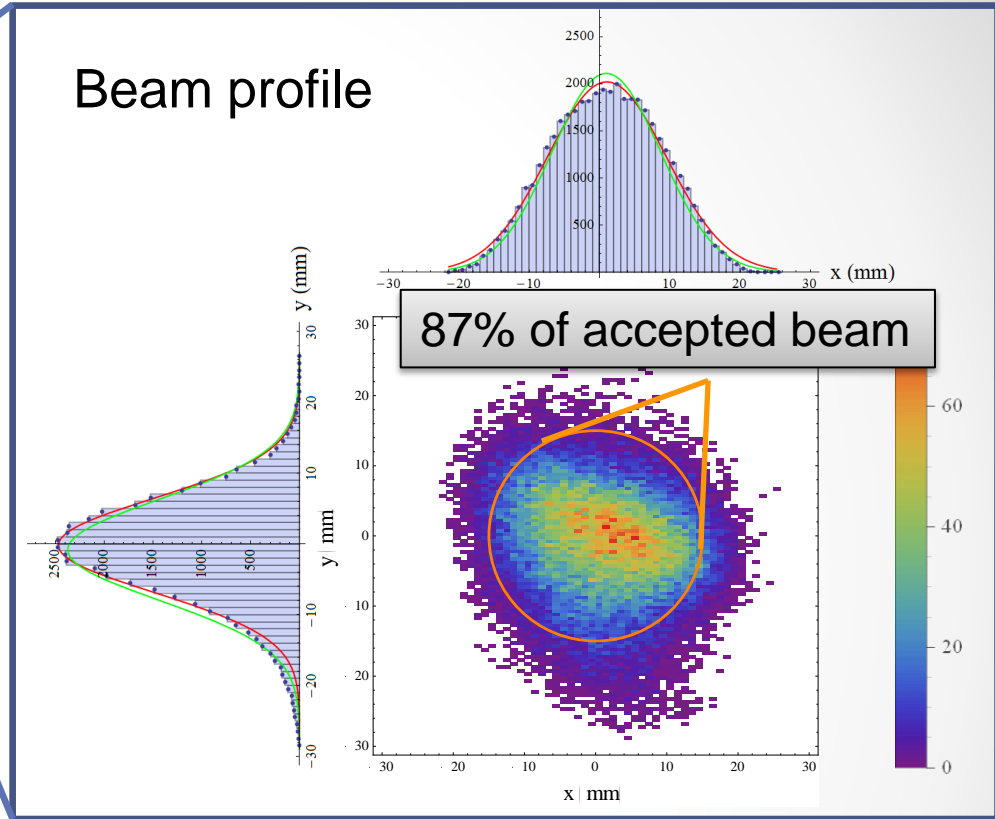
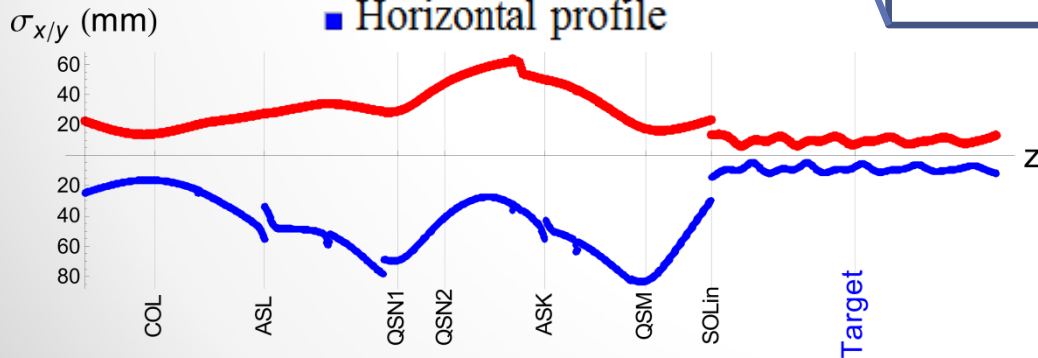


[G4Beamline T. Roberts]

Compact Beam Line – Short Version



■ Vertical Profile
■ Horizontal profile

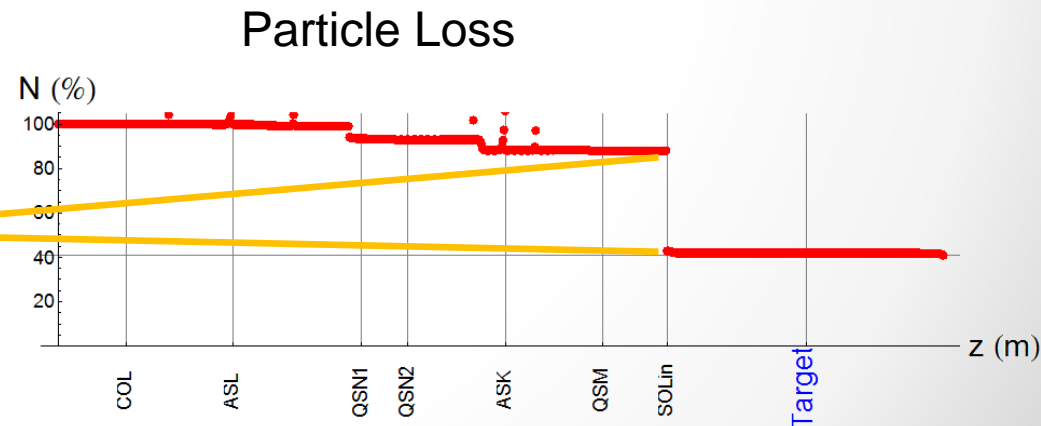
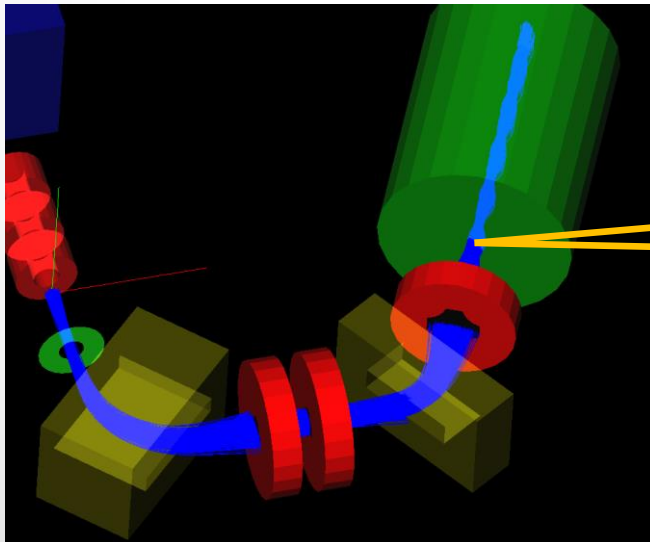


- ~90% transmission to solenoid
- Main losses governed by beam pipe & target size
→ see next slide

Compact Beam Line – Short Version

	Transmission (solenoid entrance)	On target r = 15 (beam pipe $\varnothing=60$)	On target r = 15 / 10 (without beam pipe)
Full version	70 % (1 st QP PiE5)	-	-
Short version	88 % (intermediate focus)	37 %	52 %

- Can achieve ~ 90 % transmission ($\sim 10^8 \mu^+ / s$) to solenoid
- Initial experimental phase requires compact inner Si detectors
 → means target $\varnothing \lesssim 30$ mm & small diameter beam tube
- Allows max. target acceptance of ~ 37 %



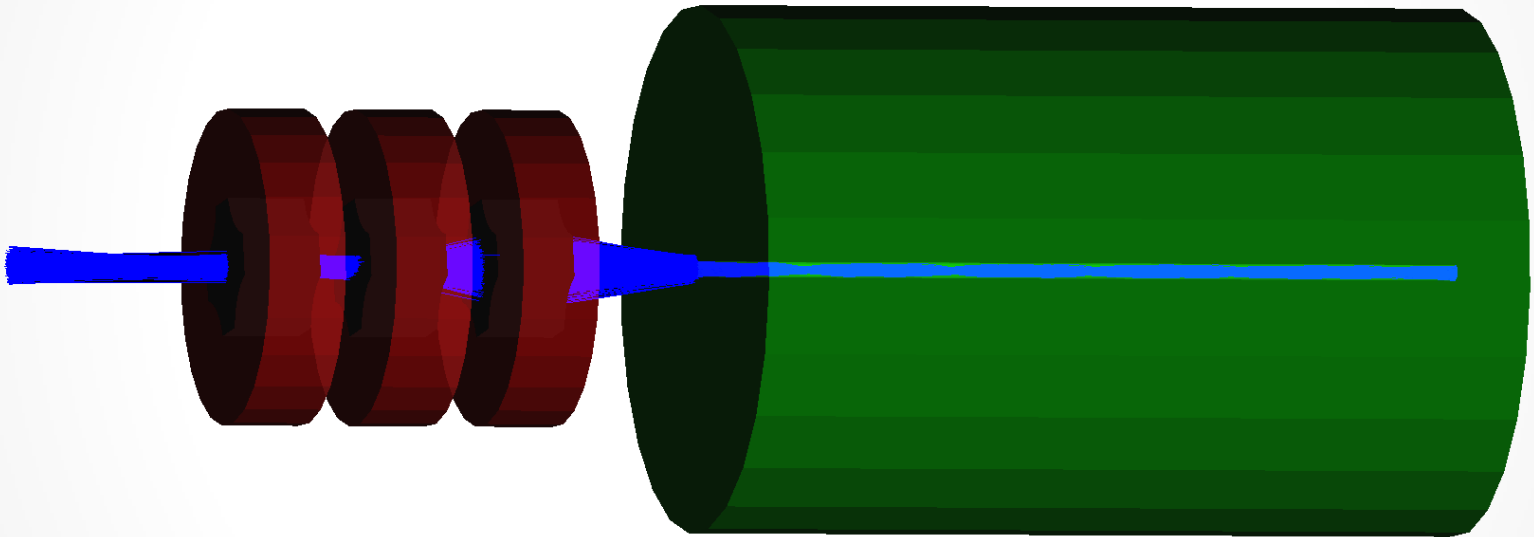
Conclusion

- **Mu3e experiment will push forward search for physics BSM with an aimed sensitivity reach of $\mathcal{O}(10^{-16})$**
- **Staged approach to experiment:**
 - **phase I → Compact Beamline**
 - **phase II → High Intensity Muon Beamline**
- **Simulation Tools TRANSPORT, TURTLE, G4BL validated**
- **Baseline solution for Beamline layout matching spatial constraints achieved**
- **Order 10^8 μ^+ /s transmission to solenoid**
- **Current experimental setup → 37 % target acceptance @ 100 % stopping efficiency**
- **Beamline test setup without solenoid end 2014**

Additional Slides – max. Acceptance

Simple straight beamline allows to estimate max target acceptance

Optimize on target



→ 57 % on target @ 68 % acceptance is the optimum

Additional Slides - Optimization

