



FER MELCOR Activities

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University of Zagreb, Croatia

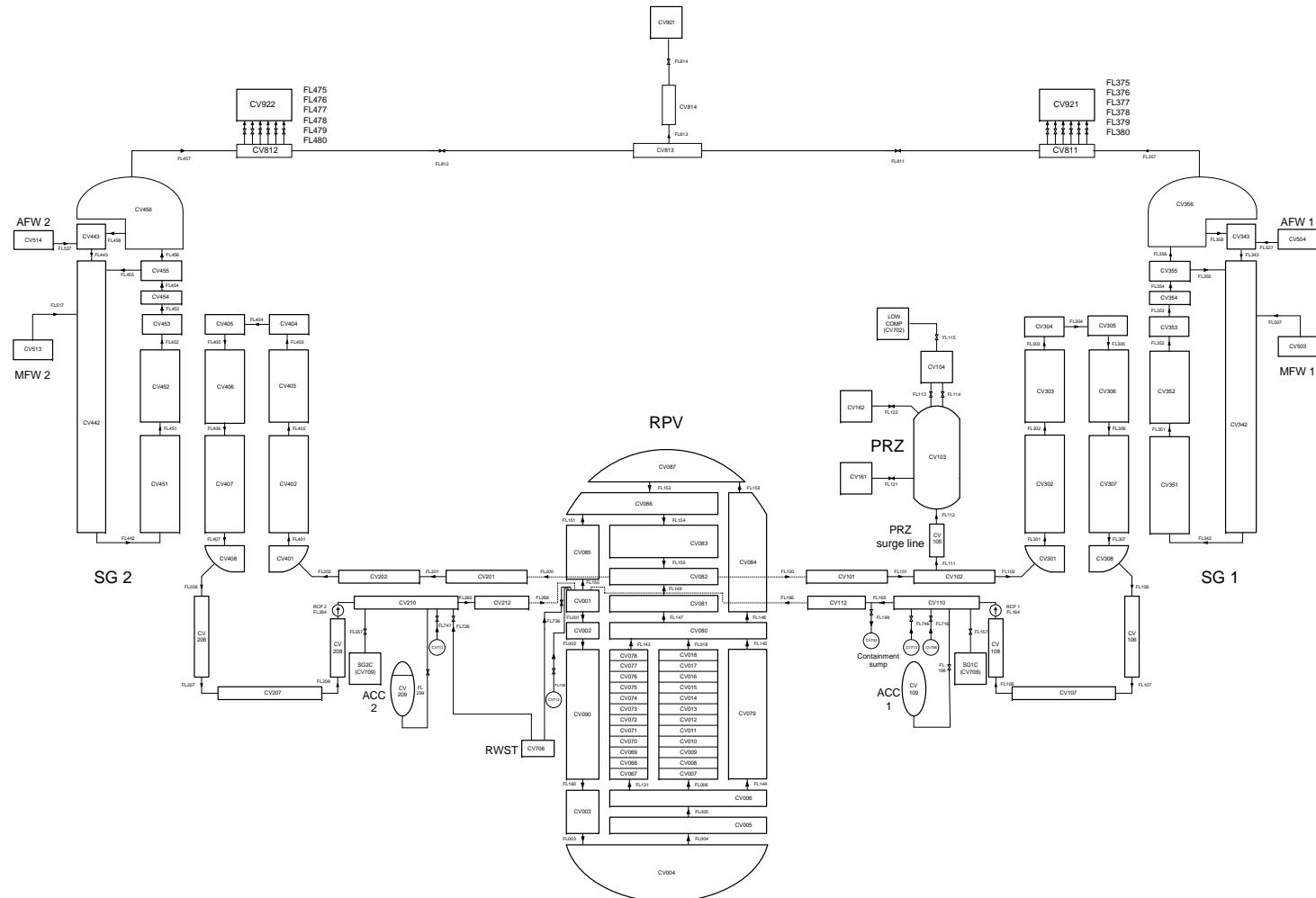
FER MELCOR Activities

- Development of NPP Krško input deck for MELCOR 1.8.6 and MELCOR 2.2 code
- Validation of NEK MELCOR 1.8.6 and MELCOR 2.2 input deck
- Modelling of Engineering Safety Features available for non-severe accident conditions and planned mitigation actions
- Verification of MELCOR input deck by comparison of non-severe accident sequences with RELAP5/MOD 3.3 code.
- Equipment survivability use

Content:

- NPP Krško nodalization for MELCOR 1.8.6 and MELCOR 2.2
- Verification of MELCOR input deck by comparison of 3 inch cold leg LOCA with RELAP5/MOD 3.3 code
- MELCOR 1.8.6 and MELCOR 2.2 analysis of SBO.
- Verification of containment model with Gothic
- Source term preparation
- Different ES applications

MELCOR nodalization scheme for NPP Krško



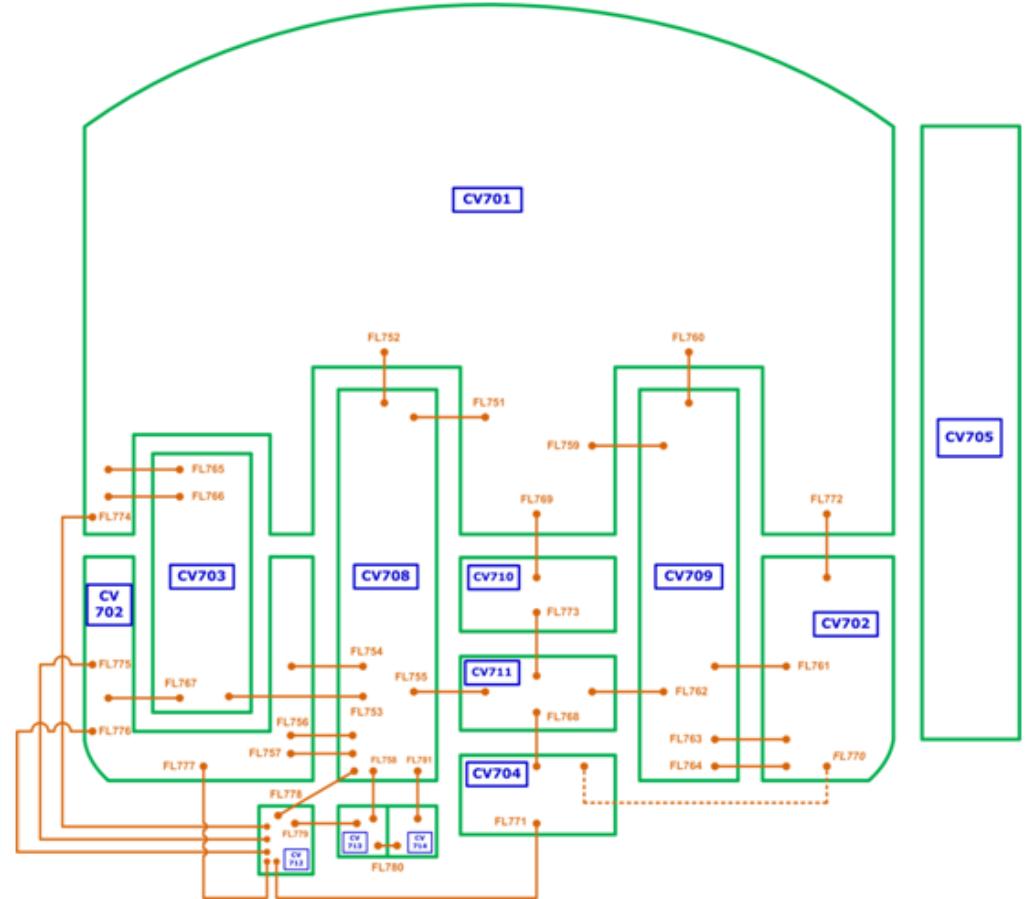
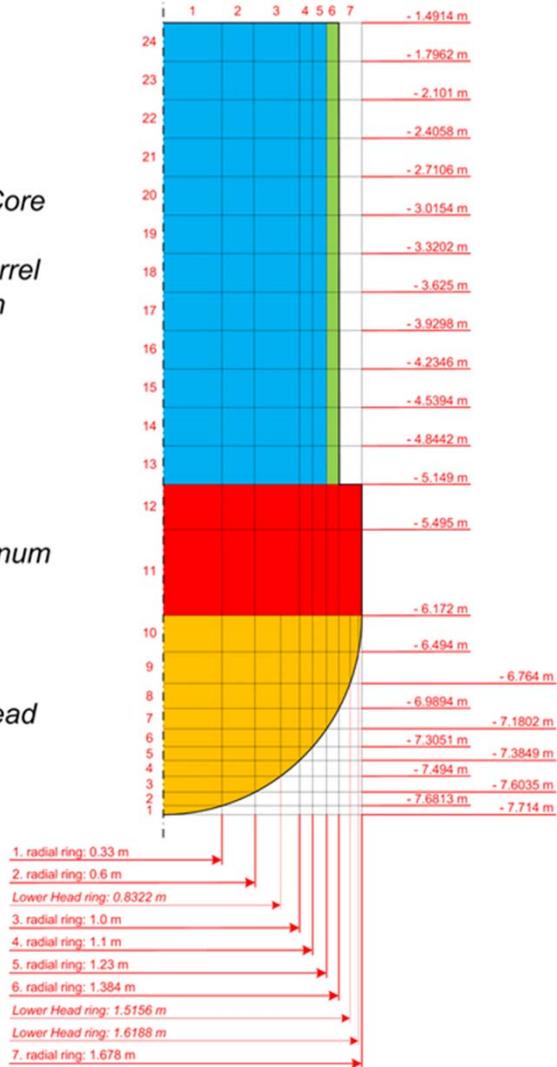
The core and lower plenum in COR package

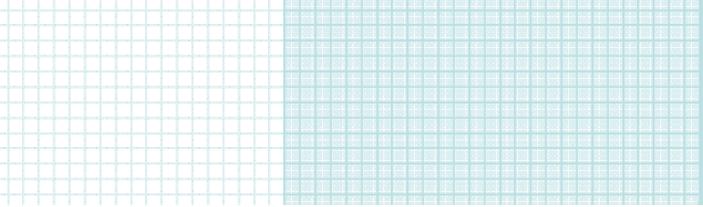
NEK containment nodalization

Reactor Core
+
Baffle-Barrel
Region

Lower Plenum

Lower Head





NPP Krško 3 inch Cold Break LOCA Calculation using RELAP5/MOD 3.3 and MELCOR 1.8.6 Codes

The 10th Meeting of the „European MELCOR User Group”, Zagreb, Croatia, 25–27 April, 2018

Transient Description and Boundary Conditions

- Postulated accident is a 3 inch Loss of Coolant Accident (LOCA) in cold leg 1 (loop with pressurizer).
- Reactor trip from 100% power is actuated on low pressurizer pressure or high containment pressure signal.
- Trip of both RC pumps is actuated on reactor trip.
- Closure of main steam isolation valves and isolation of main feedwater are initiated on reactor trip.
- Emergency core cooling system is available (5 seconds delay for safety injection).
- Auxiliary feedwater system is available (60 seconds delay)
- Containment fan coolers and containment spray are available in MELCOR.

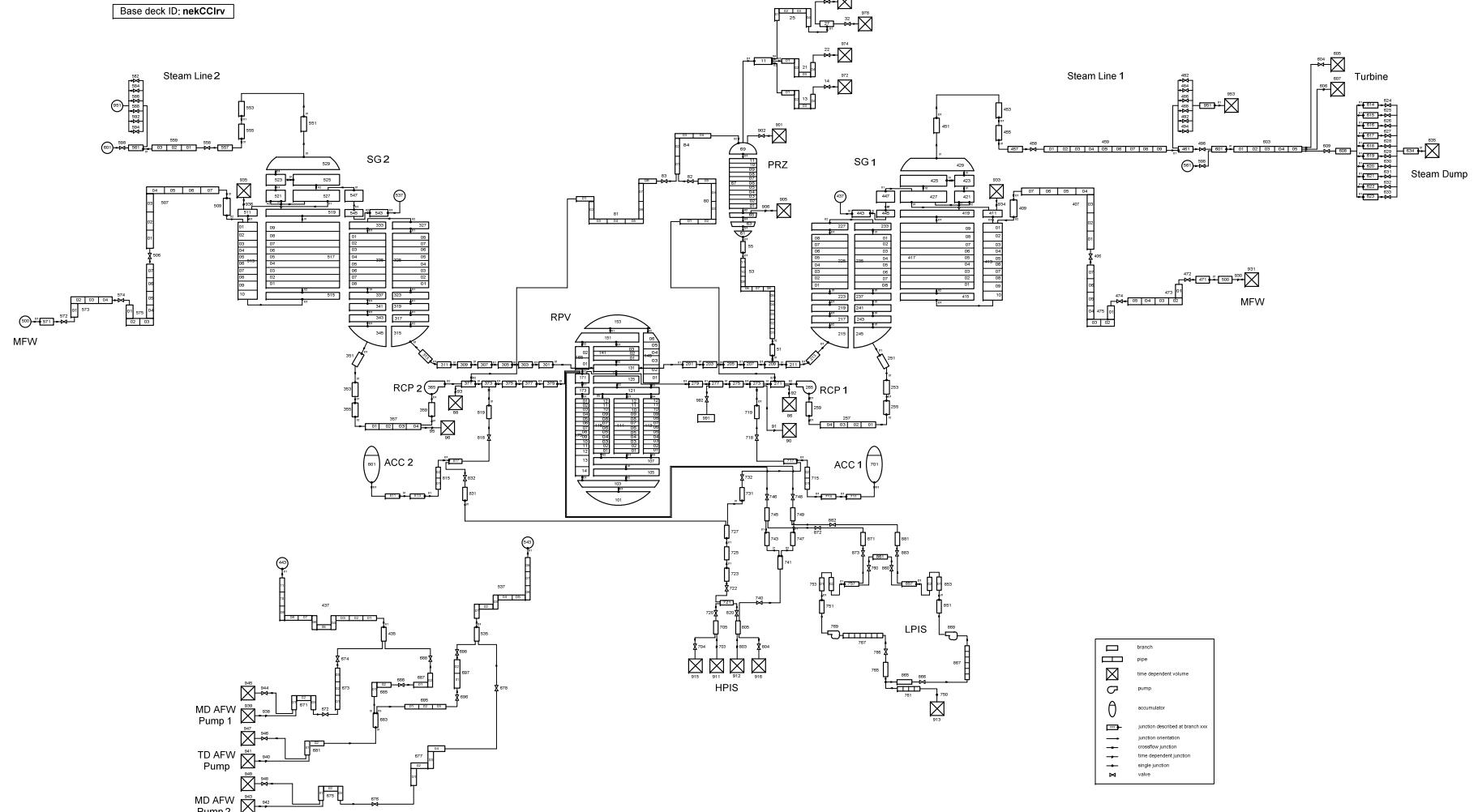
Parameters of RELAP5/mod 3.3 nodalization

PARAMETER	VALUE
1. NUMBER OF NODES	
- primary side	300
- secondary side	206
- total	506
2. NUMBER OF JUNCTIONS	
- primary side	313
- secondary side	230
- total	543
3. NUMBER OF HEAT STRUCTURES	
- primary side	245
- secondary side	138
- total	383
4. OVERALL NUMBER OF MESH POINTS	2127
5. NUMBER OF CORE ACTIVE STRUCTURES	12
6. HEAT TRANSFER AREA (m ²)	
- core region	3103.9
- steam generator U-tubes	7343.0
7. NUMBER OF MESH POINTS	
- core slabs	16
- steam generator slabs	10
8. NUMBER OF CONTROL VARIABLES	732
9. NUMBER OF TRIPS	
- variable	197
- logical	221
- total	418
10. OVERALL PRIMARY SIDE VOLUME (m ³)	195.3

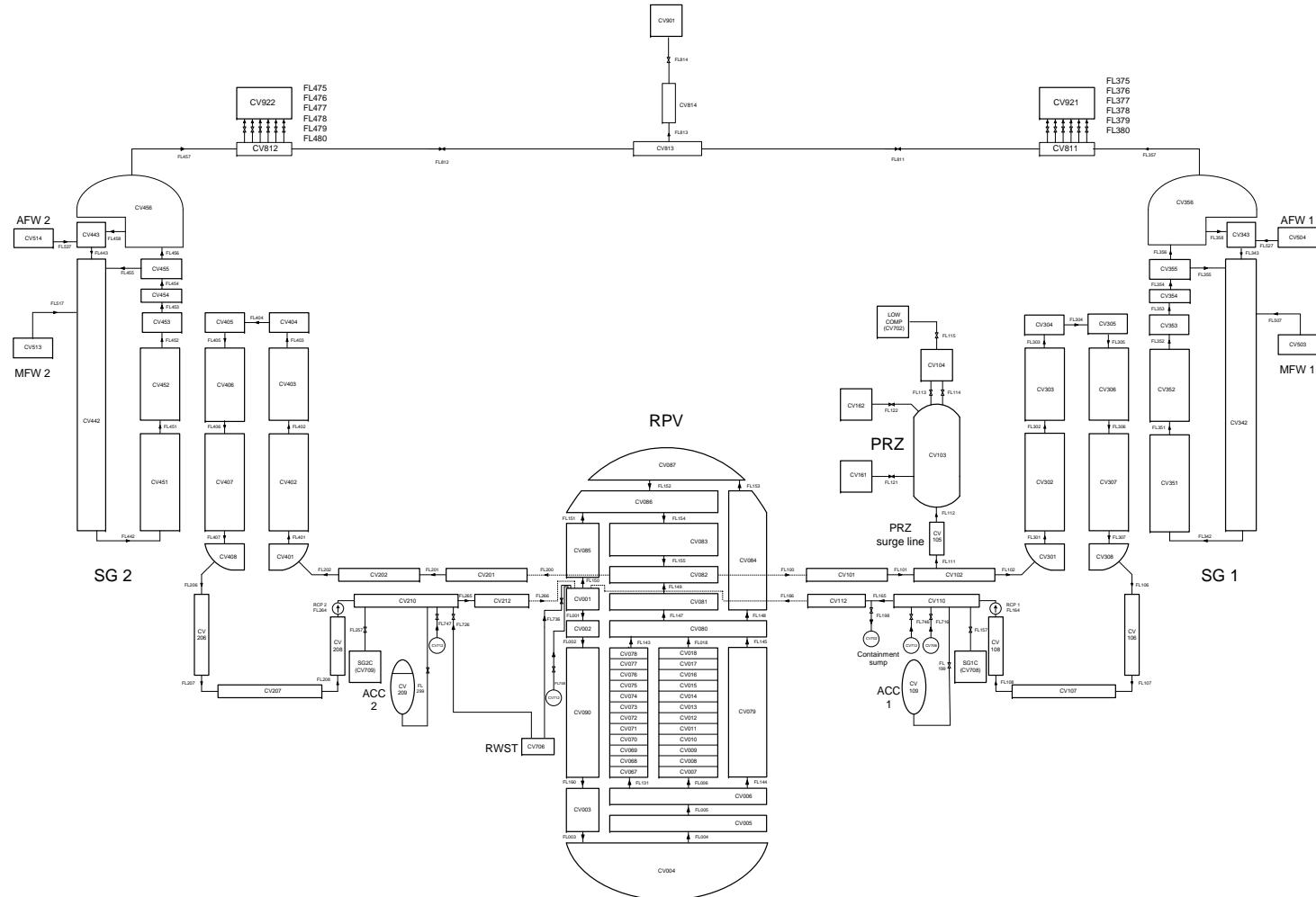
Parameters of MELCOR 1.8.6 nodalization

PARAMETER	VALUE
1. NUMBER OF VOLUMES	
- primary side	69
- secondary side	30
- containment	24
- total	123
2. NUMBER OF FLOW PATHS	
- primary side	93
- secondary side	38
- containment	43
- total	174
3. NUMBER OF HEAT STRUCTURES	
- reactor vessel	34
- primary side and SG U-tubes	46
- containment	20
- total	100
4. OVERALL NUMBER OF MESH POINTS	731
5. NUMBER OF CORE ACTIVE STRUCTURES	27
6. NUMBER OF MESH POINTS IN SG HEAT SLABS	12
7. NUMBER OF CONTROL FUNCTIONS	
- real valued	189
- logical	91
- total	280
7. NUMBER OF TABULAR FUNCTIONS	47

RELAP5/mod 3.3 nodalization scheme for NPP Krško



MELCOR 1.8.6 nodalization scheme for NPP Krško



Parameter	Unit	NEK cycle 28 reference	RELAP5 (1000 s)	MELCOR (1000 s)
1. Pressure	MPa			
Pressurizer		15.513	15.513	15.517
Steam generator		6.281	6.275/6.286	6.19/6.16
Accumulator		4.93	4.93	4.93
2. Fluid Temperature	K			
Cold leg		558.75	559.49/559.25	559.36/559.16
Hot leg		597.55	596.82/596.82	596.94/596.94
Accumulator		322.0	322.0	322.0
Feedwater		492.6	492.7	492.6
3. Mass Flow	kg/s			
Core		8899.7	8925.3	8876.5
cold leg		4697.4	4711.7/4710.7	4683.8 /4686.2
main feedwater		544.5	540.9/544.7	538.9/541.8
main steam line		544.5		538.9/541.8
DC-UP bypass (0%)		0.0	0.0	0.0
DC-UH bypass (0.346%)		32.5 (0.346%)	35.0 (0.371%)	32.38 (0.346%)
Bubble-barrel flow (1.0939%)		102.8 (1.094%)	103.1 (1.094%)	102.49 (1.094%)
RCCA guide tubes (3.32%)		311.9 (3.32%)	359.2 (3.812%)	358.5 (3.826%)
Core cavity (0.5067%)		47.6	-	-
4. Liquid level	%			
Pressurizer		55.7	55.8	55.8
Steam generator narrow range		69.3	69.3/69.3	69.3/69.4
5. Fluid Mass	t			
Primary system		-	131.3	131.8
Steam generator (secondary)		47.0	49.1/48.9	48.08/48.07
6. Power	MW			
Core		1994.0	1994.0	1994.0
Steam generator		1000.0	995.9/1003.0	997.1/1002.6

Results of steady state calculation

Transient results

Accident starts with the opening of the valve simulating 3 inch break in cold leg 1 (volume 110 in MELCOR, volume 275 in RELAP5)

Following the break opening RCS rapidly depressurizes. Reactor trip is initiated on low pressurizer pressure signal. Following actions are actuated on reactor trip: turbine trip, main steam isolation valve closure, main feedwater isolation, RC pump trip.

- Safety injection signal is actuated on low-2 pressurizer pressure signal; SI pumps are enabled with 5 seconds delay. Accumulator injection starts when RCS pressure drops below 4.93 MPa.
- Auxiliary feedwater is actuated on main feedwater isolation (60 seconds delay)
- At transient begin SG PORV open for a short time following turbine trip.
- The heat produced in the core is primarily removed through the break, although in the first phase of the transient heat is also removed by steam generators thus coupling the primary and secondary pressure. Along with RCS inventory depletion the heat transfer in steam generators stops and the primary pressure continues to decrease and decouples from secondary side.
- Core dry-out occurs for a short period (260-500 s) in MELCOR but fuel cladding oxidation did not occur.

3 inch cold leg 1 LOCA – Time table of events

Event	RELAP5/mod 3.3	MELCOR 1.8.6
Transient begin	0.0	0.0
Reactor trip, RC pumps trip	12.8 s (on low PRZ pressure)	14.5 s (on low PRZ pressure)
Turbine trip, MSIV isolation, Main feedwater isolation	12.8 s (on reactor trip signal)	14.5 s (on reactor trip signal)
Safety injection signal	17.4 s (on low-2 PRZ pressure)	18.8 s (on low-2 PRZ pressure)
Safety injection enabled	22.4 s (5 seconds delay)	23.8 s (5 seconds delay)
RWST empty	-	5852
Safety injection-recirculation from sump	-	6152 (5 minutes delay)
Auxiliary feedwater injection enabled	72.8 (60 seconds delay)	74.5 (60 seconds delay)
Accumulator injection	650.0	690.0
Containment fan coolers enabled	-	88.1 (35 seconds delay)
Containment spray	-	-
PCT temperature	610 K (steady state value)	711 K

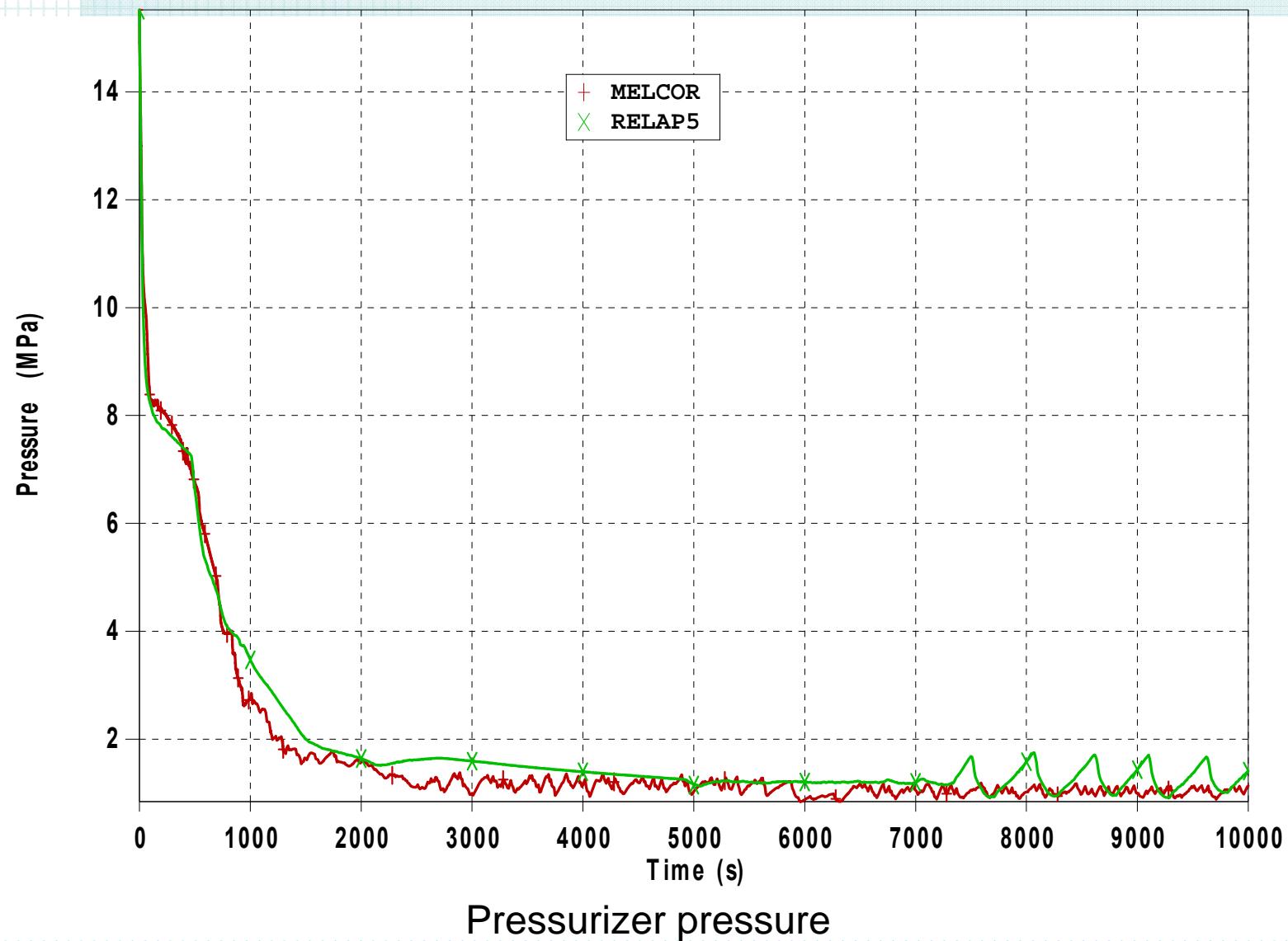
NEK 3 inch cold leg 1 LOCA



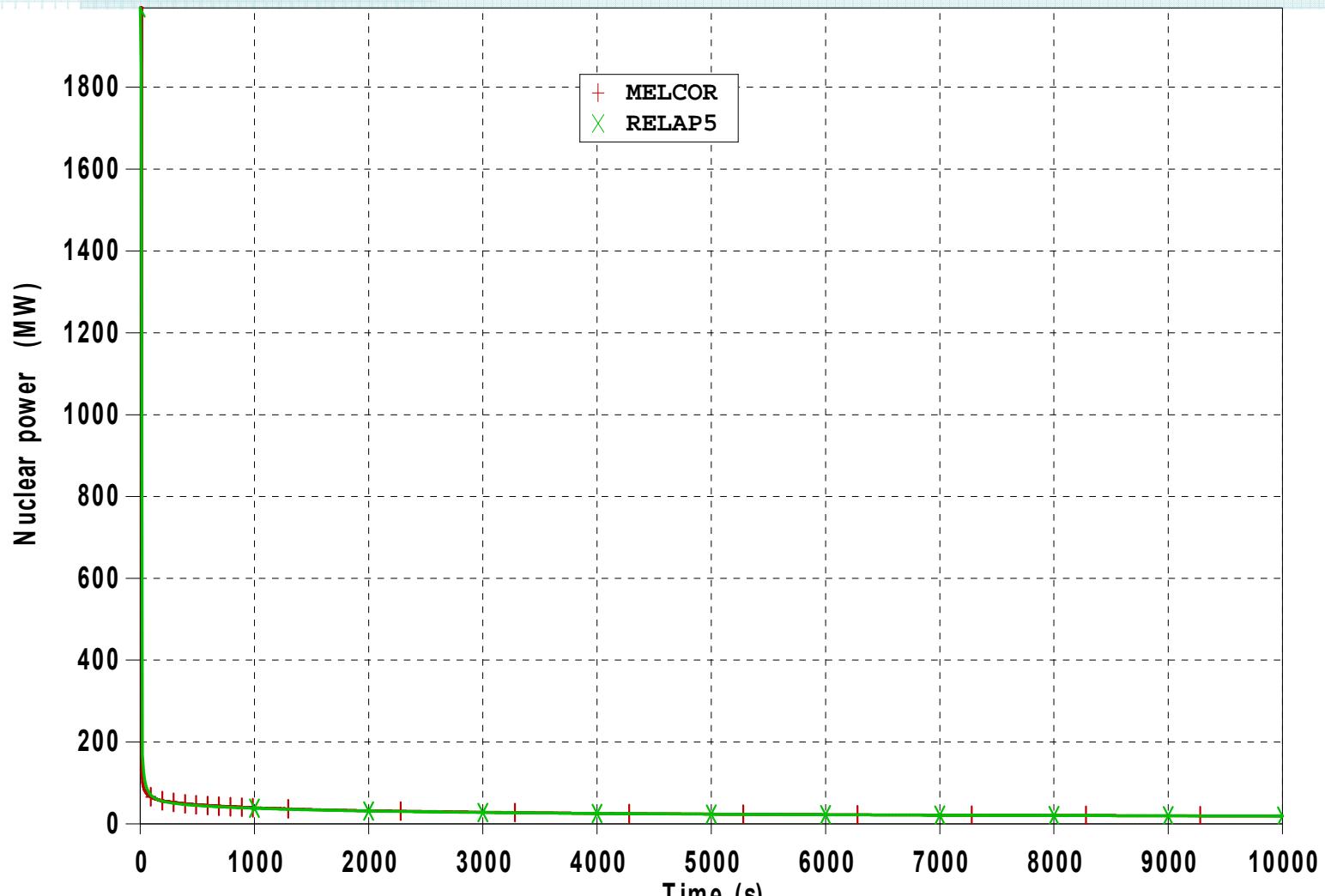
Break mass flow rate

15

NEK 3 inch cold leg 1 LOCA

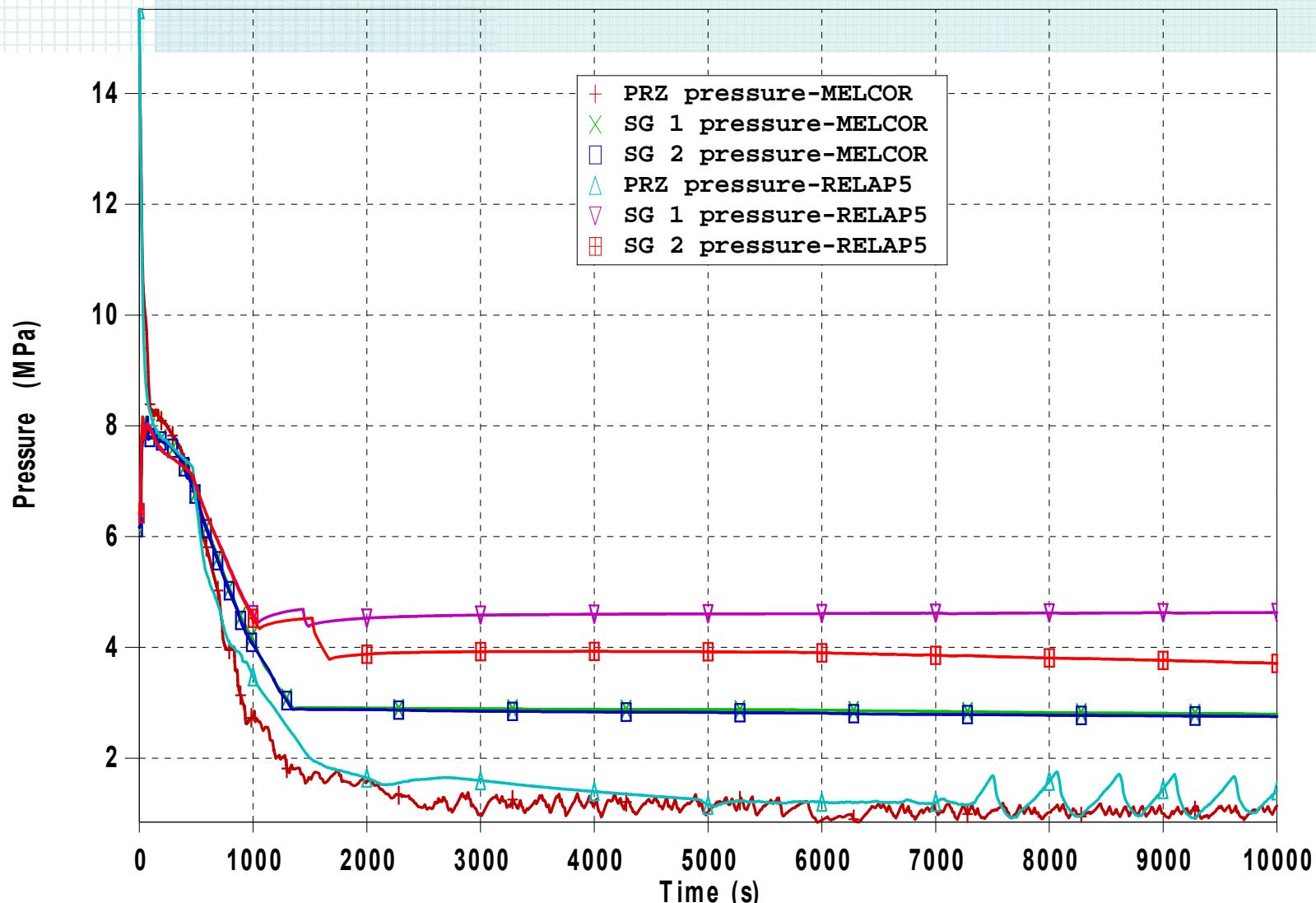


NEK 3 inch cold leg 1 LOCA



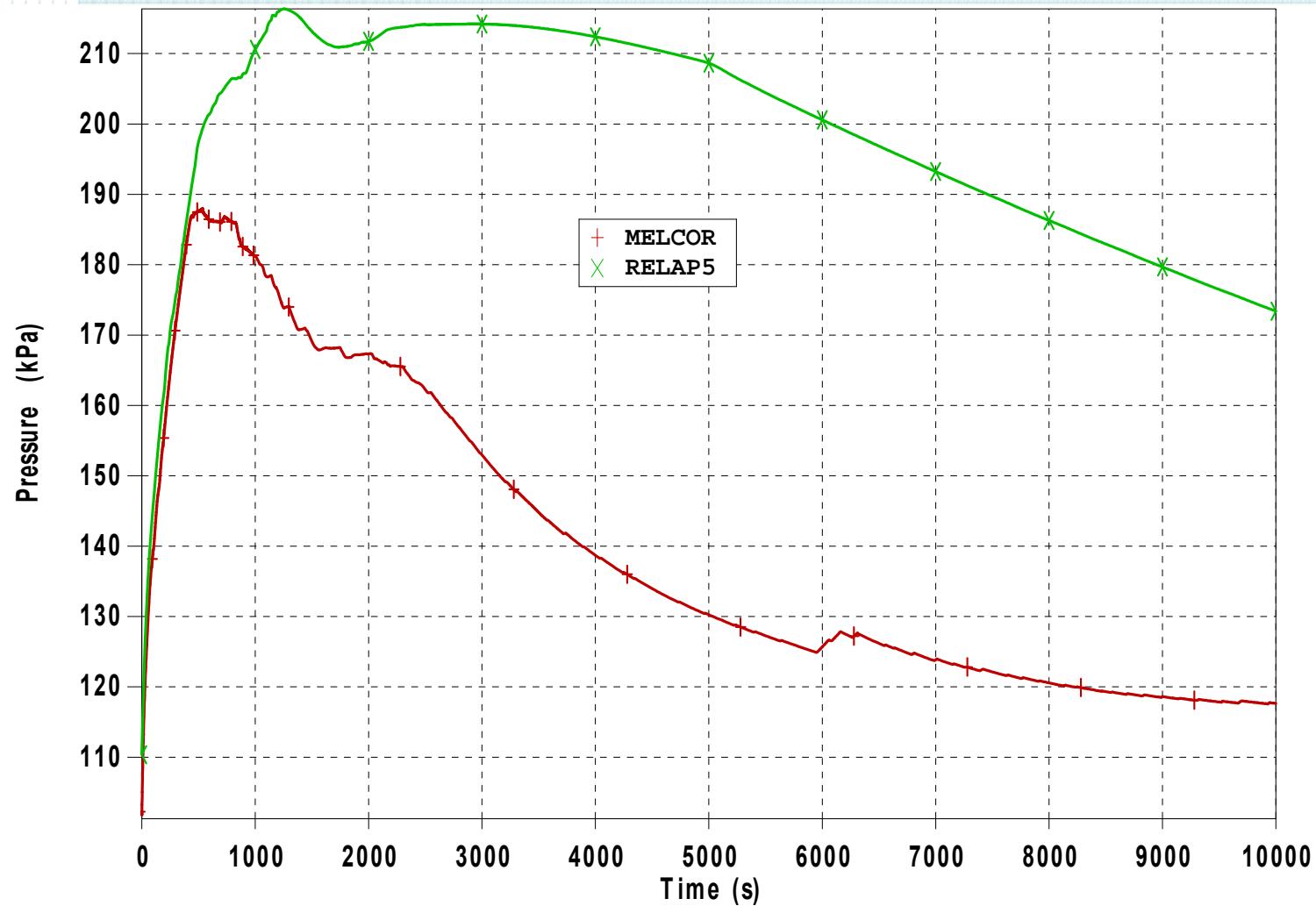
Nuclear power

NEK 3 inch cold leg 1 LOCA



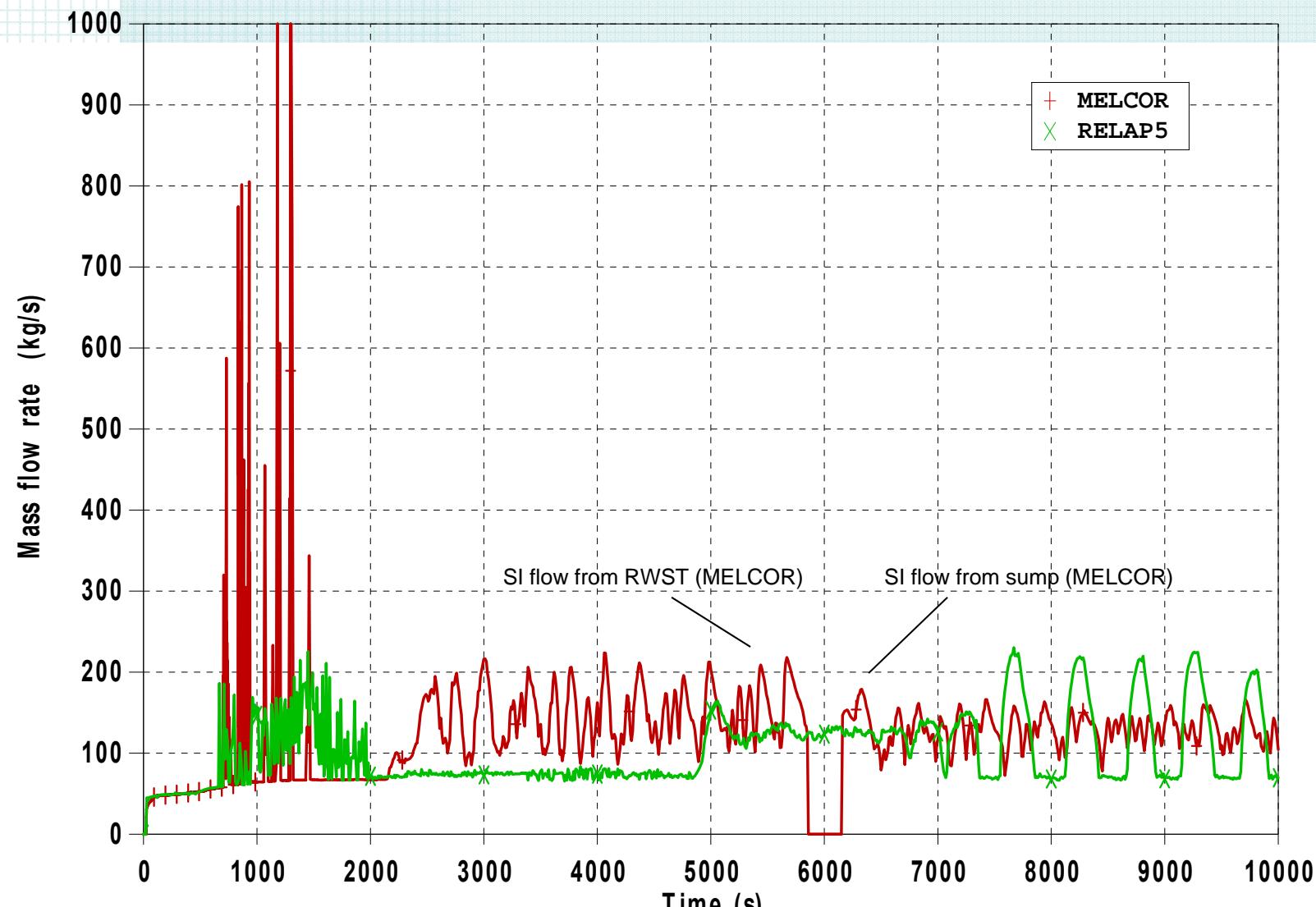
Pressurizer and SG pressure

NEK 3 inch cold leg 1 LOCA



Containment pressure

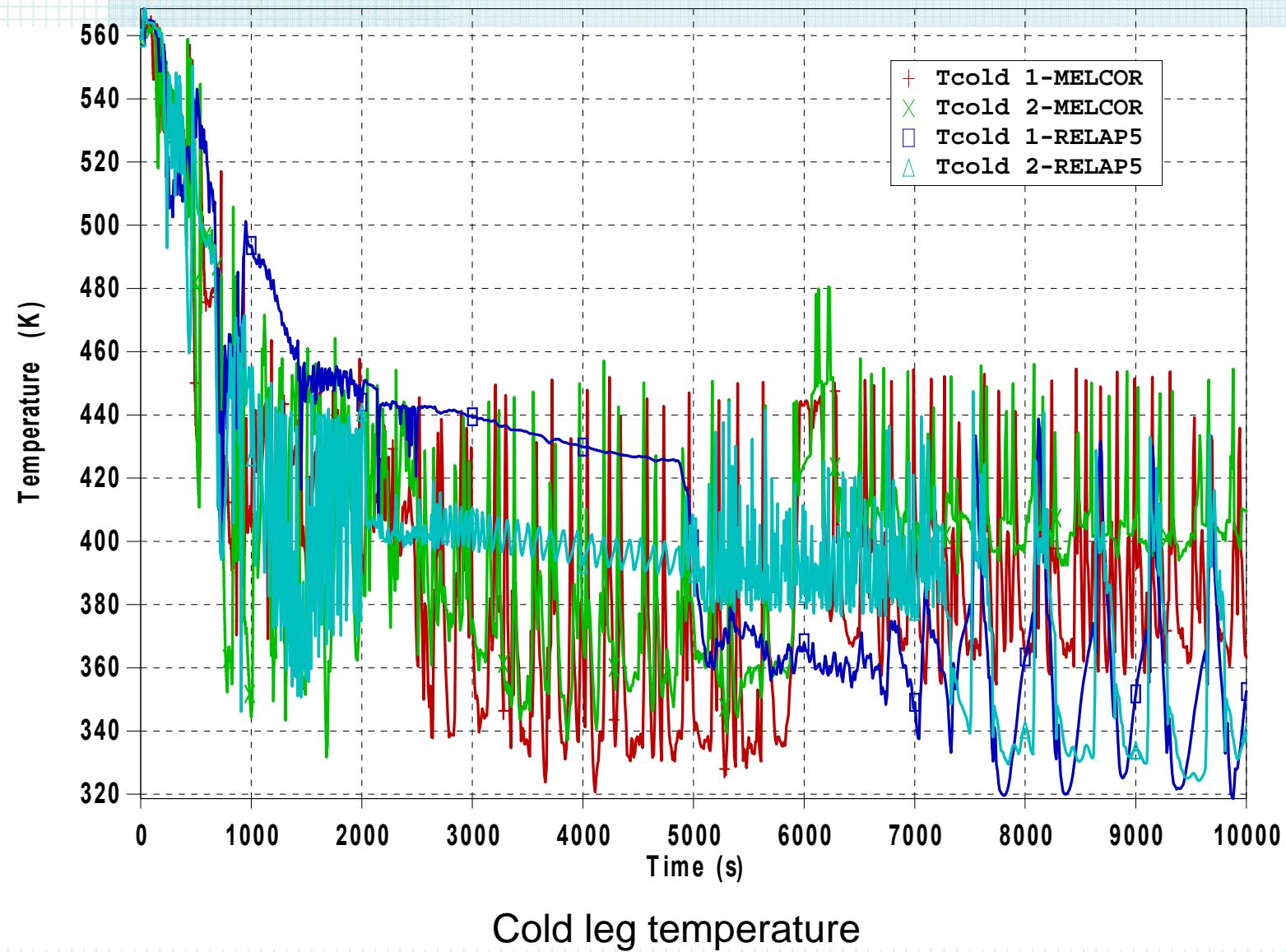
NEK 3 inch cold leg 1 LOCA



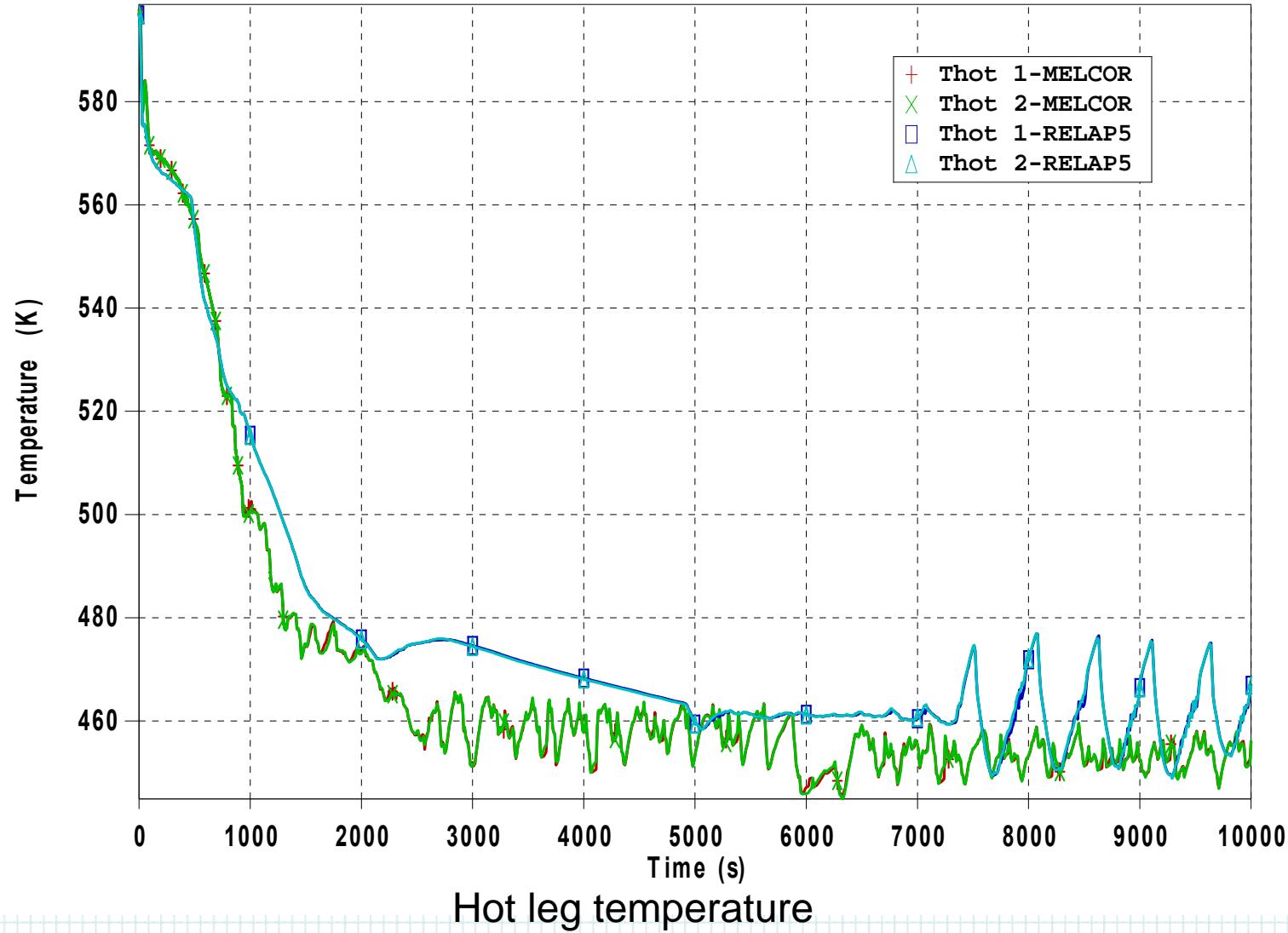
ECCS flow

20

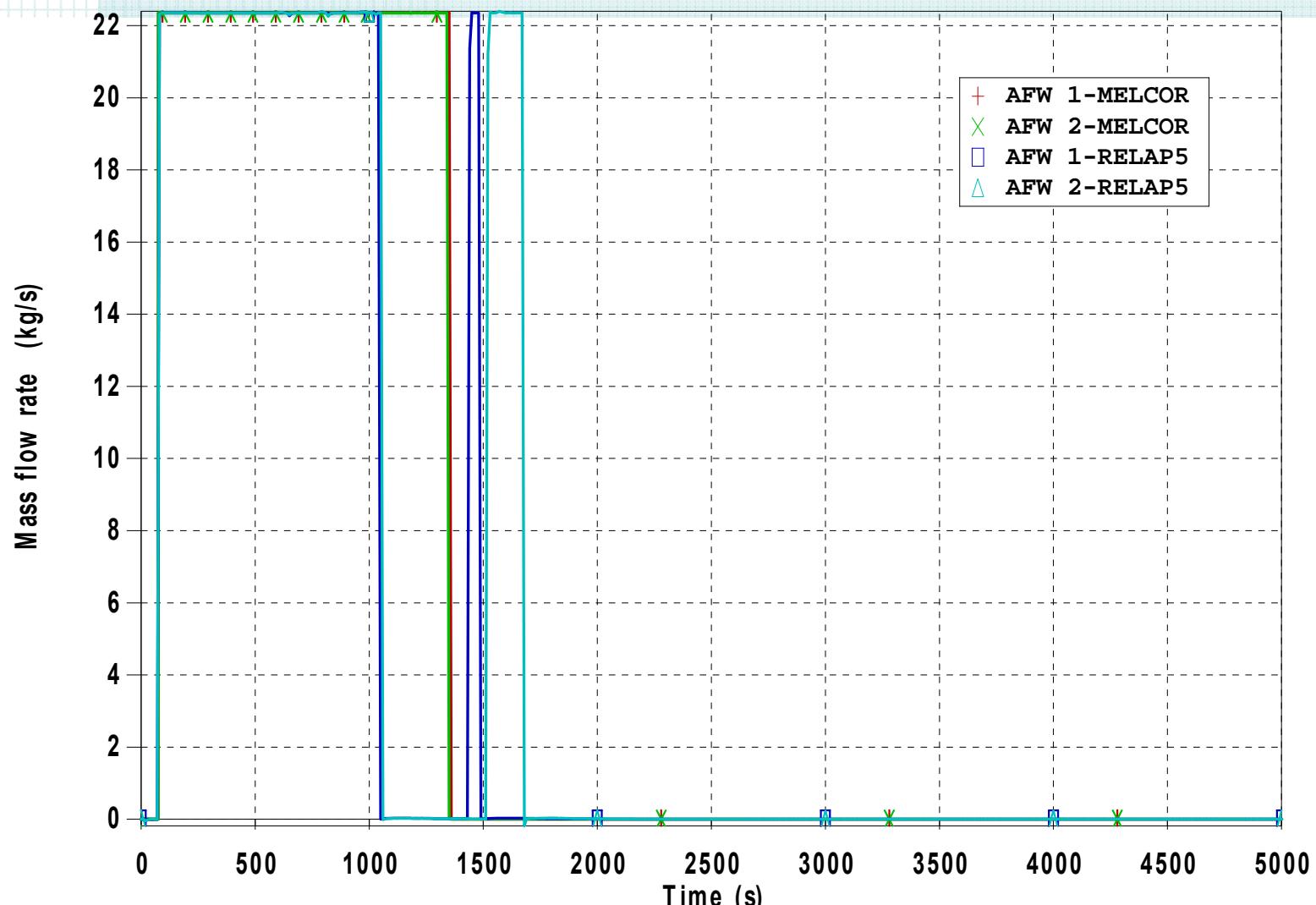
NEK 3 inch cold leg 1 LOCA



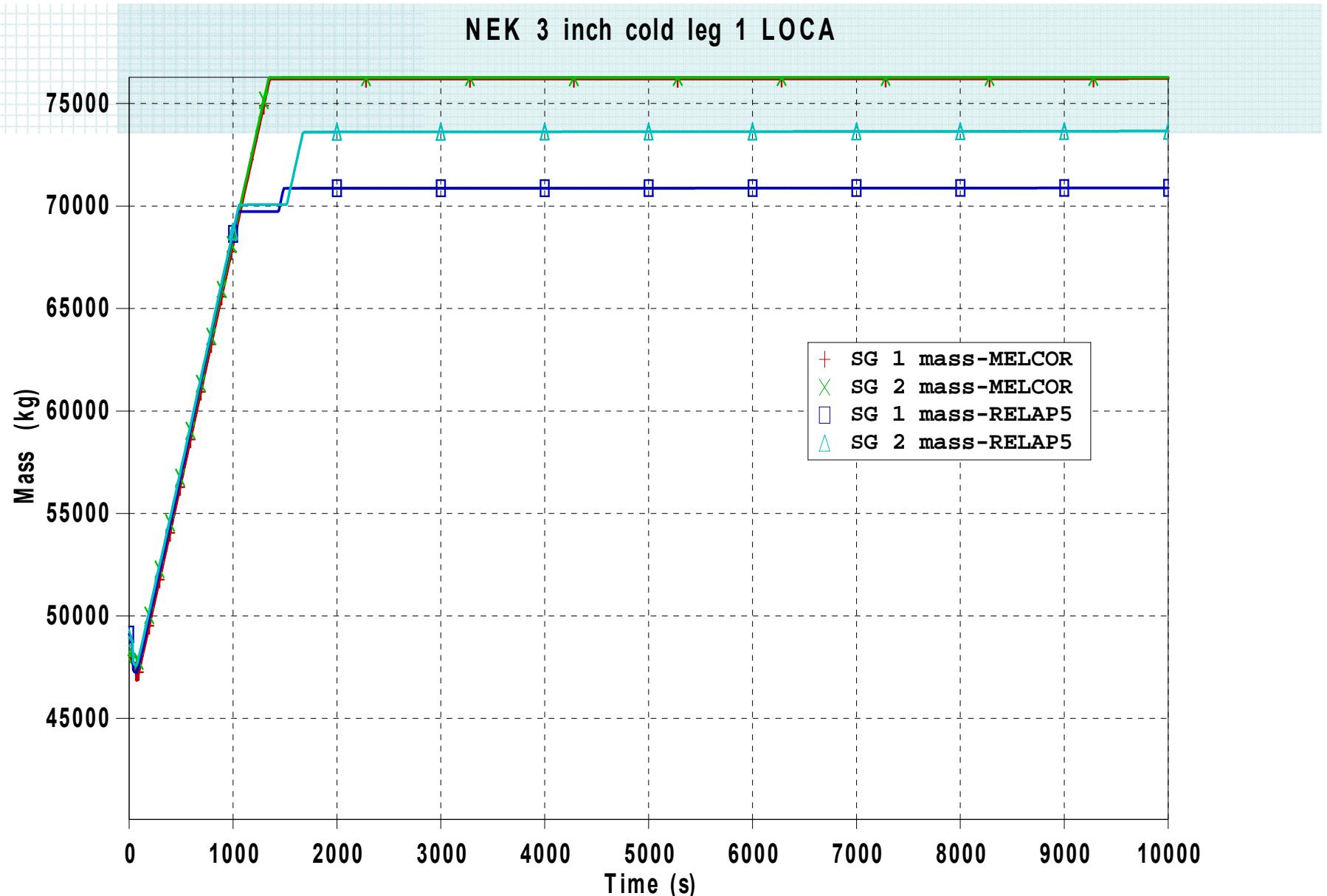
NEK 3 inch cold leg 1 LOCA



NEK 3 inch cold leg 1 LOCA



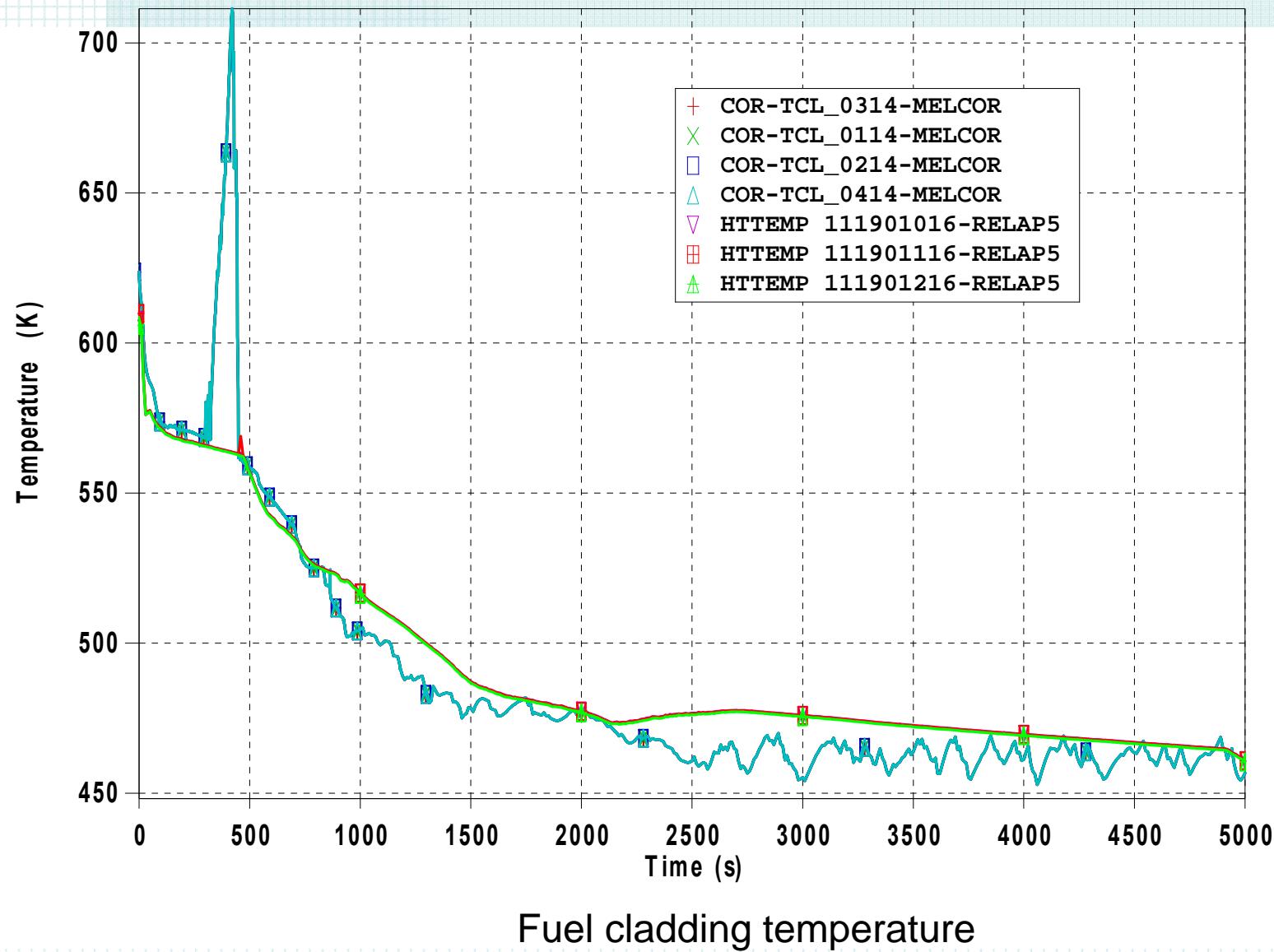
Auxiliary feedwater flow



SG mass

24

NEK 3 inch cold leg 1 LOCA



3 inch cold leg break LOCA, Conclusion

- In MELCOR calculation larger break flow than in RELAP5 was obtained. This difference is mainly due to different choked flow models. Containment back pressure is lower in MELCOR than in RELAP5 due to fan coolers operation but this has a small influence on break flow.
- In MELCOR, lower RCS pressure and larger safety injection flow (LPIS) than in RELAP5 was obtained. This has influenced RCS temperatures.
- After reactor trip different heat transfer conditions in steam generator for RELAP5 and MELCOR were obtained. In MELCOR heat transfer from secondary to primary side was larger than in RELAP5 thus resulting in lower secondary pressure. Pressure drop on secondary side was stopped first after terminating the auxiliary feedwater flow.
- In MELCOR, fuel cladding temperature has increased (max. temperature=711 K) in the first phase of the transient, but fuel cladding oxidation did not occur.



NPP Krško Station Blackout (SBO) Calculation using MELCOR 1.8.6 and MELCOR 2.2 Codes

Parameter	Unit	NEK cycle 28 reference	MELCOR 1.8.6 (1000 s)	MELCOR 2.2 (1000 s)
1. Pressure	MPa			
Pressurizer		15.513	15.517	15.517
Steam generator		6.281	6.19/6.16	6.19/6.16
2. Fluid Temperature	K			
Cold leg		558.75	559.36/559.16	559.36/559.16
Hot leg		597.55	596.94/596.94	596.94/596.94
Feedwater		492.6	492.6	492.6
3. Mass Flow	kg/s			
Core		8899.7	8876.5	8876.5
cold leg		4697.4	4683.8 /4686.2	4683.8 /4686.2
main feedwater		544.5	538.9/541.8	538.9/541.8
main steam line		544.5	538.9/541.8	538.9/541.8
DC-UP bypass (0%)		0.0	0.0	0.0
DC-UH bypass (0.346%)		32.5 (0.346%)	32.38 (0.346%)	32.39 (0.346%)
Baffle-barrel flow (1.0939%)		102.8 (1.094%)	102.49 (1.094%)	102.49 (1.094%)
RCCA guide tubes (3.32%)		311.9 (3.32%)	358.5 (3.826%)	358.6 (3.827%)
Core cavity (0.5067%)		47.6	-	-
4. Liquid level	%			
Pressurizer		55.7	55.8	55.8
Steam generator narrow range		69.3	69.3/69.4	69.3/69.4
5. Fluid Mass	t			
Primary system		-	131.8	131.8
Steam generator (secondary)		47.0	48.08/48.07	48.08/48.07
6. Power	MW			
Core		1994.0	1994.0	1994.0
Steam generator		1000.0	997.1/1002.6	997.1/1002.6

Results of steady state calculation

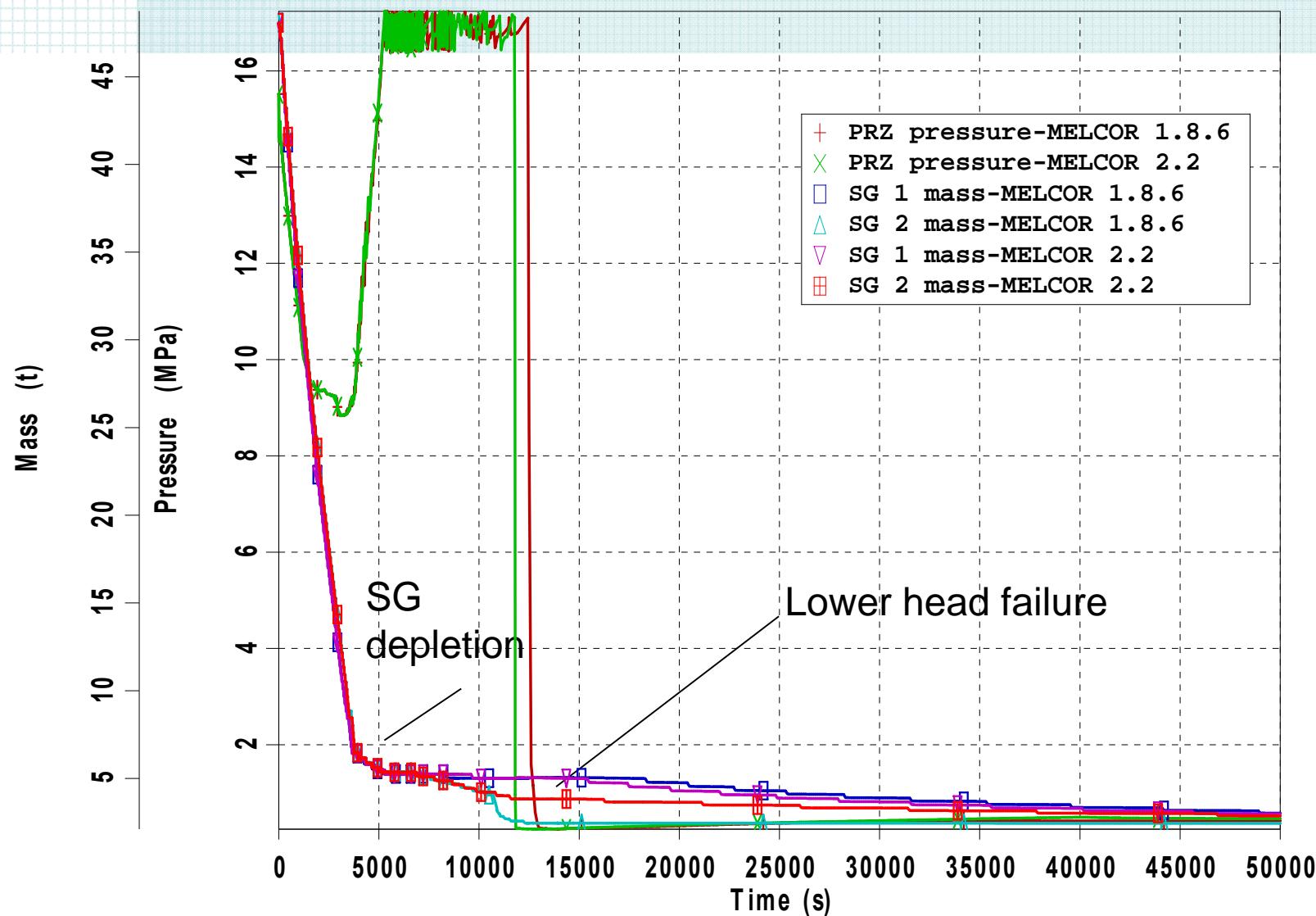
Transient Description

- Time=0: Reactor trip from 100% power, turbine trip, Main steam line isolation, Loss of main feedwater, RC pump trip, RC pump seal leakage
- Engineering Safety features (Auxiliary feedwater, Safety Injection, Containment fan coolers, Containment Spray) are not available.
- Only passive components are available: Accumulators, Passive Autocatalytic Recombiners and Passive Containment Filtered Vent System.
- SG safety valves and pressurizer safety valves are available.
- Accumulators will inject its content into RCS after RCS pressure drop (either RPV failure or creep failure – hot leg, PRZ surge line or SG tube)

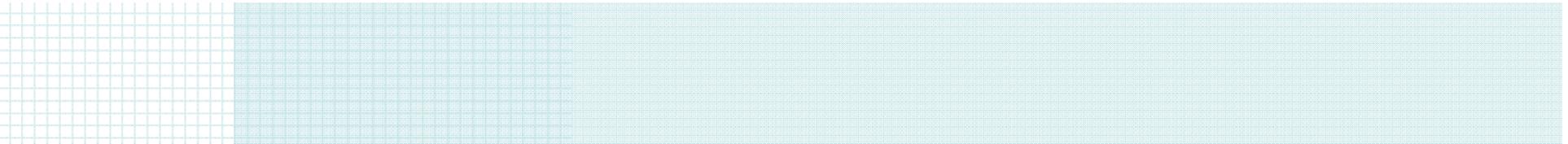
NEK SBO: Time table of events

Event	MELCOR 1.8.6	MELCOR 2.2
Transient begin	0.0	0.0
SG empty	3920 sec	3920 sec
Lower head failure	12438 sec	11768 sec
Begin of melt ejection	13950 sec	11800 sec
PCFV actuation	15020 sec	13350 sec
Begin of PCFV ON/OFF behavior	18170 sec	16440 sec

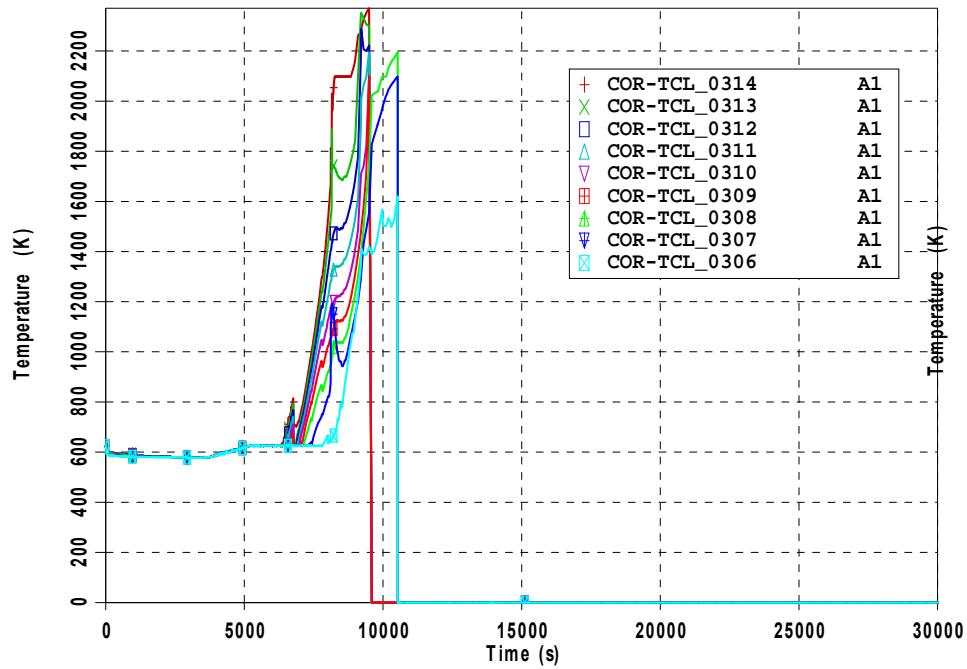
NEK SBO



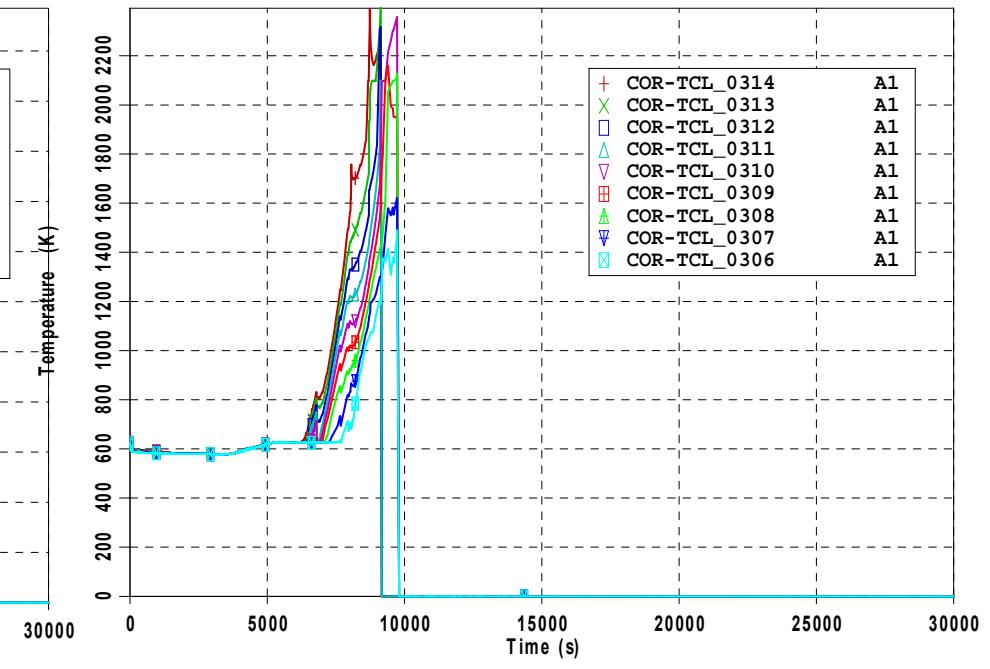
Pressurizer pressure and SG mass



NEK SBO, MELCOR 1.8.6



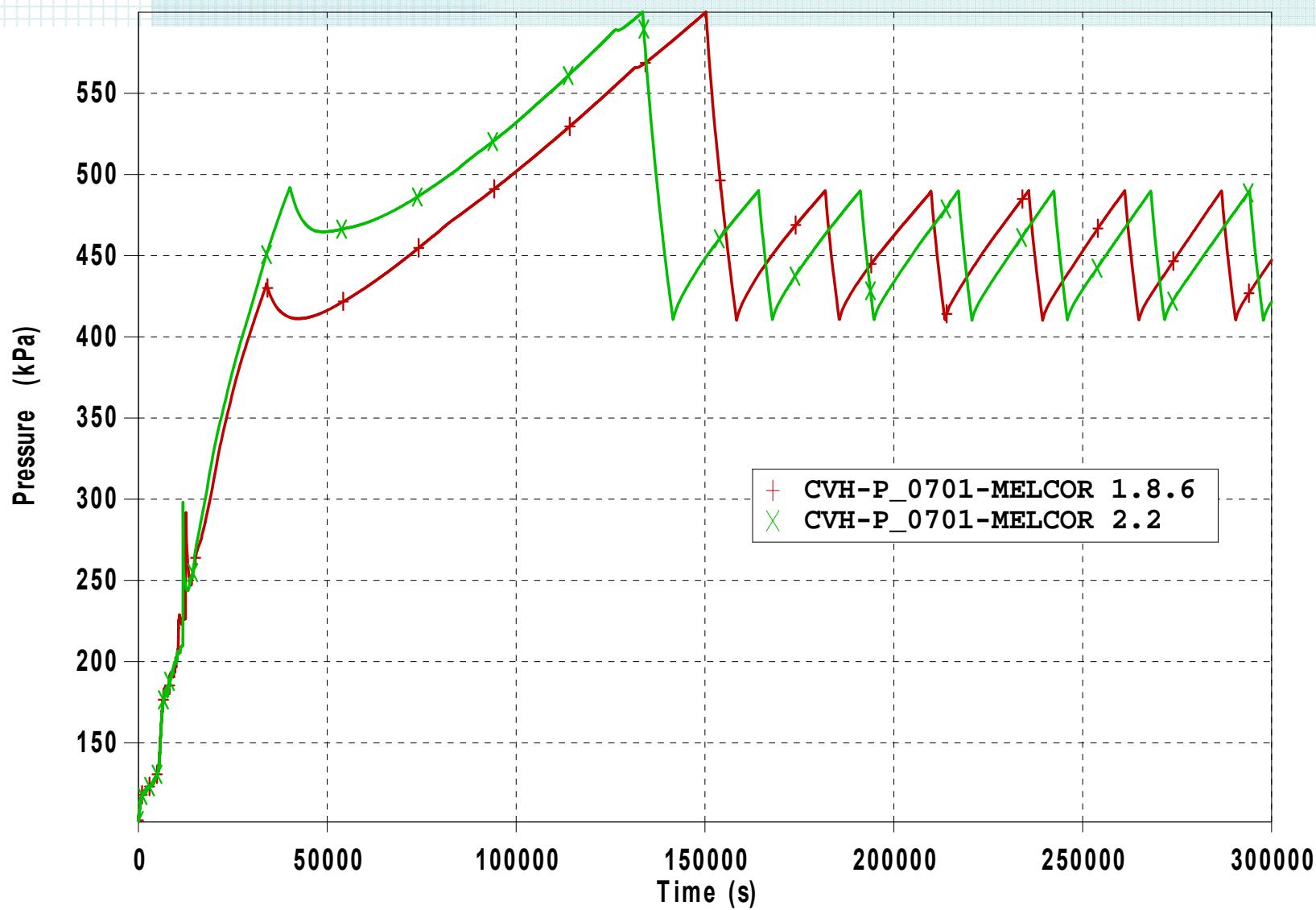
NEK SBO, MELCOR 2.2



MELCOR 1.8.6: Fuel
temperature 3rd ring

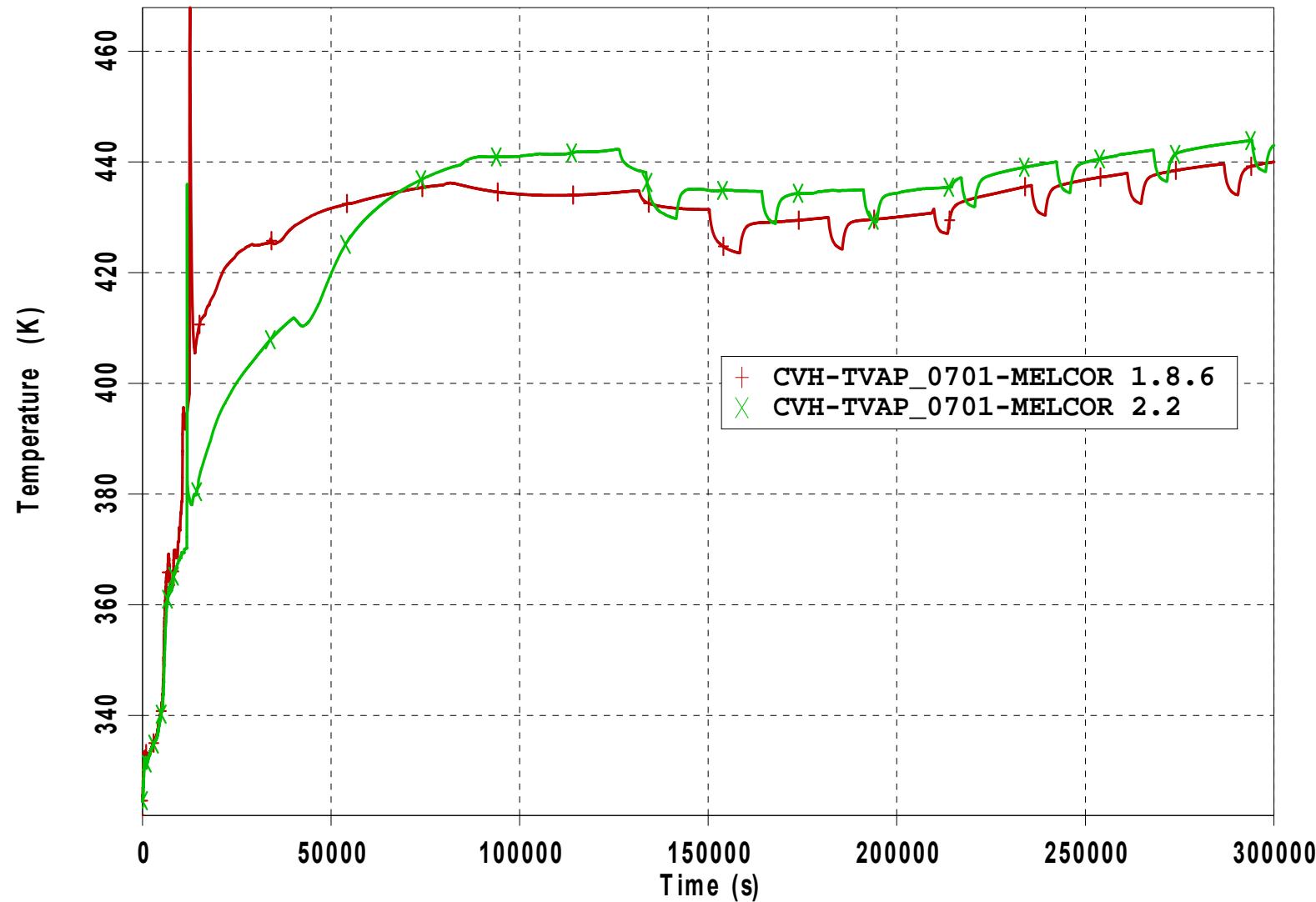
MELCOR 2.2: Fuel
temperature 3rd ring

NEK SBO

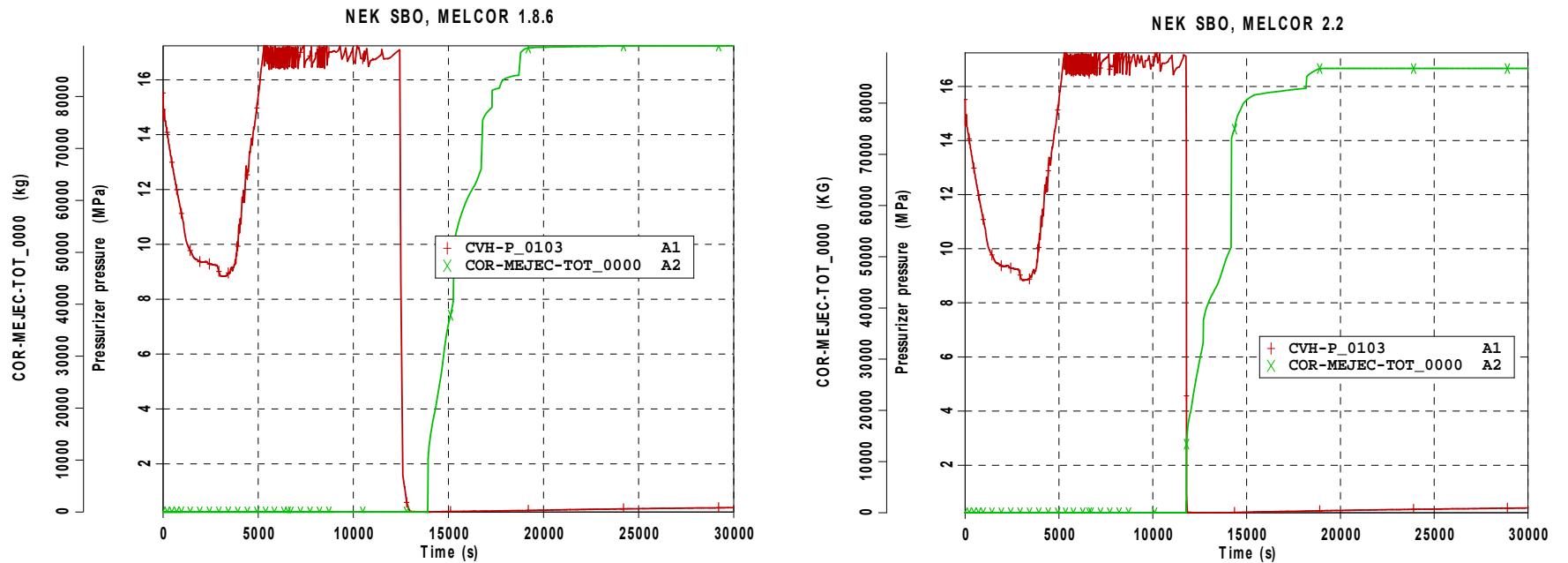


Containment (upper compartment) pressure

NEK SBO

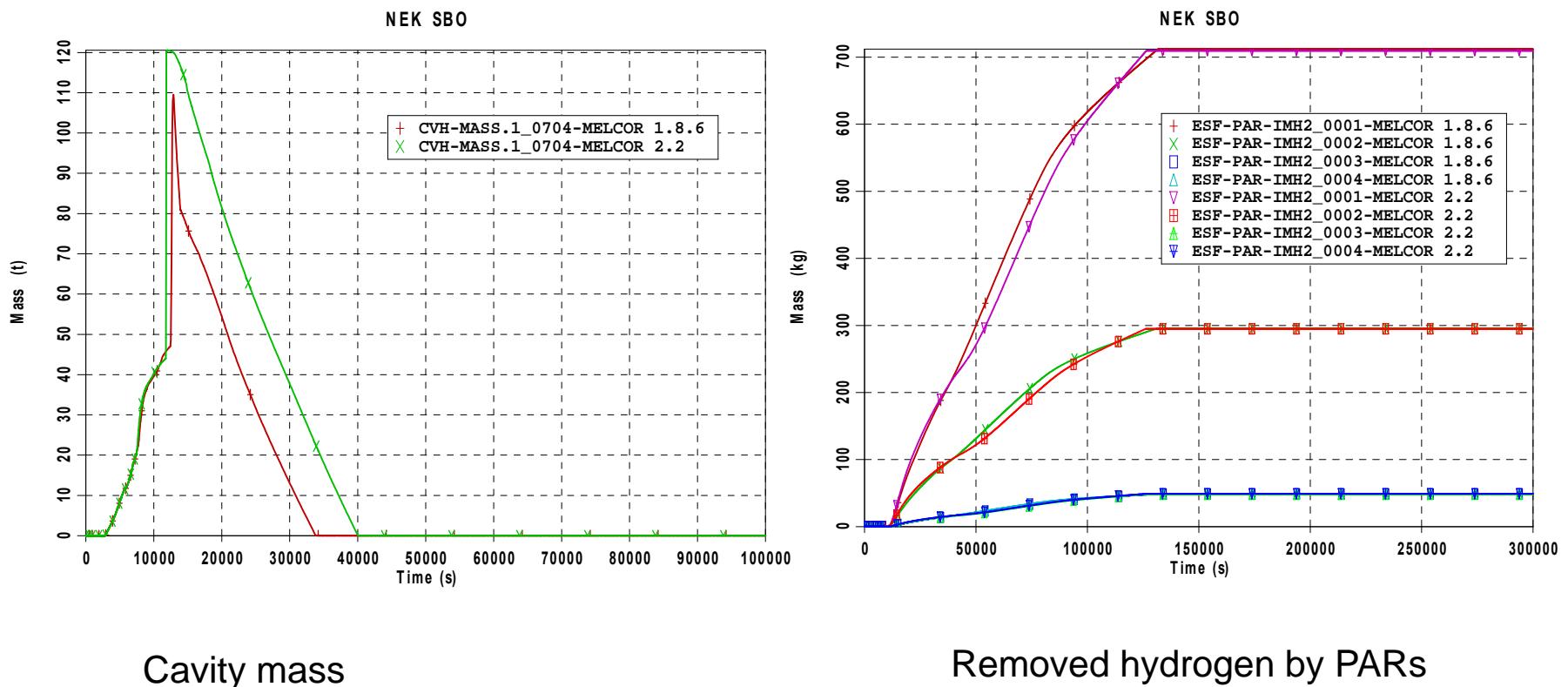


Containment (upper compartment) temperature



MELCOR 1.8.6: Pressurizer pressure, ejected mass to cavity

MELCOR 2.2: Pressurizer pressure, ejected mass to cavity

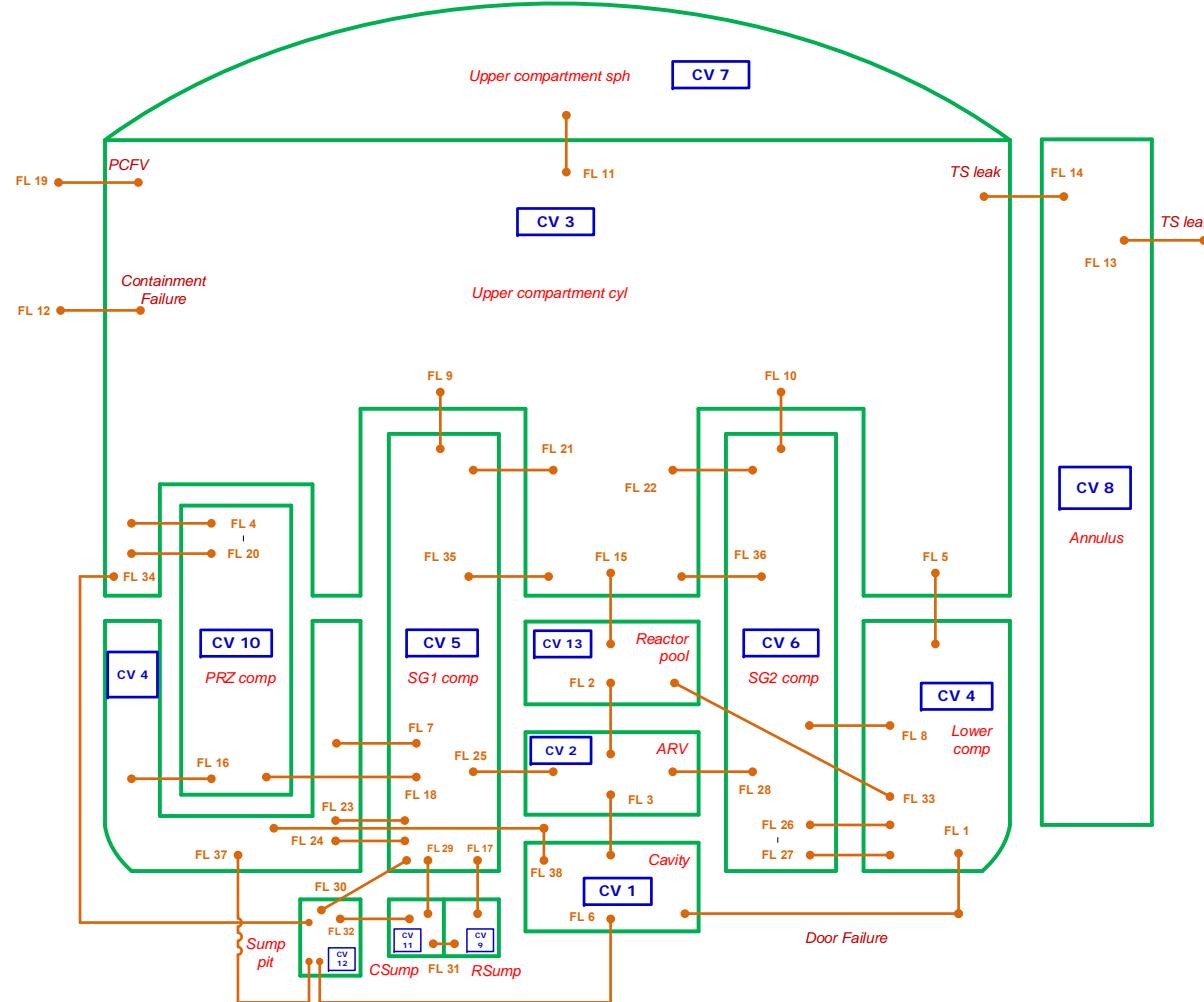


Cavity mass

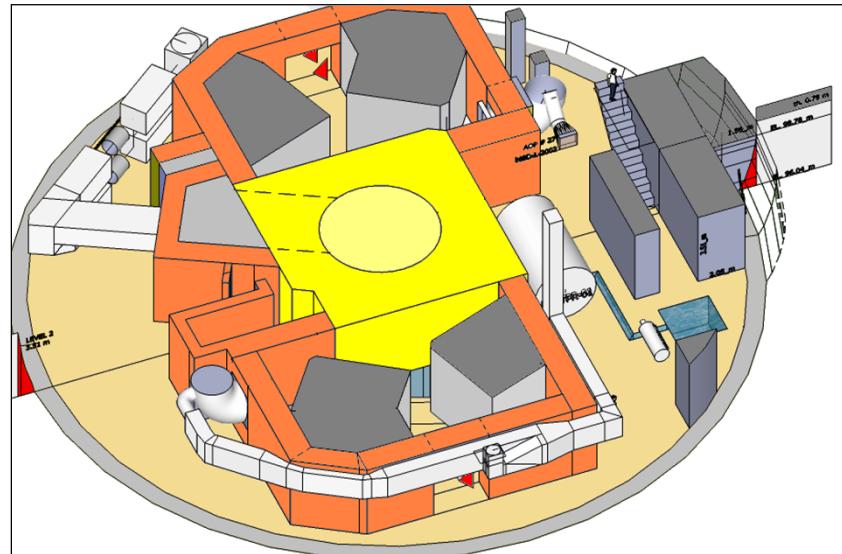
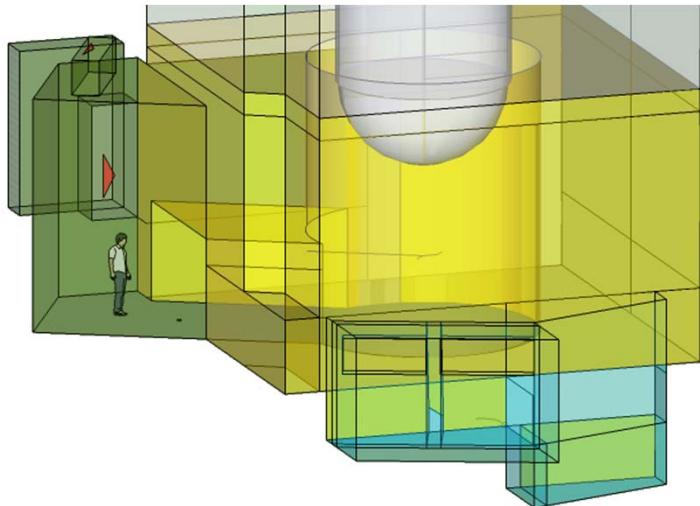
Removed hydrogen by PARs

SBO, Conclusion

- MELCOR 2.2: Lower head failure at time=11768 sec and an immediate melt ejection to cavity that blocks flow path: sump pit-cavity. Water from the accumulators stays trapped in the cavity.
- MELCOR 1.8.6: Lower head failure at time=12438 sec and delayed melt ejection to cavity. Flow path: sump pit – cavity is free to expell a large amount of water from cavity to sump pit.
- As a consequence, in MELCOR 2.2 a larger amount of water evaporated in cavity and lead to larger first peak in containment pressure than in MELCOR 1.8.6. That has lead to delay in PCFV activation in MELCOR 1.8.6. Later, the ON/OFF PCFV operation had the same frequency for both codes.

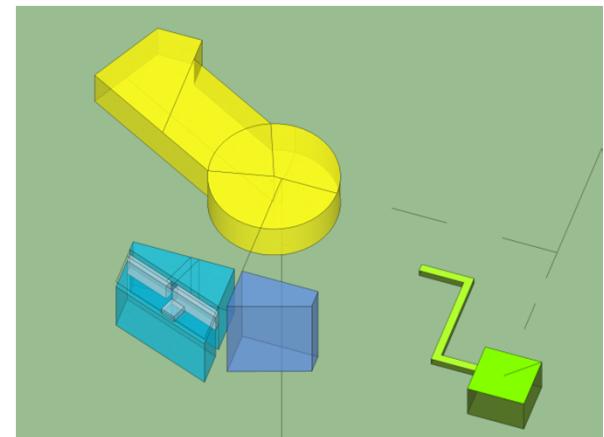


Cavity Layout and the MCCI

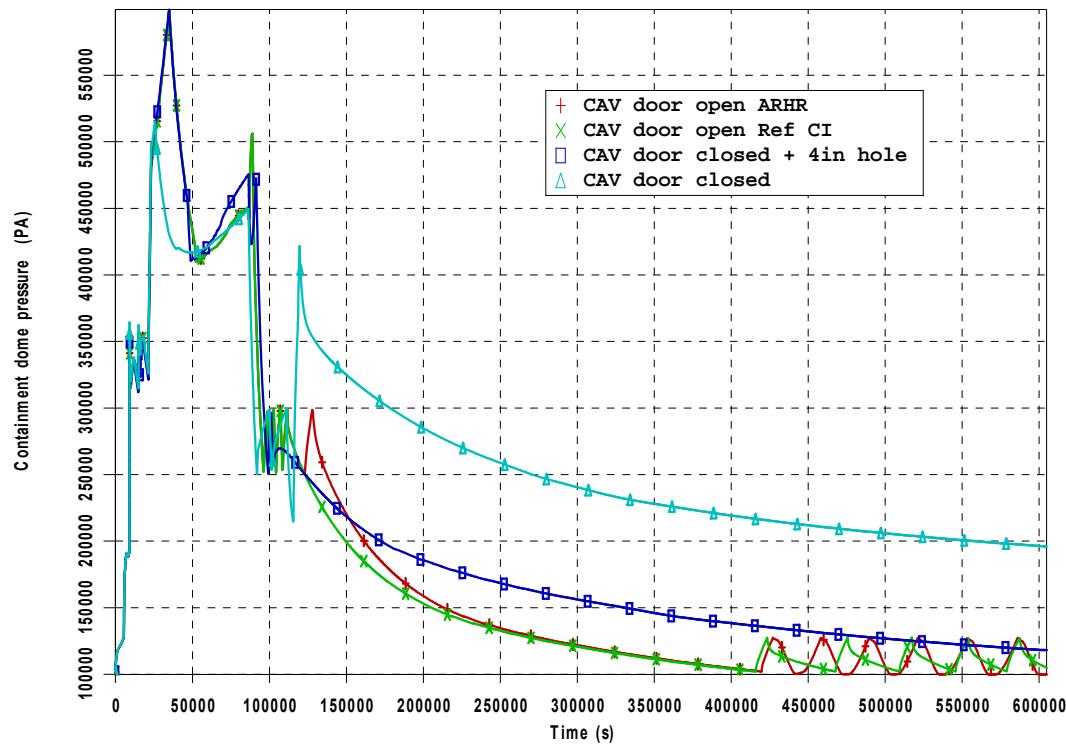


**Concrete decomposition
(at temperatures 873 – 1173 K):**
 $\text{CaCO}_3 \rightarrow \text{CaO} + \text{CO}_2$ (endothermic reaction)

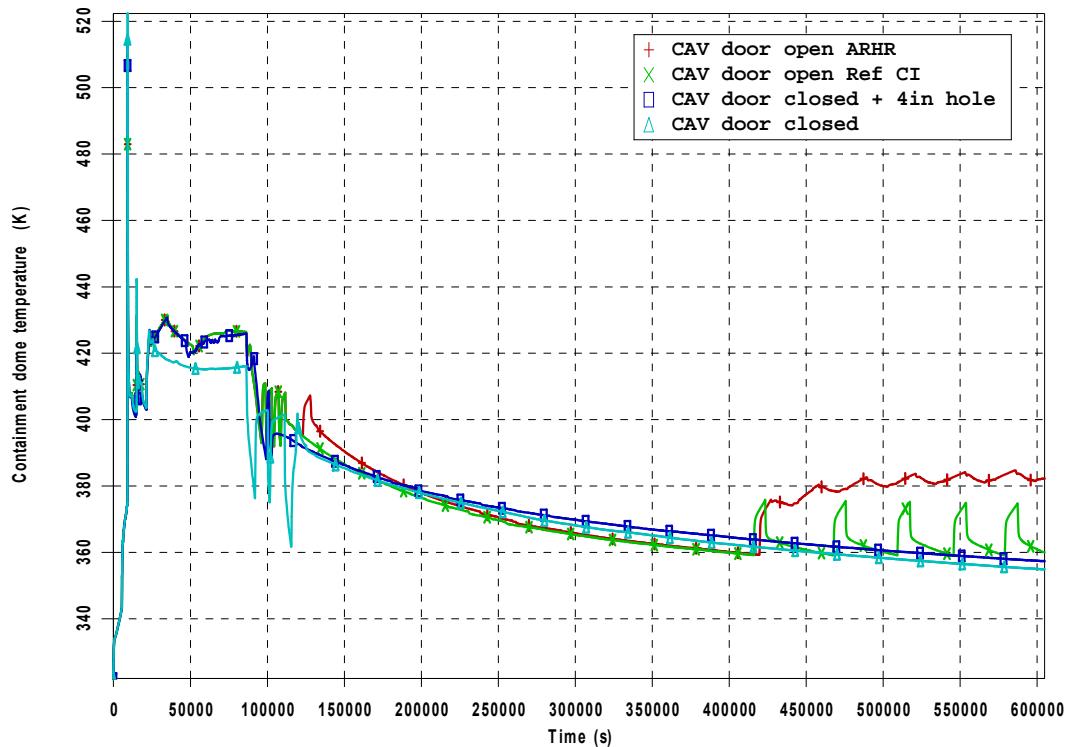
**Iron rebar oxidation
(600 kg of iron in the 1 m³ of the concrete):**
 $\text{Fe} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 3.0 \text{ kJ/kg}_{(\text{Fe})} \rightarrow \text{FeO} + \text{H}_2$
 $\text{Fe} + \text{CO}_2 + 480 \text{ kJ/kg}_{(\text{Fe})} \rightarrow \text{FeO} + \text{CO}$



SBO - RB COOLING AT 24 H - CI, ARHR, MHX - ES



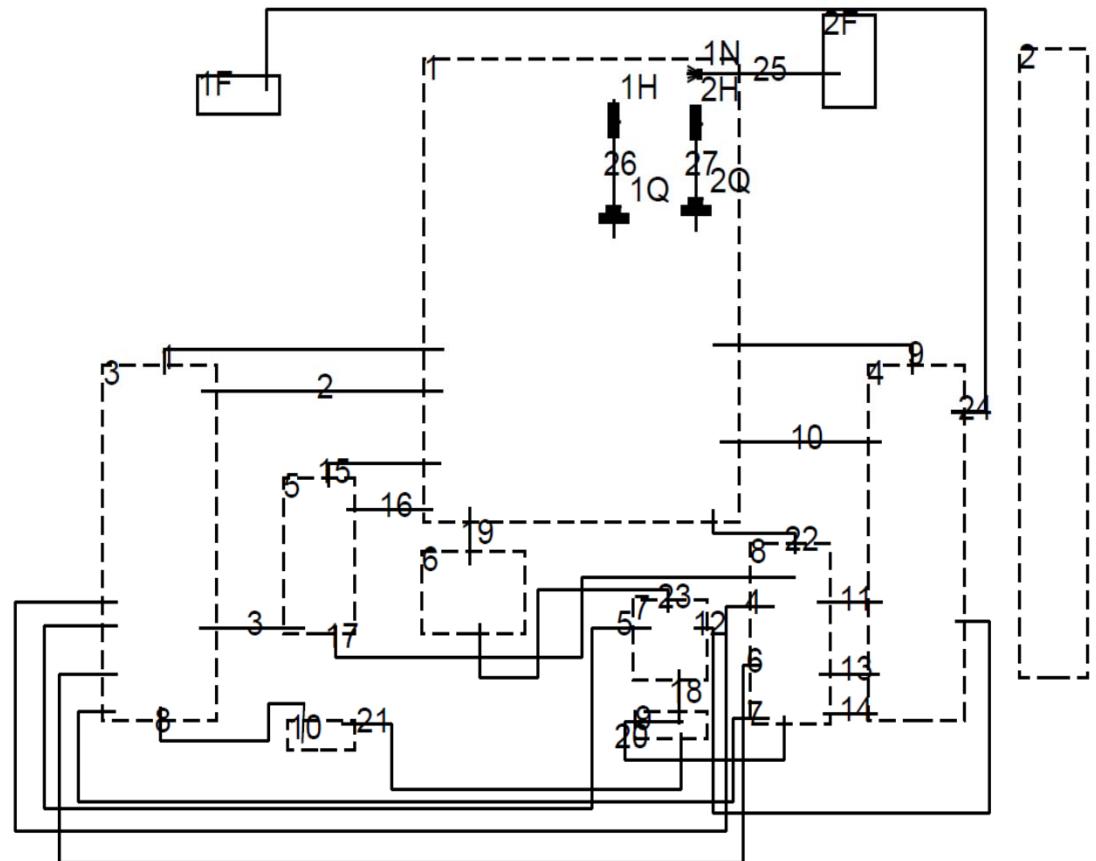
SBO - RB COOLING AT 24 H - CI, ARHR, MHX - ES



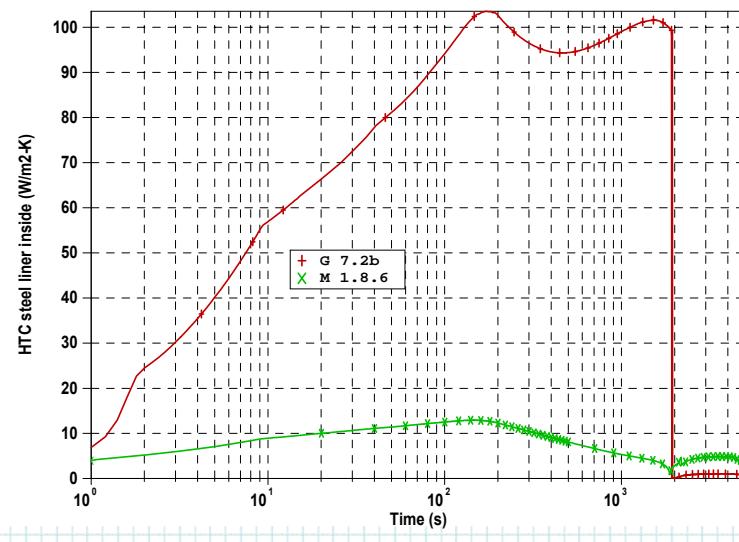
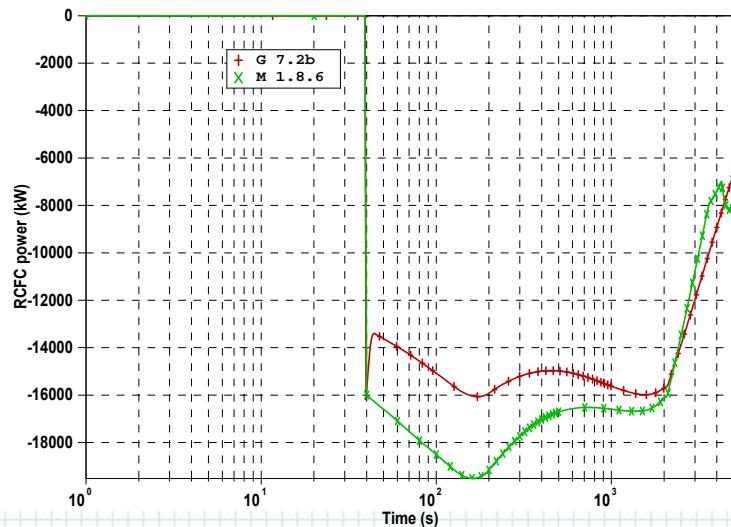
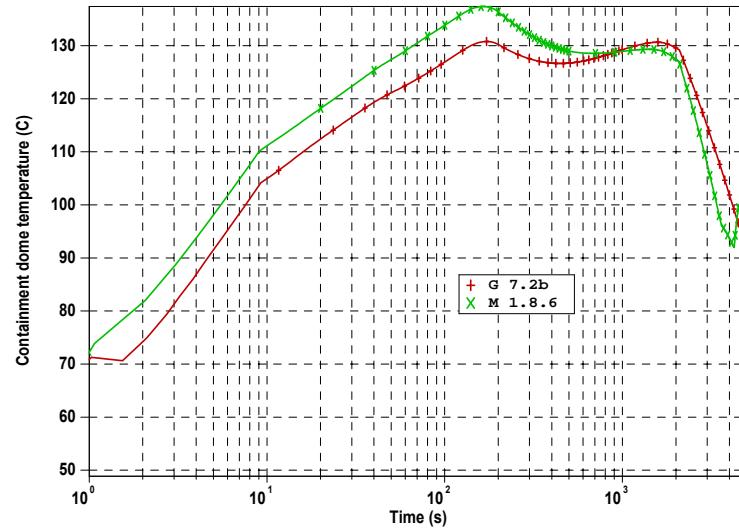
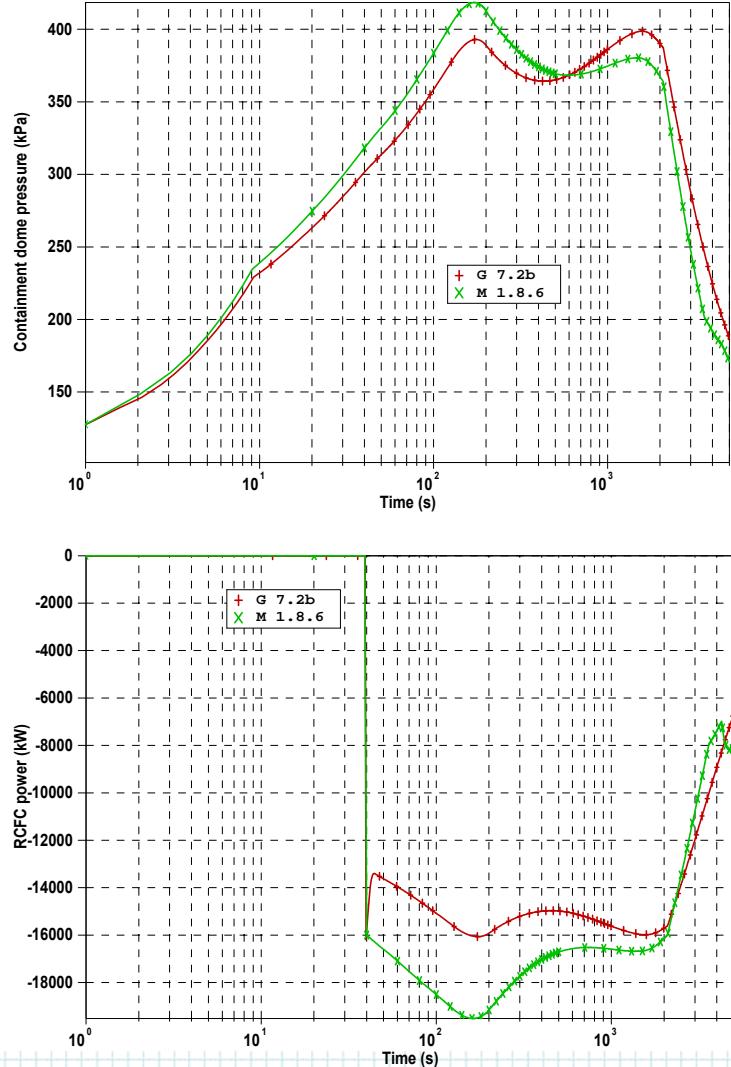
Gothic Multivolume Model

- Nodalization:

- 10 control volumes
- 2 boundary conditions
- 27 flow paths
- 74 heat structures
- 2 RCFC units
(volumetric fan + HX)
- 1 spray train



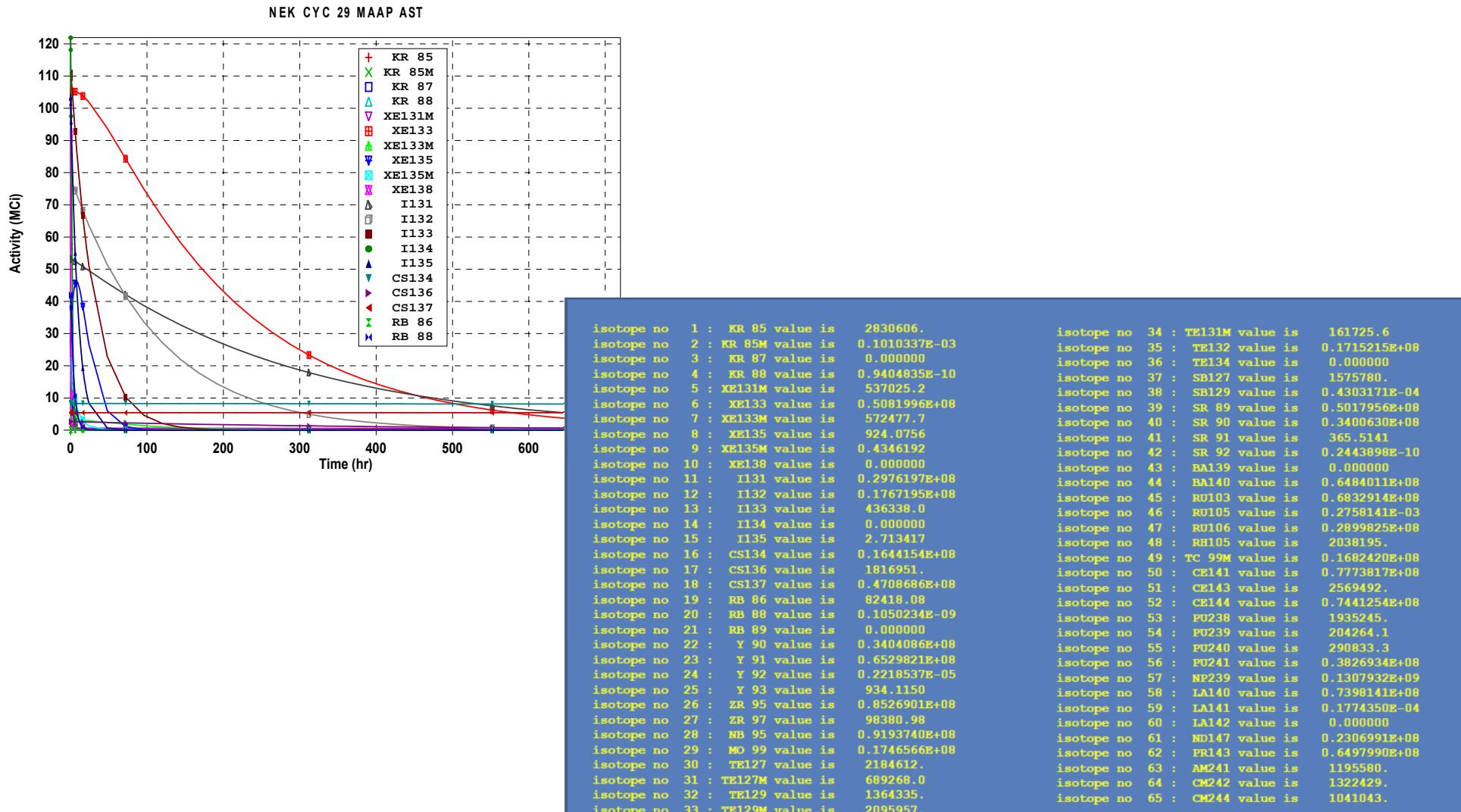
Results



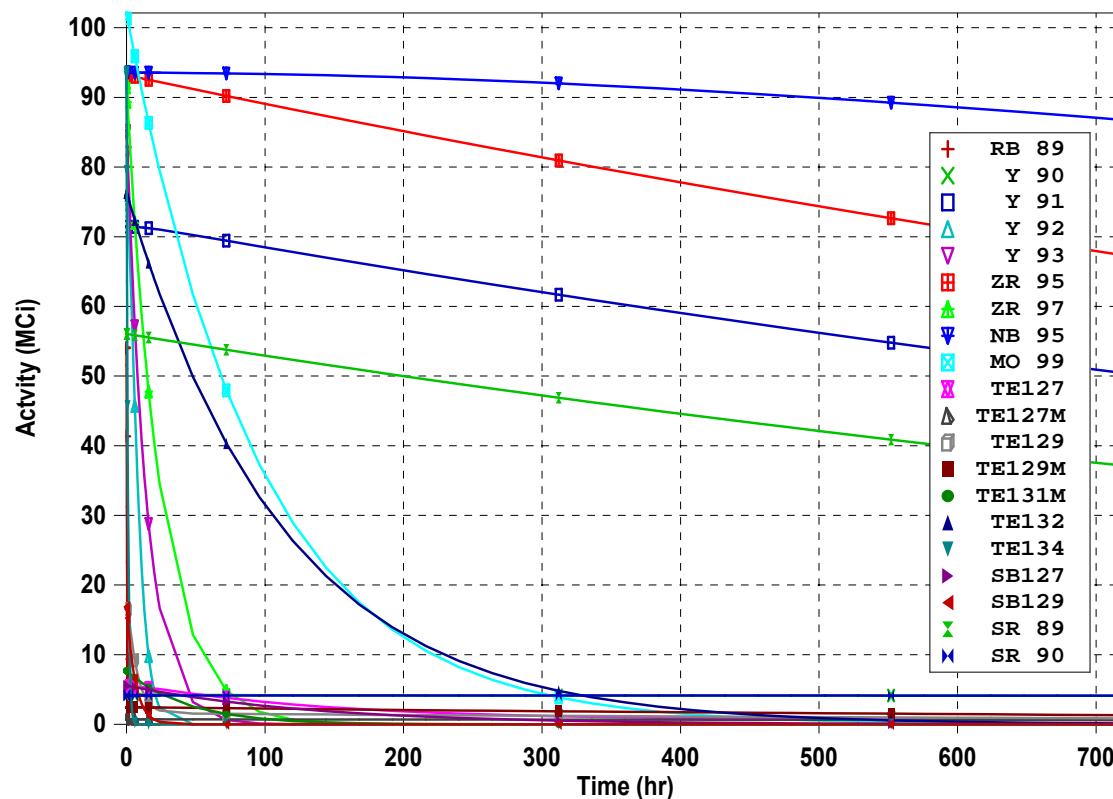
RN - Core AST for 3 NEK Cycles

	C27	C28	C29				
isotope no 1 : KR 85 value is	520171.5	520707.5	524745.9	isotope no 33 : TB129M value is	2428630.	2440866.	2440790.
isotope no 2 : KR 85M value is	0.1498336E+08	0.1521951E+08	0.1520713E+08	isotope no 34 : TB131M value is	7502142.	7650792.	7679834.
isotope no 3 : KR 87 value is	0.2901139E+08	0.2945319E+08	0.2943267E+08	isotope no 35 : TB132 value is	0.7506917E+08	0.7622121E+08	0.7630412E+08
isotope no 4 : KR 88 value is	0.4087067E+08	0.4149112E+08	0.4146220E+08	isotope no 36 : TB134 value is	0.9220405E+08	0.9385202E+08	0.9373302E+08
isotope no 5 : XM131M value is	591929.8	593614.1	596014.4	isotope no 37 : SB127 value is	5404012.	5498407.	5503466.
isotope no 6 : XM133 value is	0.1040027E+09	0.1075774E+09	0.1052319E+09	isotope no 38 : SB129 value is	0.1653634E+08	0.1690039E+08	0.1685964E+08
isotope no 7 : XM133M value is	3074410.	3370923.	3163163.	isotope no 39 : SR 89 value is	0.5606305E+08	0.5595125E+08	0.5603235E+08
isotope no 8 : XM135 value is	0.2791422E+08	0.2793501E+08	0.2799284E+08	isotope no 40 : SR 90 value is	4093977.	4097837.	4131076.
isotope no 9 : XM135M value is	0.2100783E+08	0.2143787E+08	0.2139732E+08	isotope no 41 : SR 91 value is	0.6831599E+08	0.6940594E+08	0.6933222E+08
isotope no 10 : XM138 value is	0.9110478E+08	0.9278521E+08	0.9265628E+08	isotope no 42 : SR 92 value is	0.7324207E+08	0.7443243E+08	0.7436236E+08
isotope no 11 : I131 value is	0.5293886E+08	0.5344533E+08	0.5328615E+08	isotope no 43 : BA139 value is	0.9809754E+08	0.9994314E+08	0.9979550E+08
isotope no 12 : I132 value is	0.7646938E+08	0.7820174E+08	0.7750126E+08	isotope no 44 : BA140 value is	0.9527527E+08	0.9581531E+08	0.9598611E+08
isotope no 13 : I133 value is	0.1089912E+09	0.1104552E+09	0.1108714E+09	isotope no 45 : RU103 value is	0.7790748E+08	0.7831671E+08	0.7831919E+08
isotope no 14 : I134 value is	0.1198459E+09	0.1221431E+09	0.1219520E+09	isotope no 46 : RU105 value is	0.5054820E+08	0.5185105E+08	0.5169680E+08
isotope no 15 : I135 value is	0.1016622E+09	0.1036409E+09	0.1034691E+09	isotope no 47 : RU106 value is	0.2247923E+08	0.2269312E+08	0.2277230E+08
isotope no 16 : CS134 value is	8100214.	8211168.	8314508.	isotope no 48 : RH105 value is	0.4519338E+08	0.4559042E+08	0.4643525E+08
isotope no 17 : CS136 value is	2613131.	2647152.	2669265.	isotope no 49 : TG 99M value is	0.8869007E+08	0.9204519E+08	0.8976137E+08
isotope no 18 : CS137 value is	5345860.	5371182.	5417556.	isotope no 50 : CM141 value is	0.9072406E+08	0.9090987E+08	0.9100380E+08
isotope no 19 : RB 86 value is	107048.4	108252.3	109370.0	isotope no 51 : CM143 value is	0.8415030E+08	0.8552840E+08	0.8558574E+08
isotope no 20 : RB 88 value is	0.4148425E+08	0.4211710E+08	0.4208784E+08	isotope no 52 : CM144 value is	0.6640406E+08	0.6616176E+08	0.6634290E+08
isotope no 21 : RB 89 value is	0.5334850E+08	0.5415202E+08	0.5411610E+08	isotope no 53 : PU238 value is	135413.7	138637.2	141289.0
isotope no 22 : Y 90 value is	4251015.	4258458.	4293483.	isotope no 54 : PU239 value is	17643.93	17692.44	17732.78
isotope no 23 : Y 91 value is	0.7149228E+08	0.7135879E+08	0.7144807E+08	isotope no 55 : PU240 value is	22385.16	22622.81	22798.68
isotope no 24 : Y 92 value is	0.7354084E+08	0.7473803E+08	0.7466714E+08	isotope no 56 : PU241 value is	5355599.	5424096.	5434228.
isotope no 25 : Y 93 value is	0.8391542E+08	0.8537906E+08	0.8524572E+08	isotope no 57 : NP239 value is	0.9955558E+09	0.1016936E+10	0.1014476E+10
isotope no 26 : ER 95 value is	0.9311774E+08	0.9310887E+08	0.9318614E+08	isotope no 58 : LA140 value is	0.9796410E+08	0.9840705E+08	0.9862507E+08
isotope no 27 : ER 97 value is	0.9046394E+08	0.9214810E+08	0.9202740E+08	isotope no 59 : LA141 value is	0.8962767E+08	0.9130798E+08	0.9117287E+08
isotope no 28 : NB 95 value is	0.9366908E+08	0.9351273E+08	0.9355737E+08	isotope no 60 : LA142 value is	0.8700290E+08	0.8861234E+08	0.8848649E+08
isotope no 29 : NO 99 value is	0.10044054E+09	0.1020079E+09	0.1021298E+09	isotope no 61 : ND147 value is	0.3589255E+08	0.3613177E+08	0.3620120E+08
isotope no 30 : TB127 value is	5434436.	5656210.	5480388.	isotope no 62 : PR143 value is	0.8475665E+08	0.8503933E+08	0.8521966E+08
isotope no 31 : TB127M value is	697372.1	699458.1	699248.2	isotope no 63 : AM241 value is	5685.771	5812.345	5894.213
isotope no 32 : TB129 value is	0.1628303E+08	0.1661476E+08	0.1657857E+08	isotope no 64 : CM242 value is	1195870.	1236393.	1258511.
				isotope no 65 : CM244 value is	92334.48	96631.28	100879.3

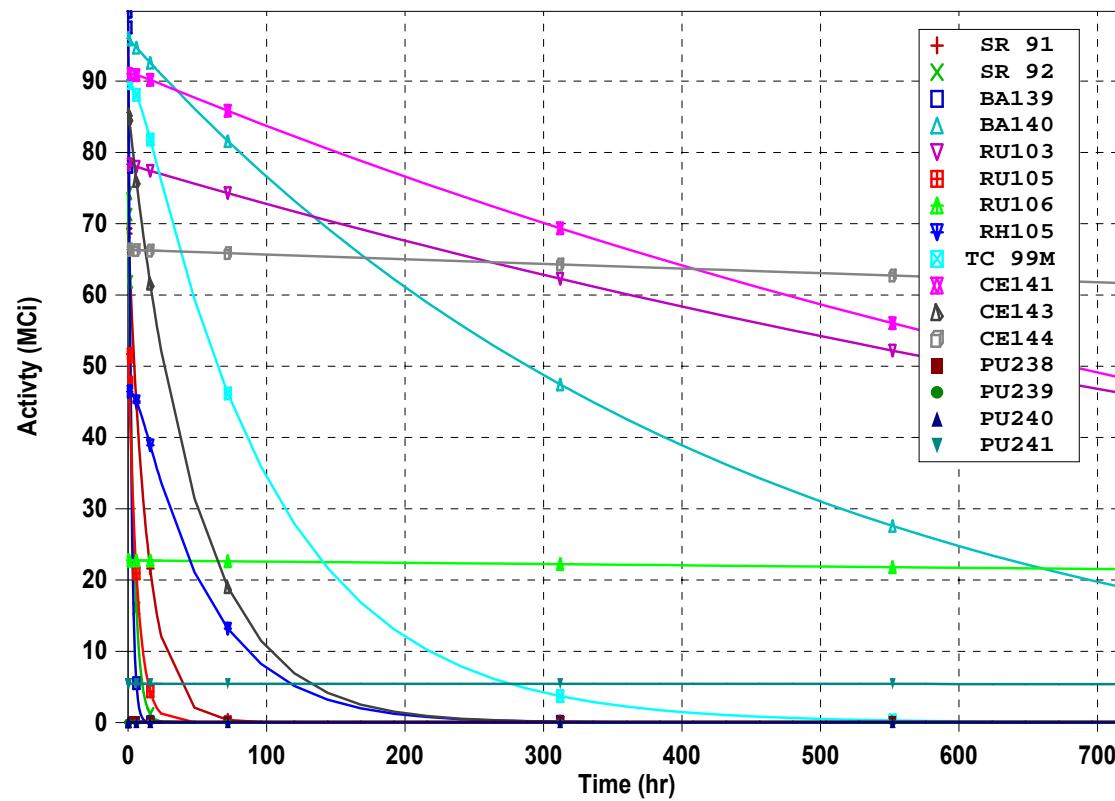
Plant/time specific isotopic AST for core and SFP



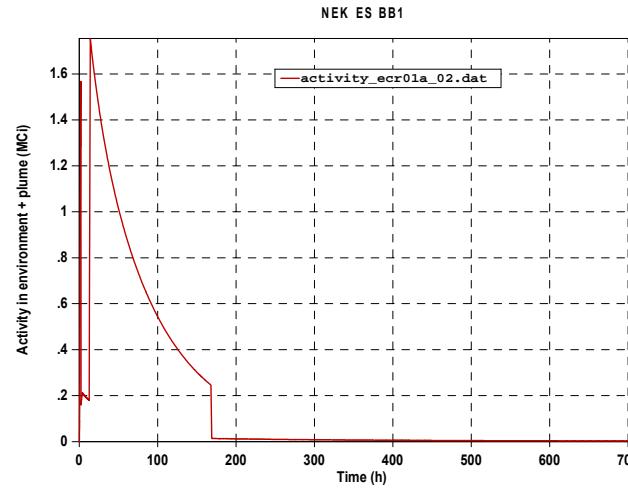
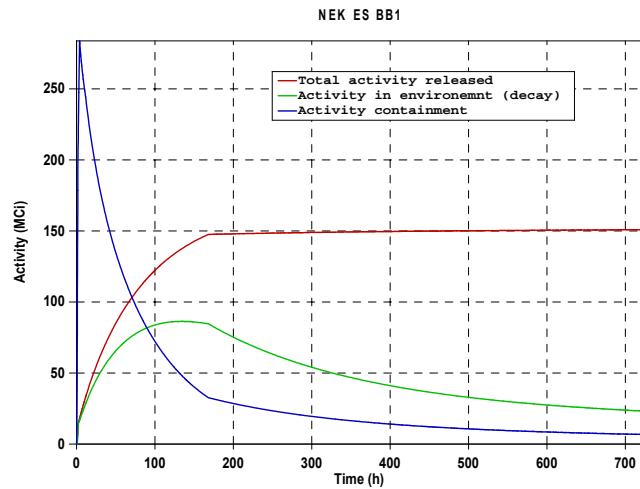
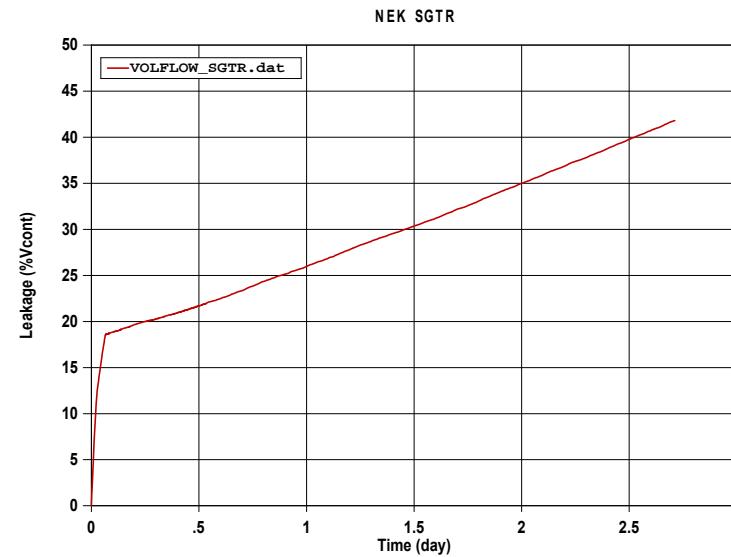
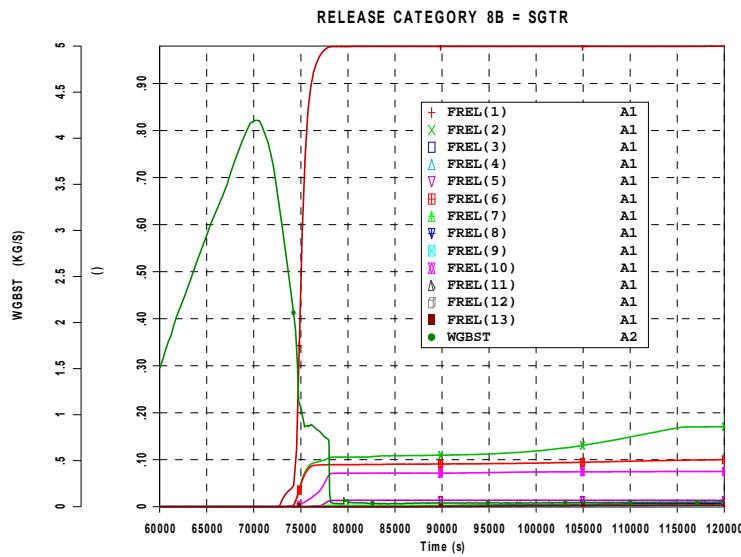
NEK CYC 29 MAAP AST



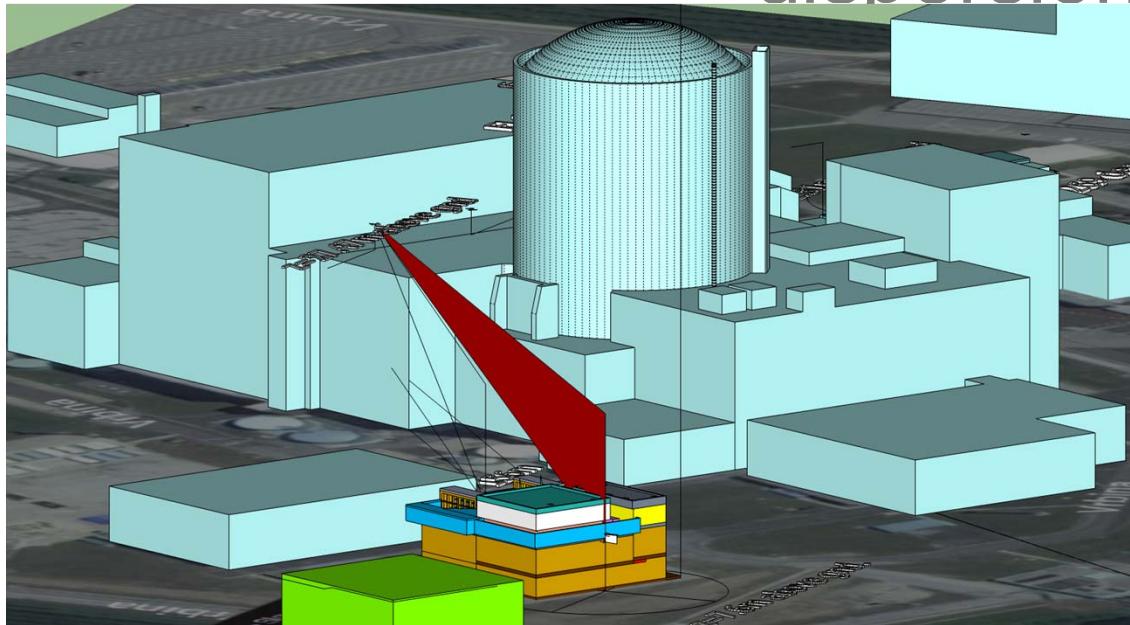
NEK CYC 29 MAAP AST



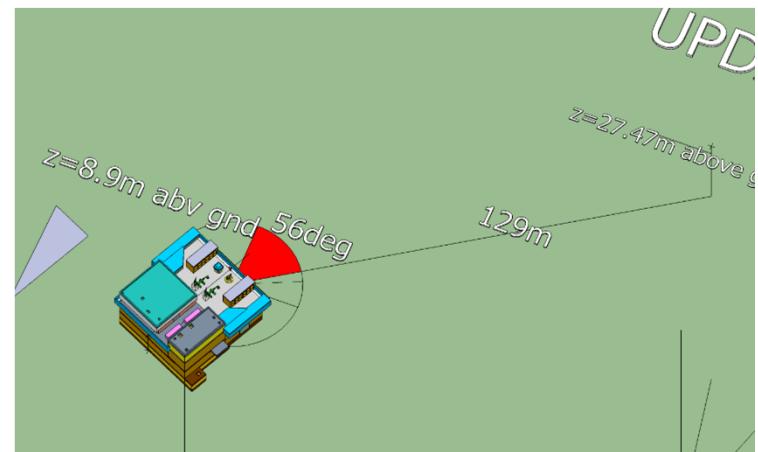
MAAP 4.0.9 and RADTRAD 3.03



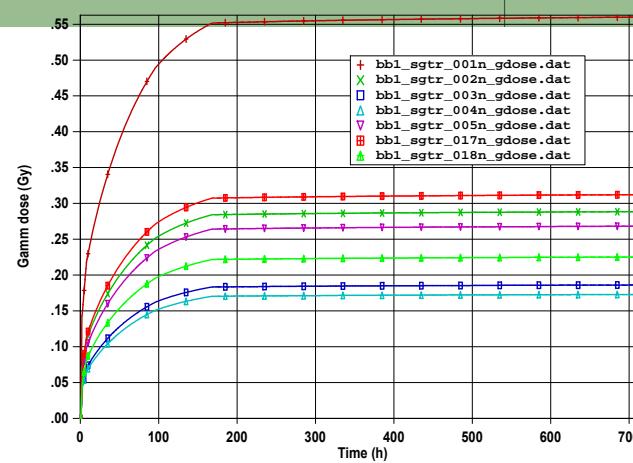
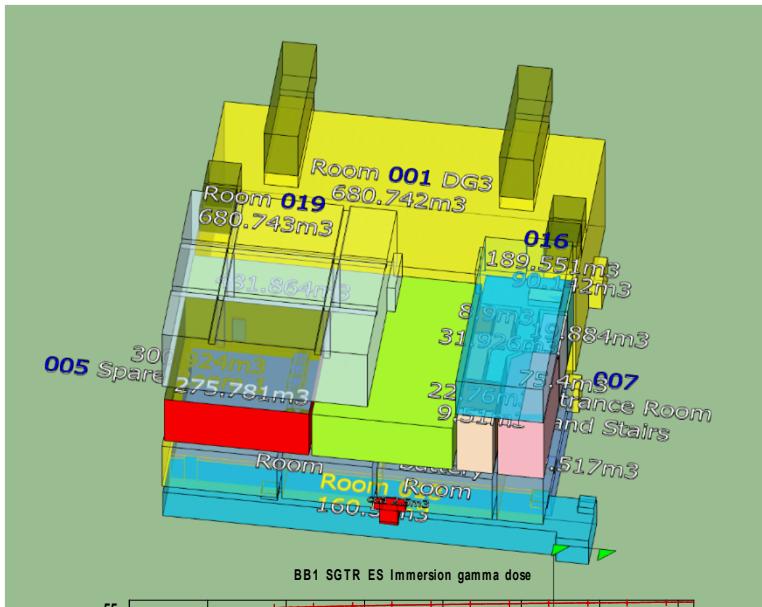
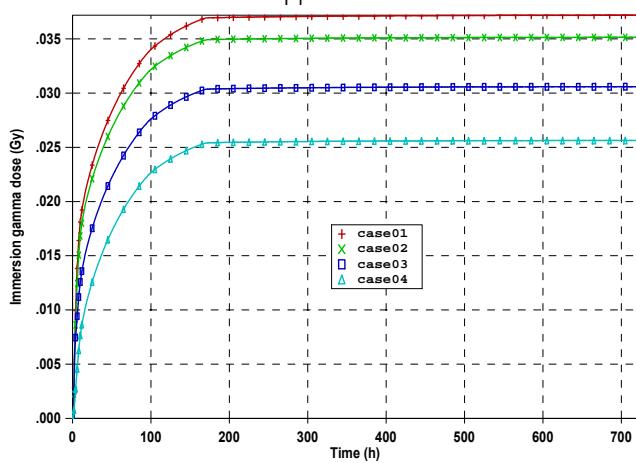
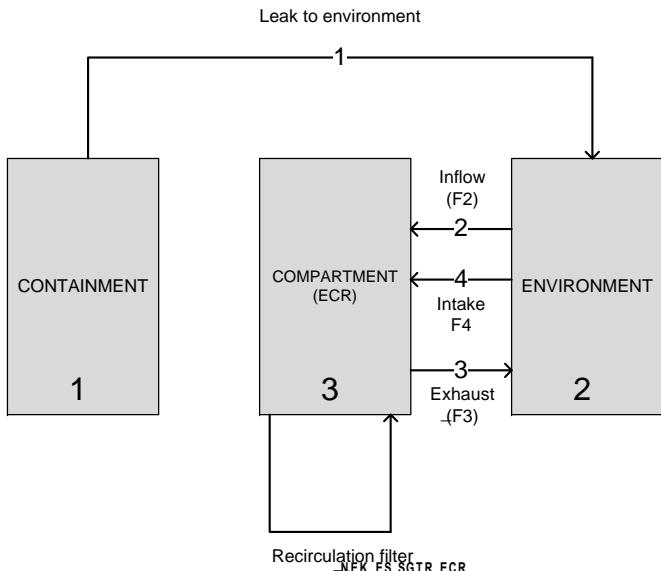
RADTRAD and ARCON96 release and dispersion



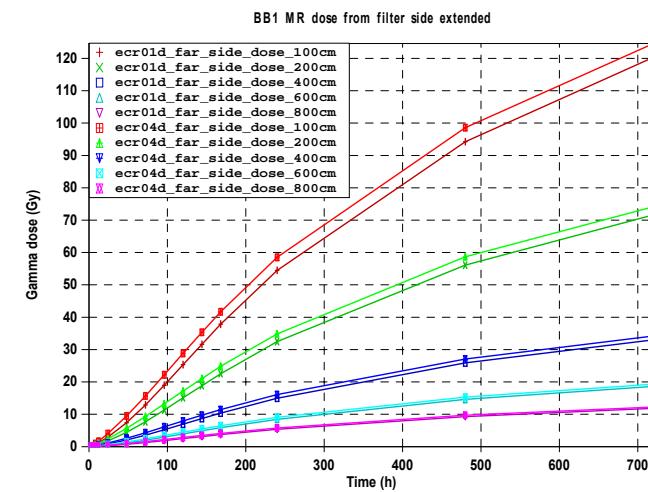
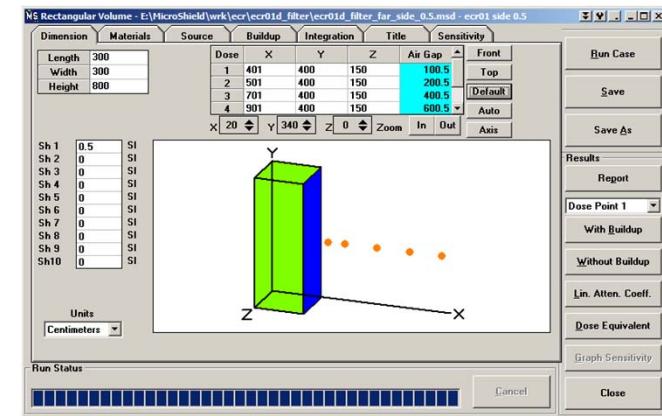
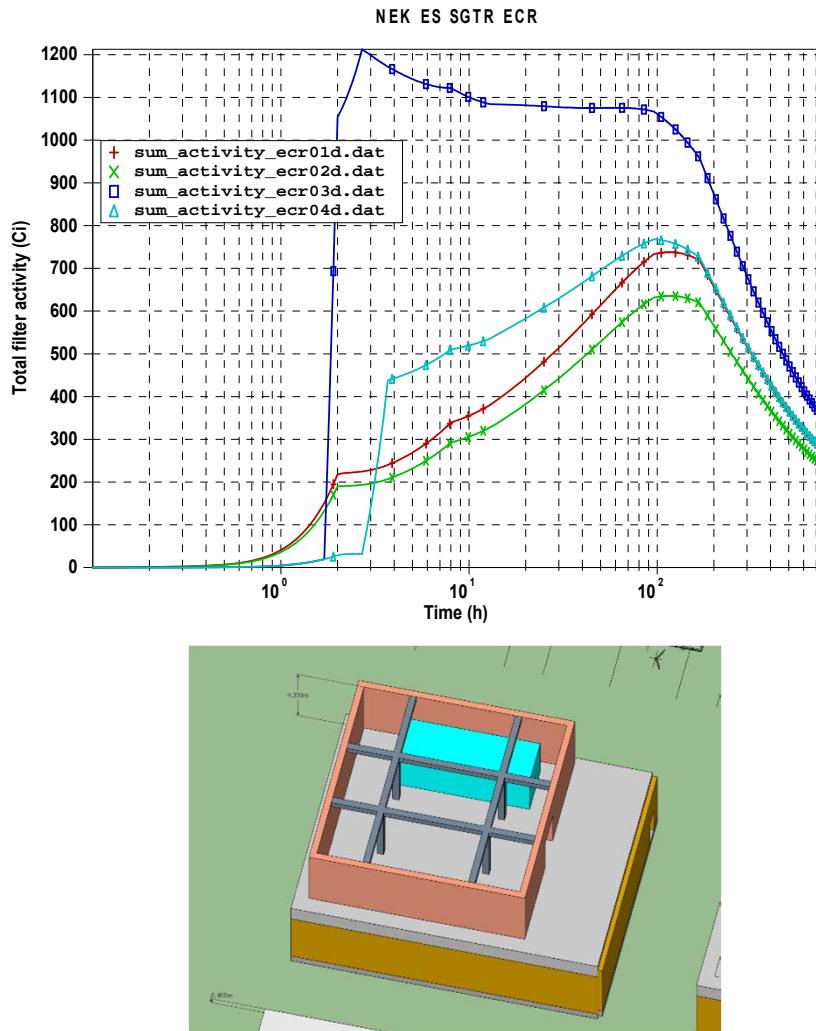
Time interval	ECR/TSC intake χ/Q (s/m^3)	ECR/TSC roof χ/Q (s/m^3)
0 – 2 h	2.15E-04	3.09E-04
2 – 8 h	1.46E-04	2.05E-04
8 – 24 h	6.91E-05	9.90E-05
1- 4 days	6.71E-05	9.05E-05
4 -30 days	5.18E-05	7.18E-05



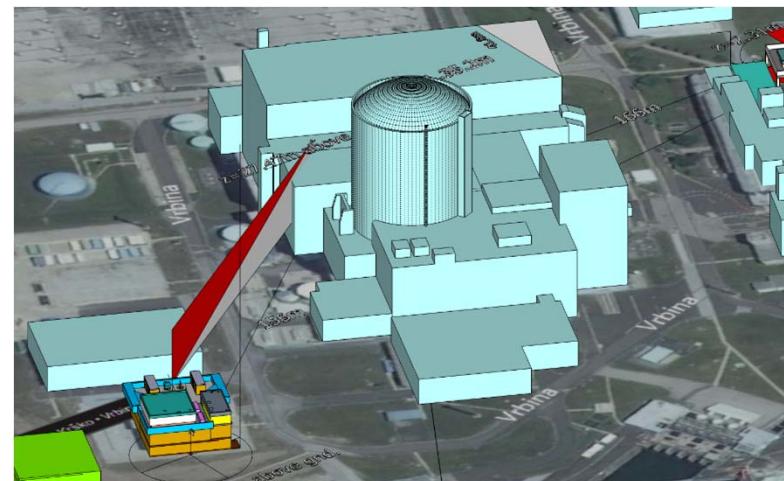
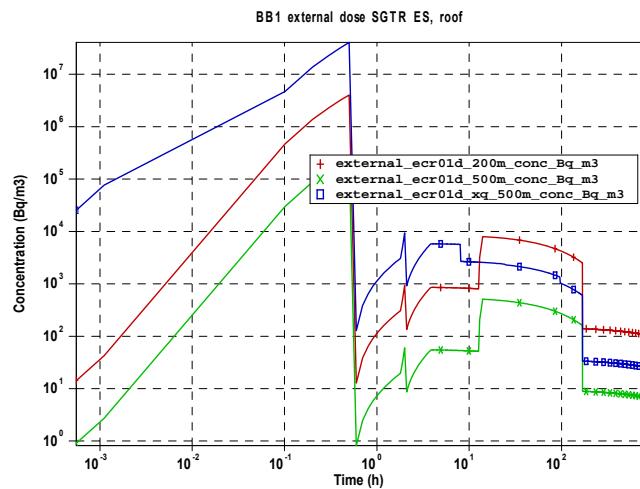
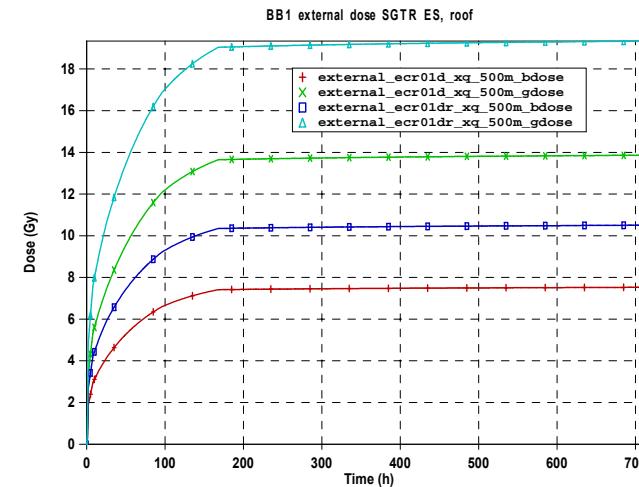
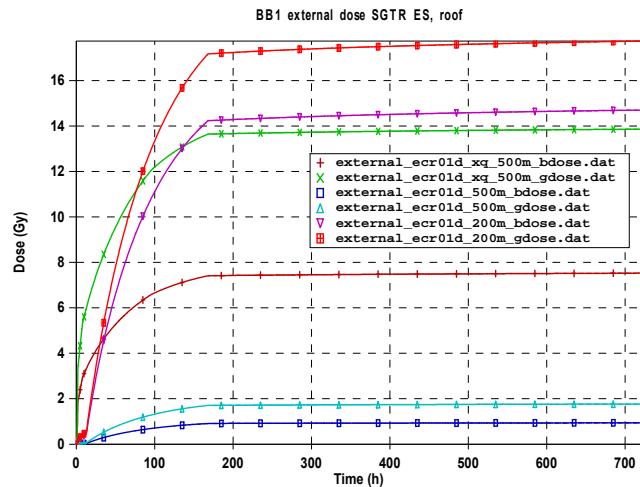
RADTRAD compartment model used in calculation

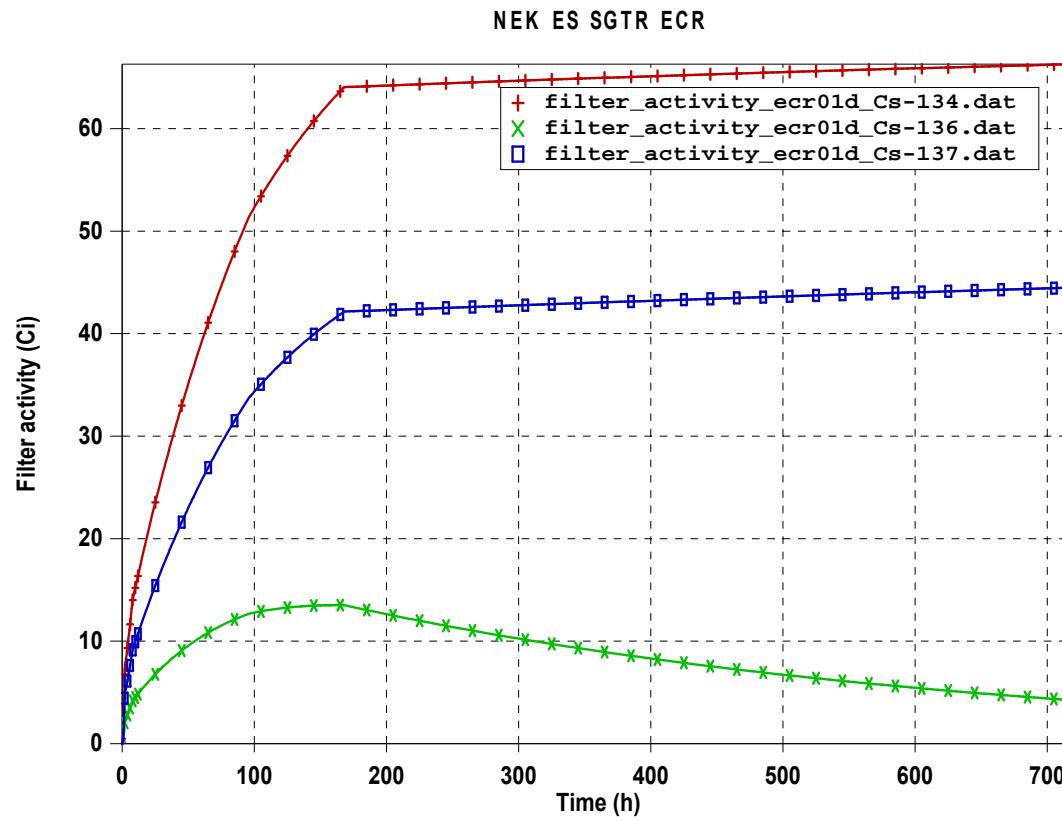


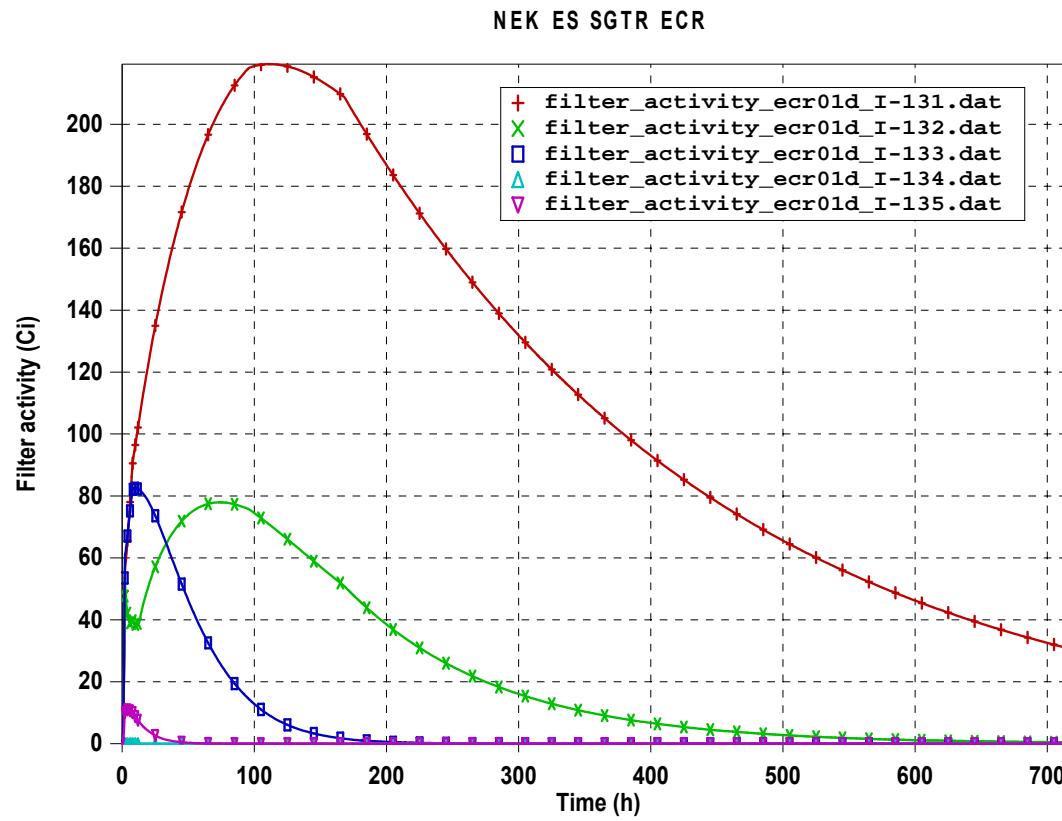
ECR HVAC filter doses, 4th HVAC sequence

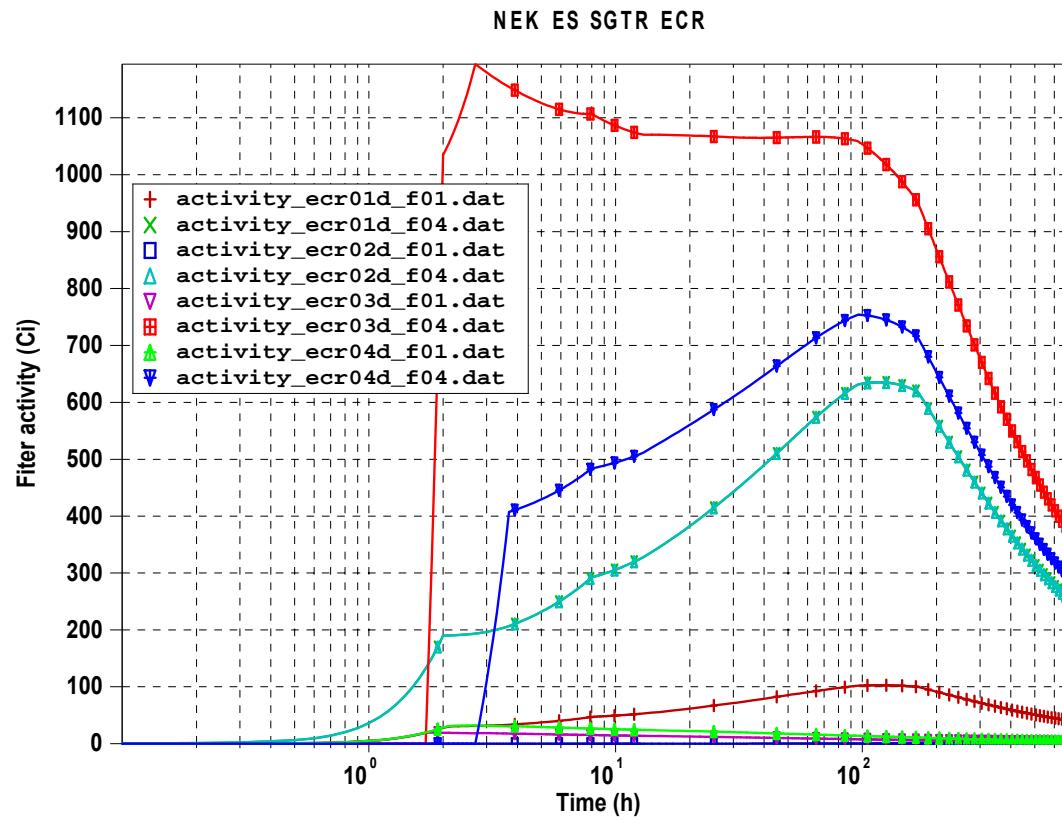


Dose at BB1 top (hemisph R=200, 500m, homogenous or X/Q)



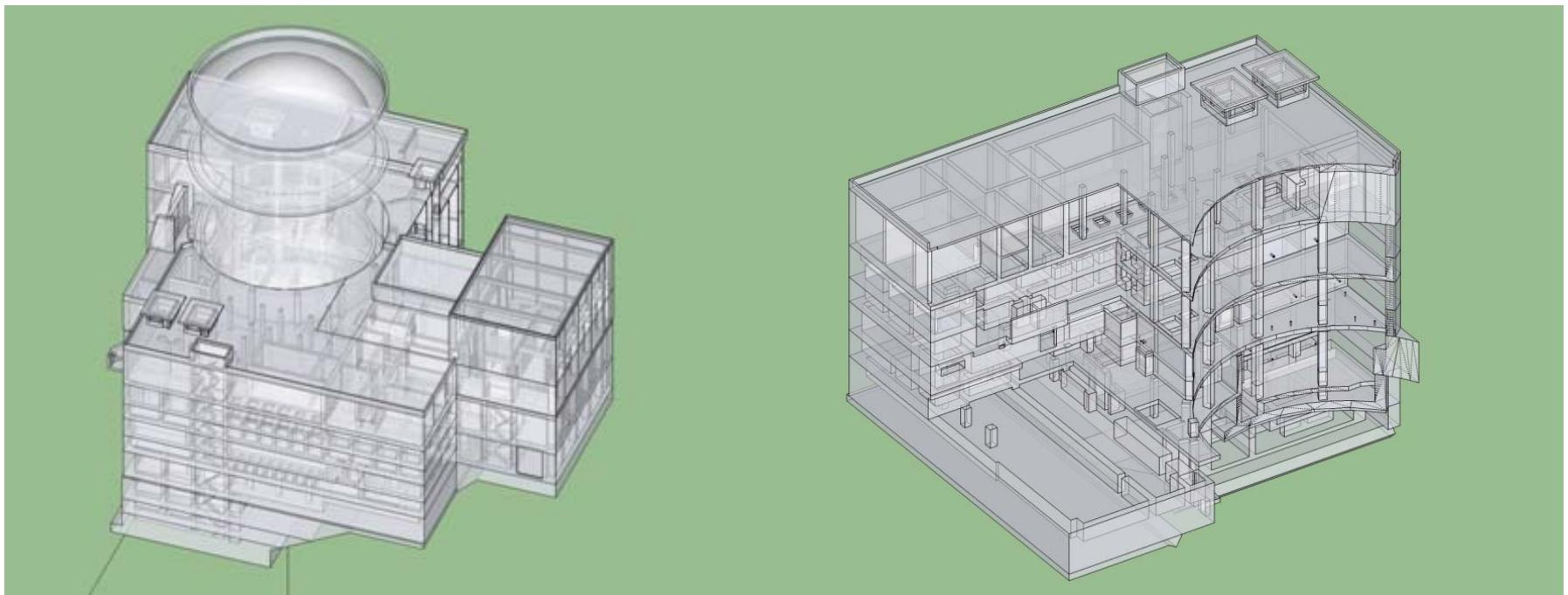




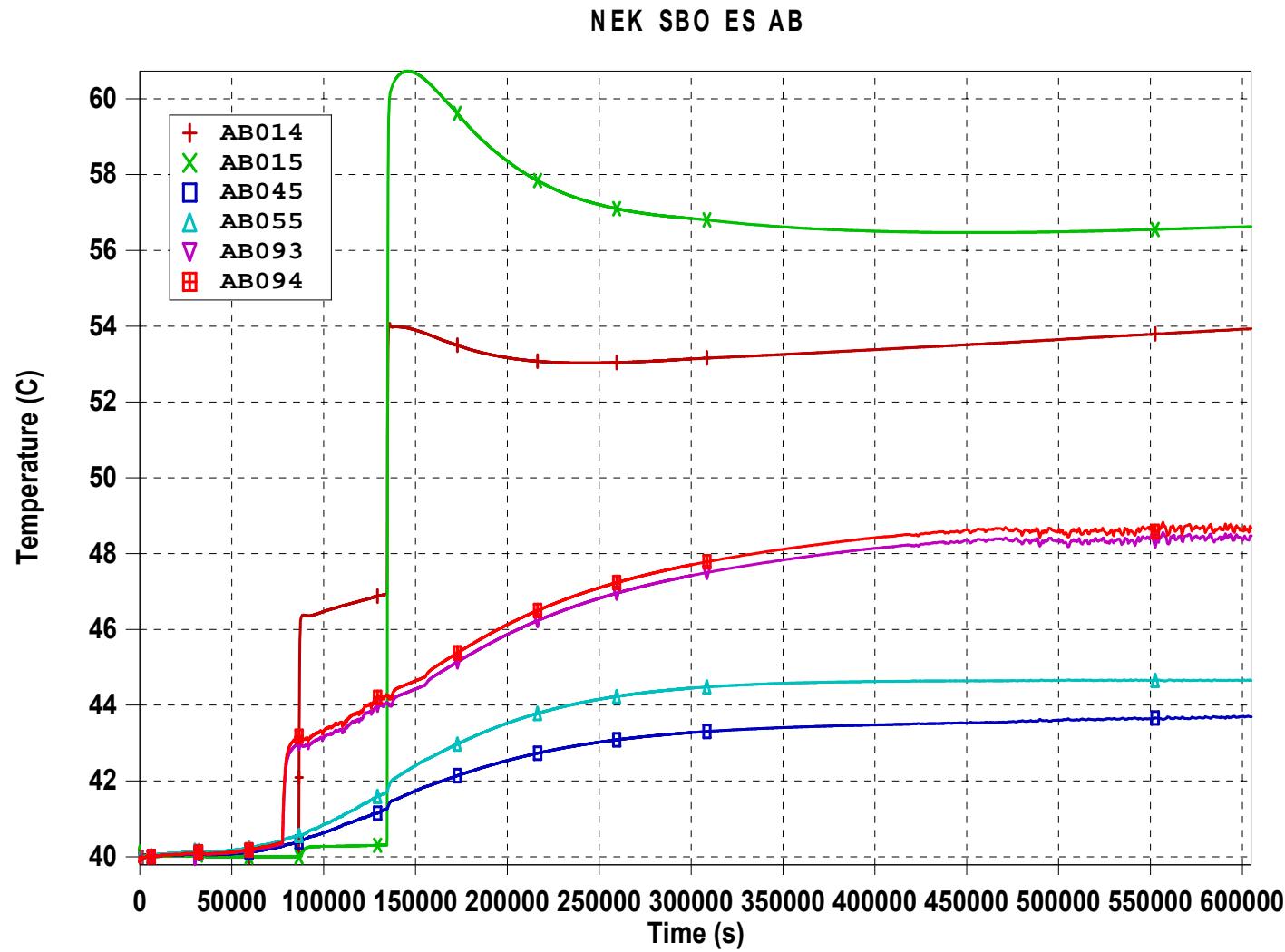


NEK AB

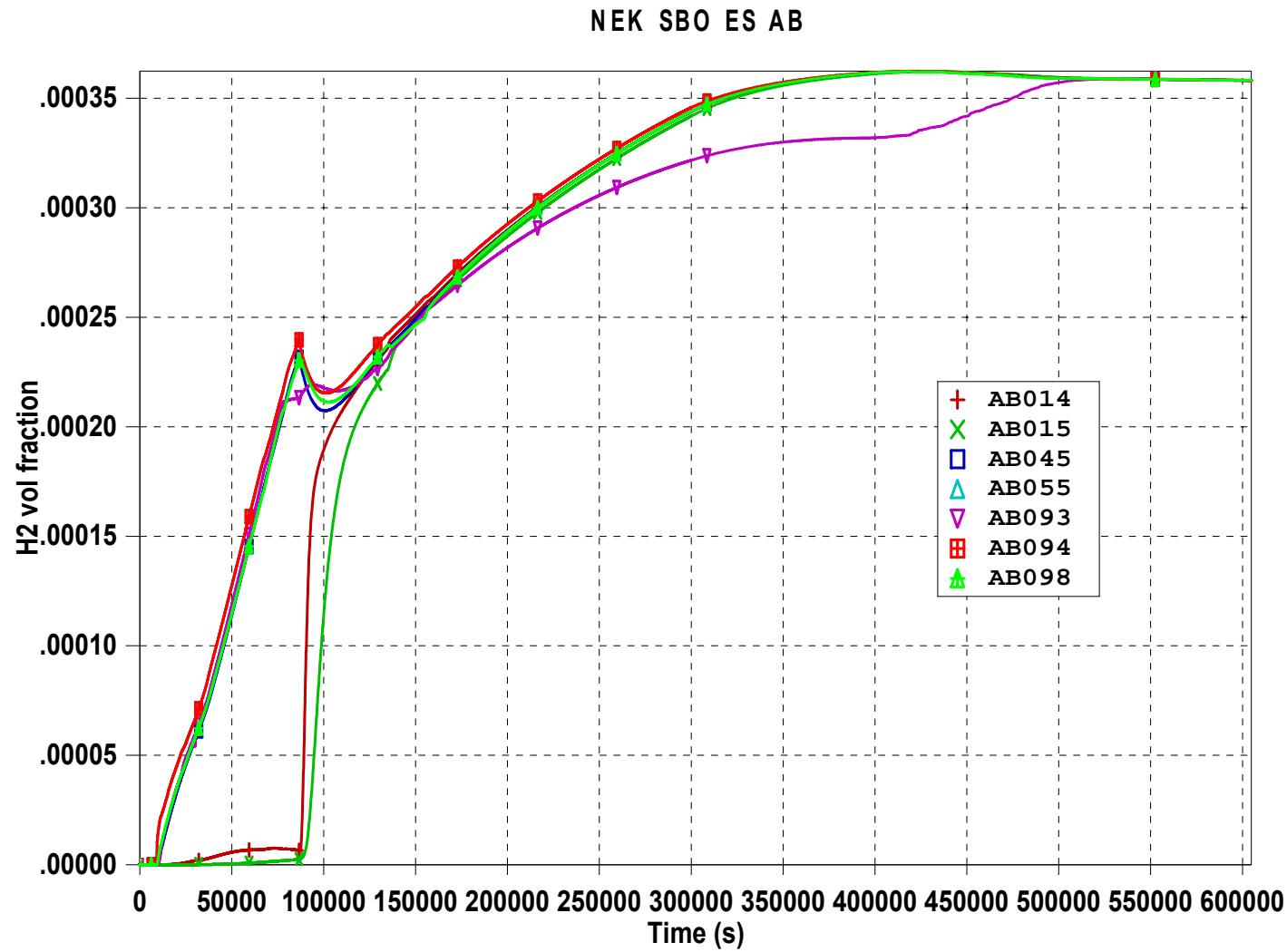
- NEK Equipment Survivability for DEC
- model similiar to the model developed in GOTHIC
- AB model has 115 control volumes, 202 flow paths and 510 heat structures, control functions are used for door opening on pressure difference



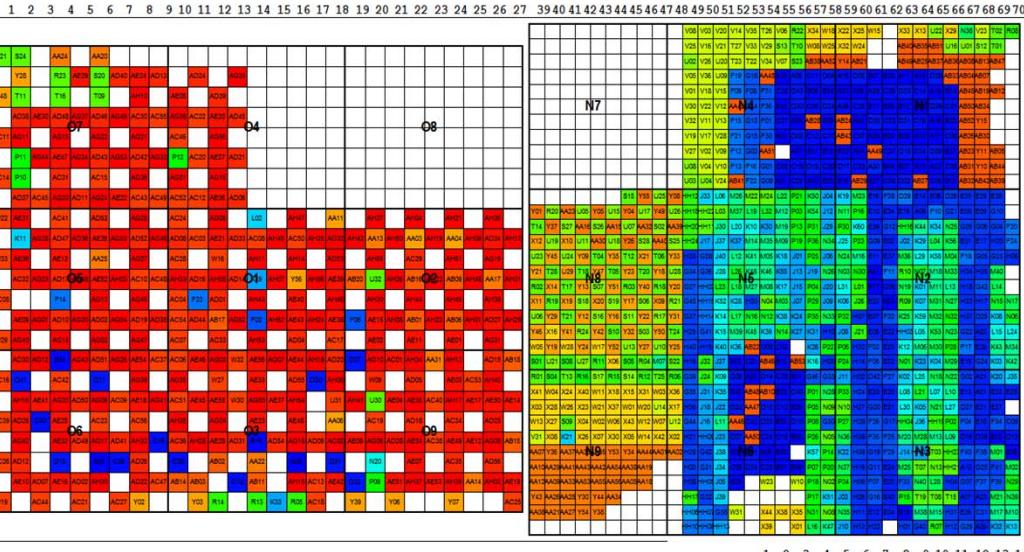
SBO accident – Temperatures in AB



SBO accident – H₂ concentration in AB



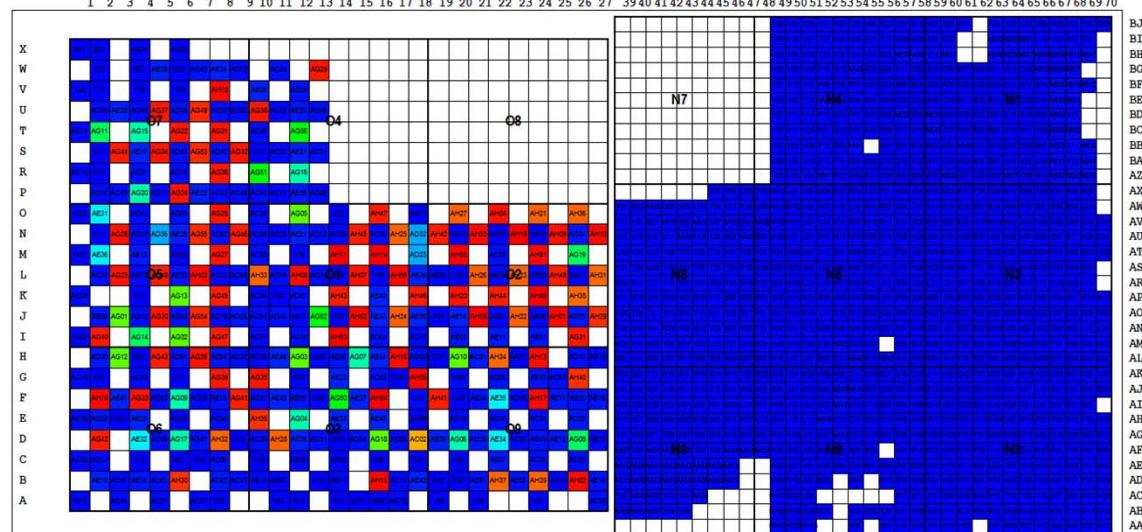
NEK SFP calculation



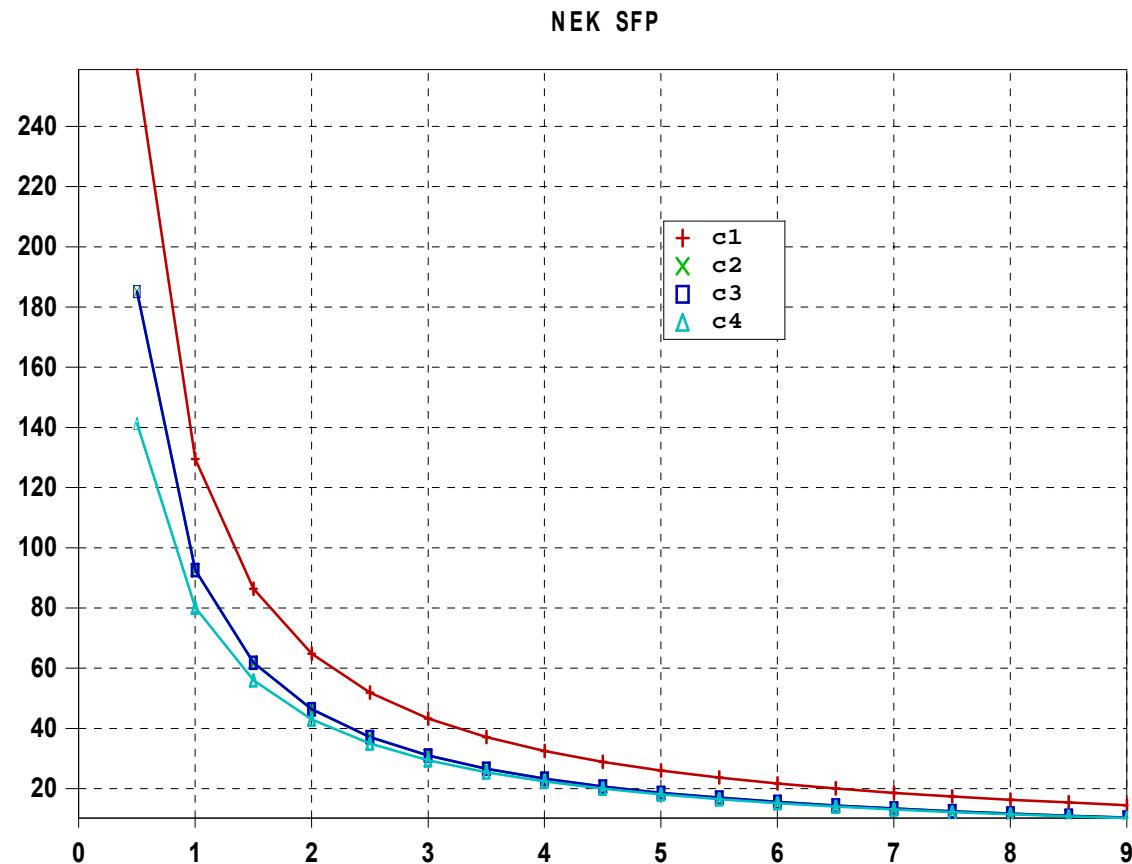
NEK SFP between two cycles
→ 9 days after shutdown

FAs 9 - 12150 days old

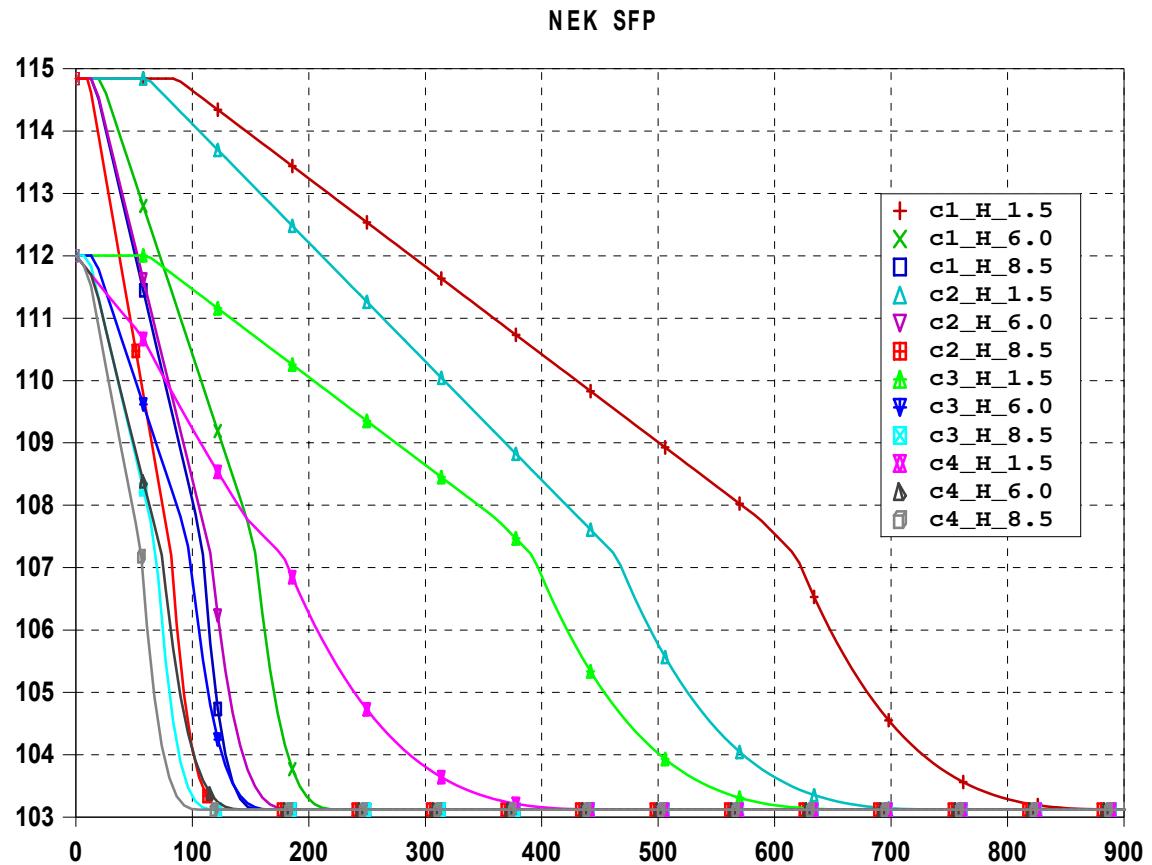
POWER	POWER SPAN	TOTAL
OLD	98 W – 52.82 kW	5.71 MW
NEW	89 W – 2.03 kW	0.573 MW
TOTAL		6.283 MW



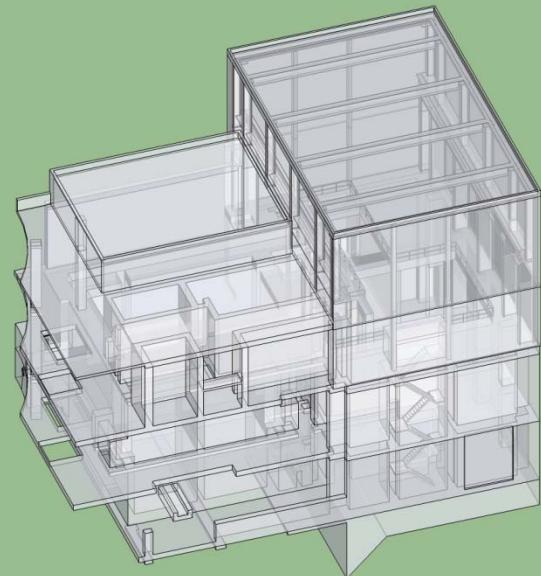
Time to boiling (h) vs. Decay heat (MW) for different scenarios



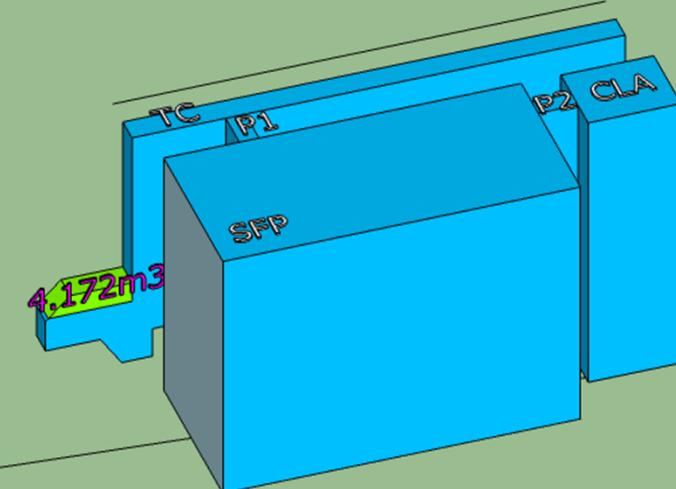
Elevation of water in pool (m) vs. time (h) for different scenarios and different level of decay heat (MW)



NEK SFP (3)

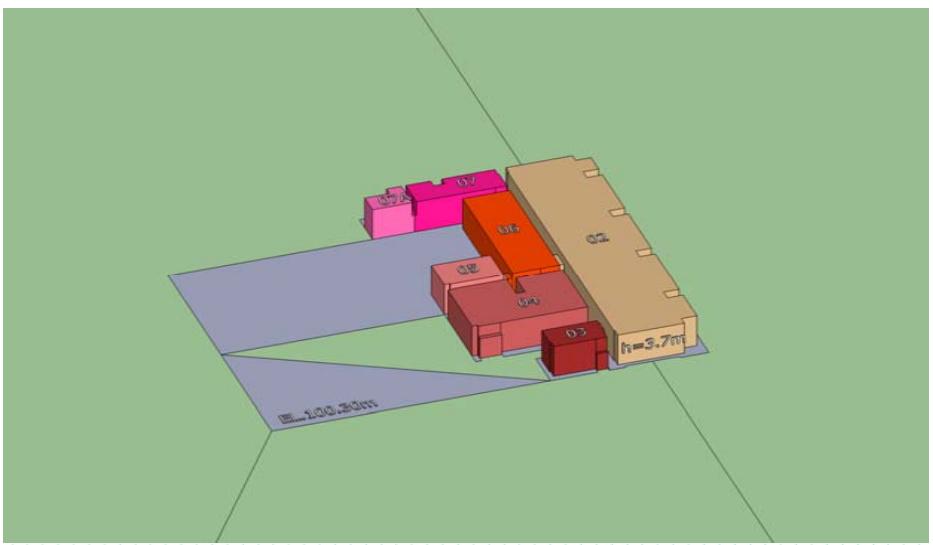
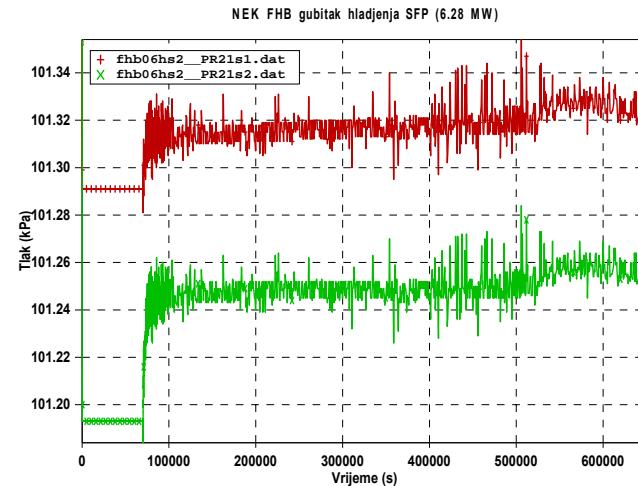
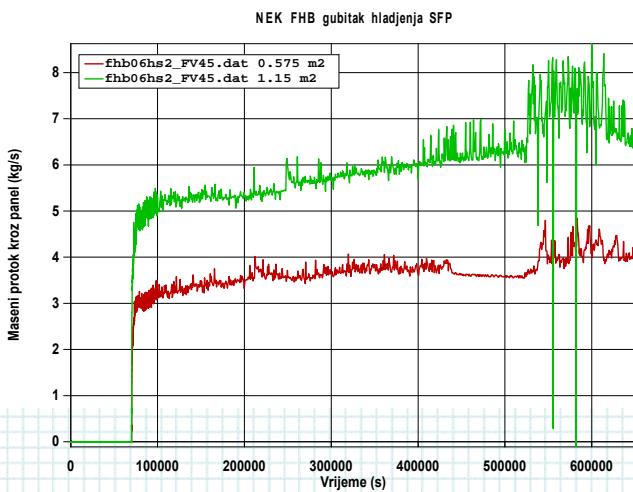
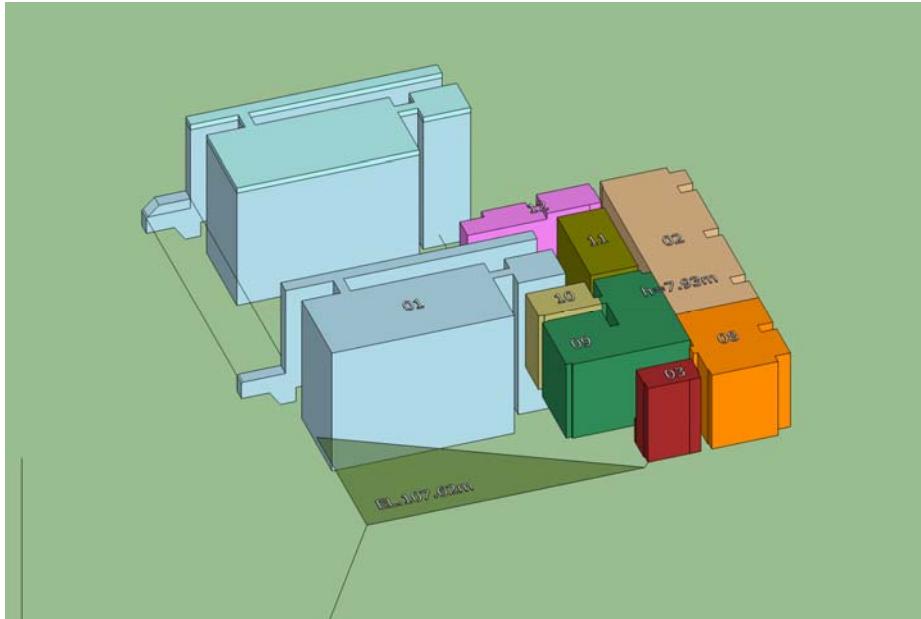


FHB

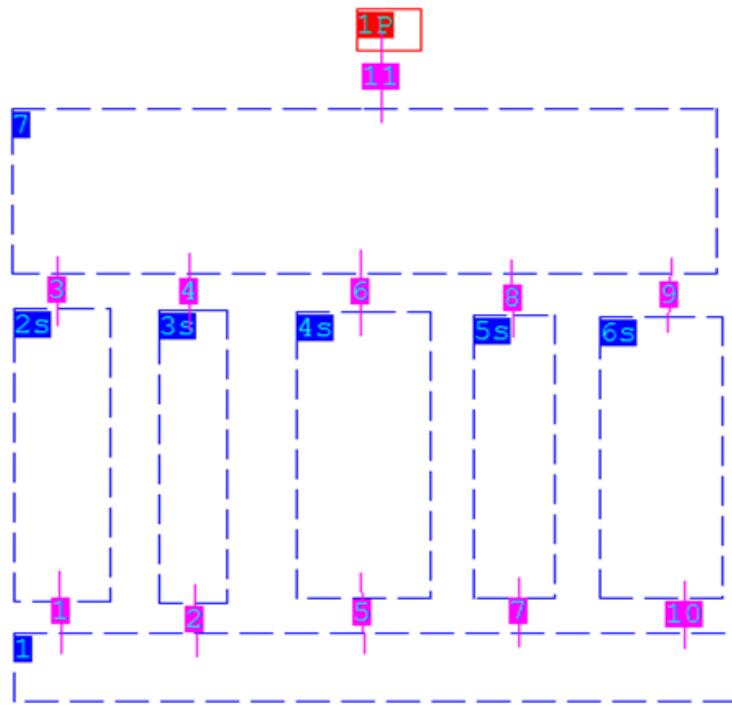


SFP

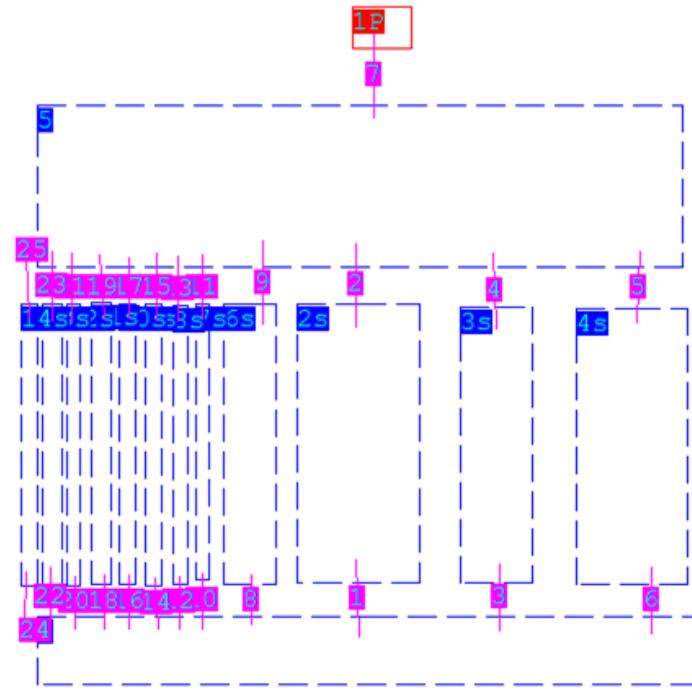
FHB model



SFP GOTHIC models

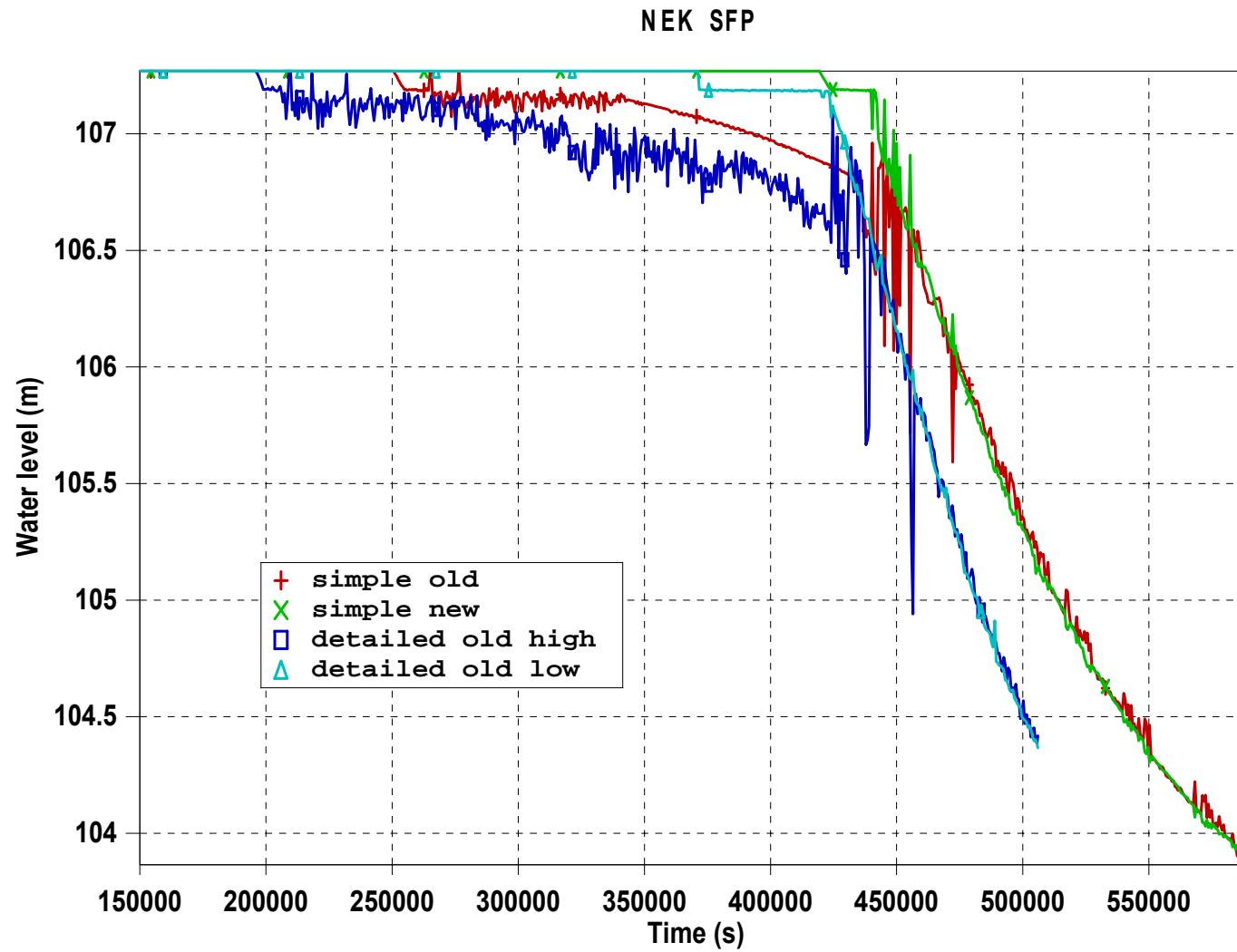


SFP model - simple

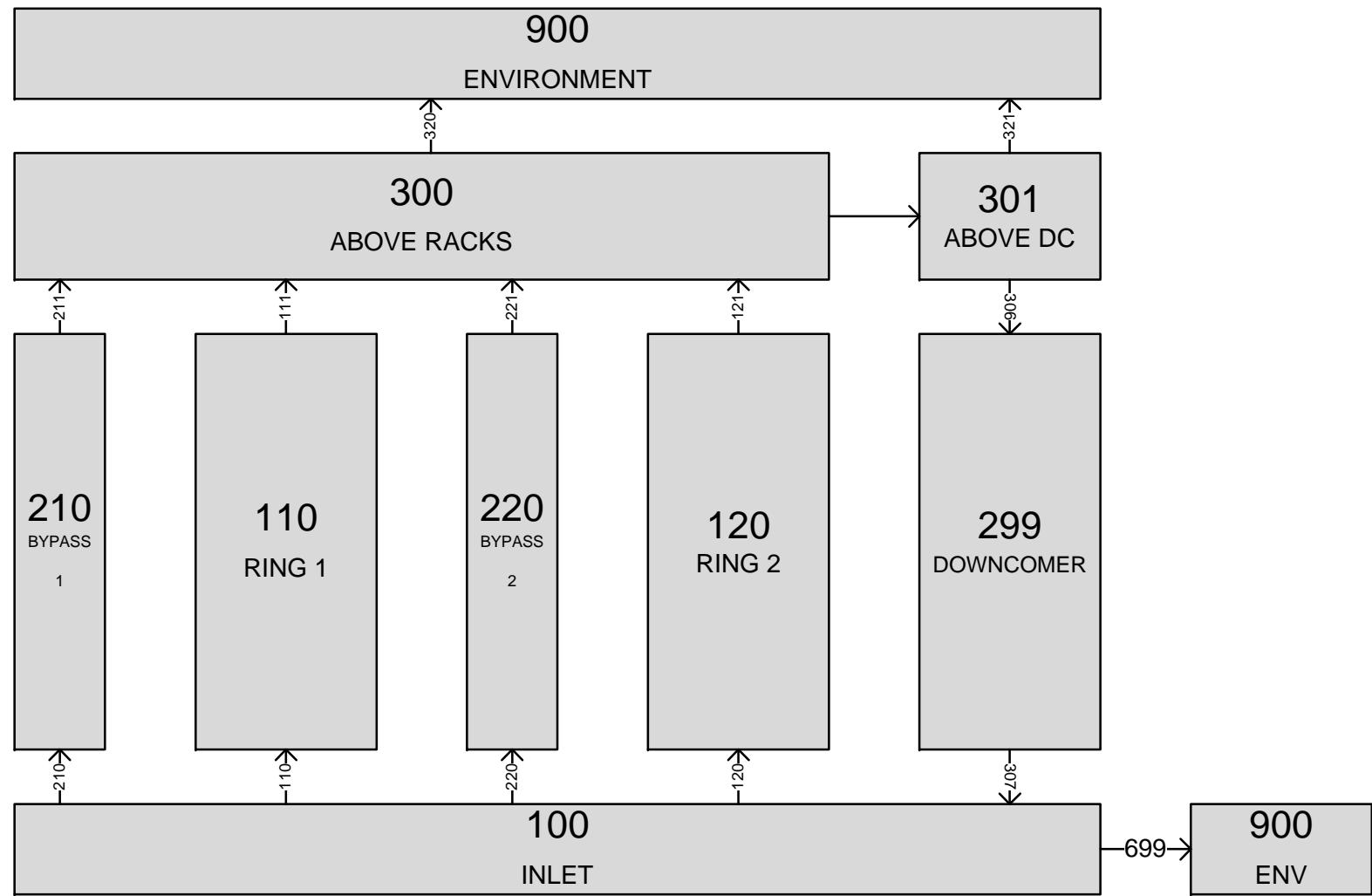


SFP model - detailed

SFP GOTHIC calculation

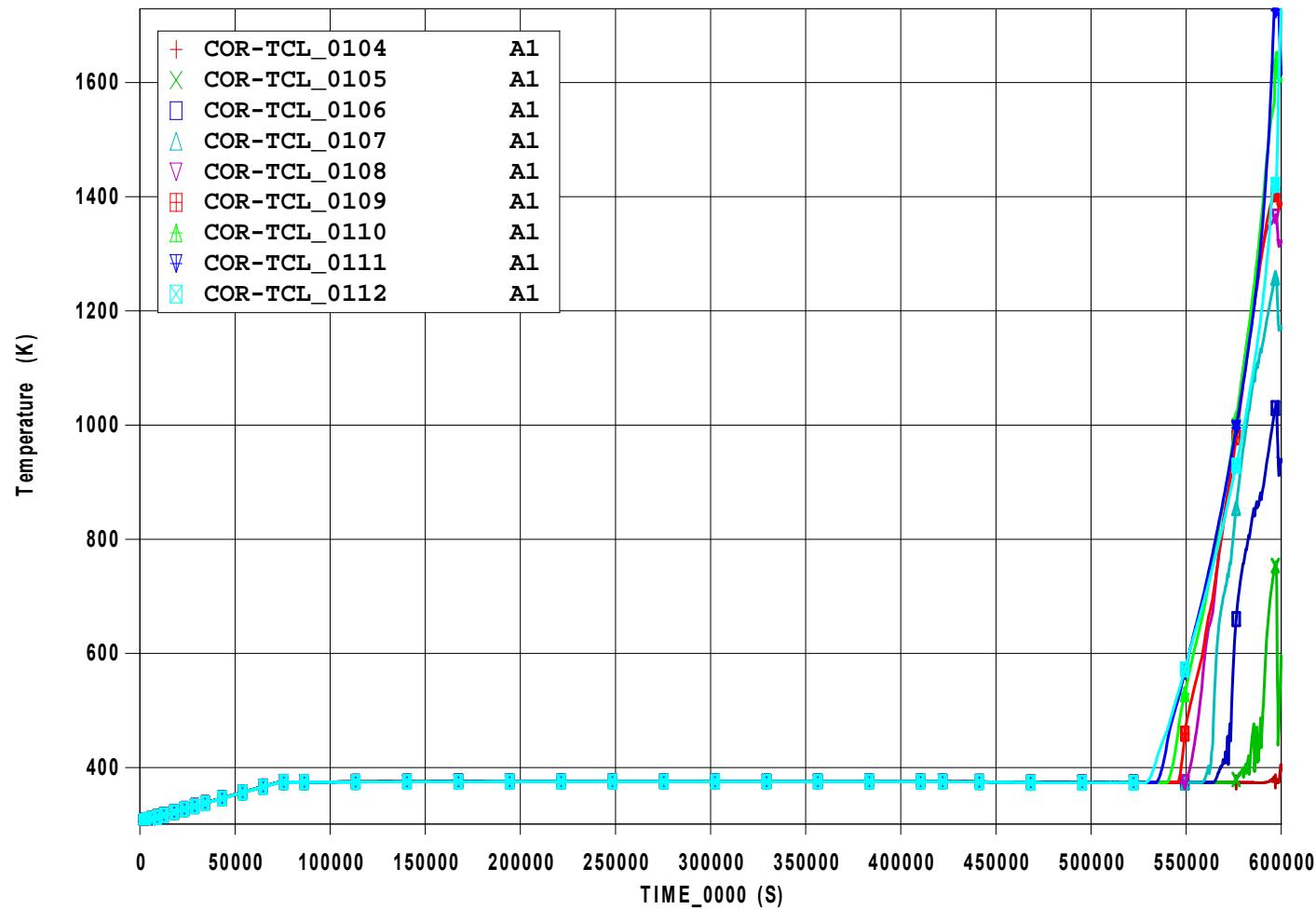


MELCOR SFP model



Without spray - 1 cm² break

SFP Separ/ 7/13/17 /17:45:20 /SFP



R5PLOT FER v2.4m 20:09:13, 13/07/2017

Without and with spray - 1 cm² break

