

# Ex-vessel LOCA for the European HCPB TBM system using the pedigreed MELCOR182 for fusion

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# Outline

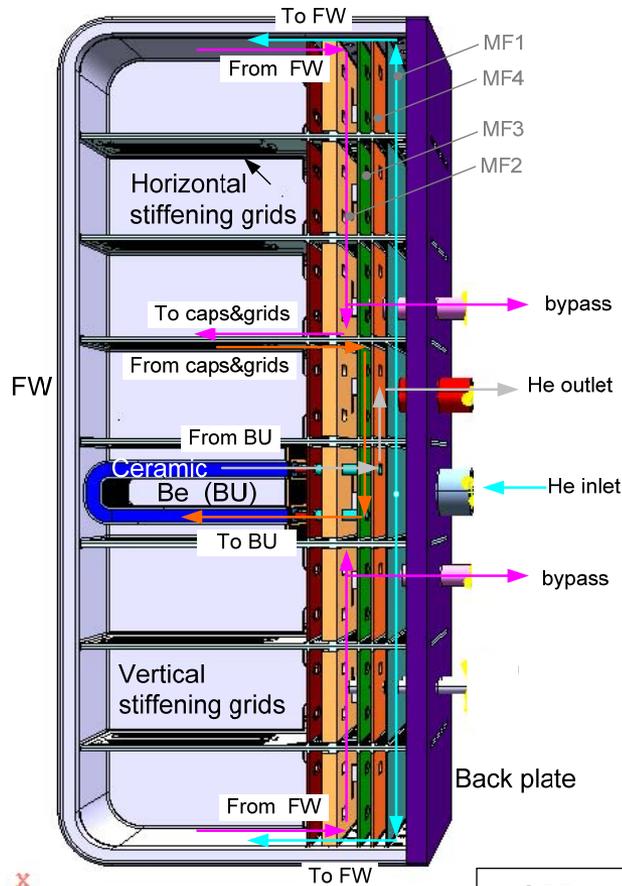
- Pedigreed MELCOR182 for fusion
- HCPB TBM and HCS
- Ex-vessel LOCA
  - Accidental sequence
  - MELCOR model for helium blow-down
  - MELCOR 3D-model for ½ BU
- MELCOR results & open issues

# Pedigreed MELCOR182 for fusion

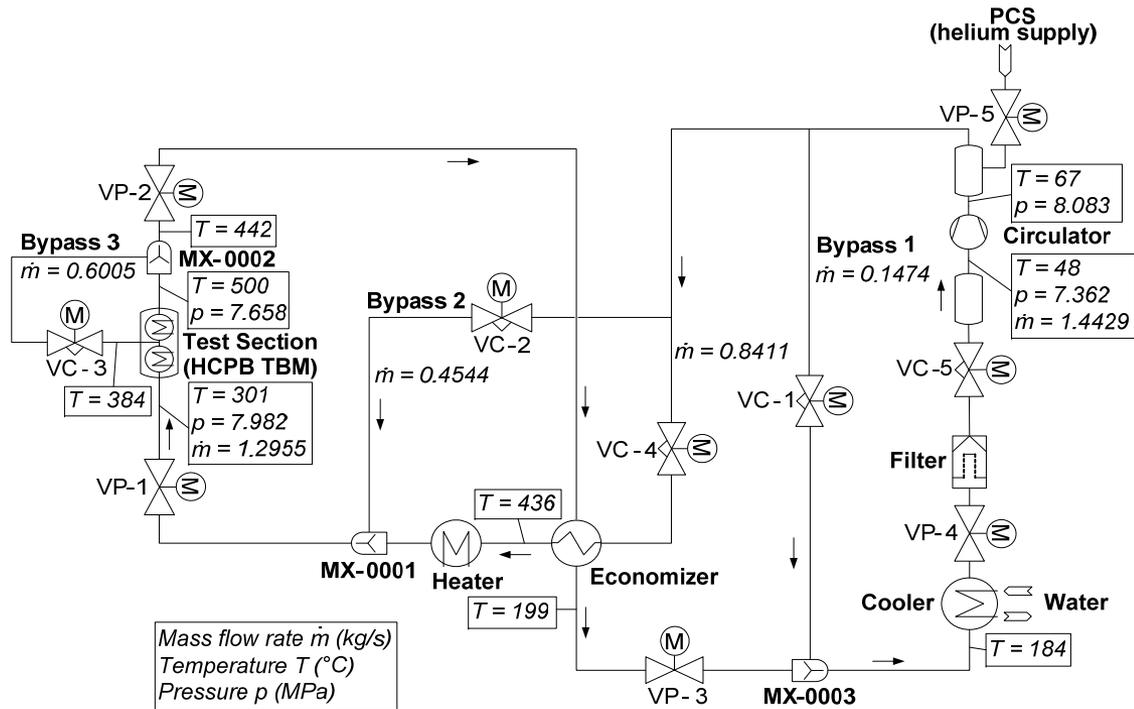
- The version is modified by INL for ITER purposes\*:
  - chemical oxidation reactions of steam with Be, C and W,
  - extension of water properties below its triple point temperature for Loss Of Coolant Accidents (LOCAs) into cryostats,
  - the cryogenic He or air as the primary fluid,
  - convective boiling,
  - HTO transport,
  - enclosure radiant heat transfer.
  
- In 2010 input deck limited to 9999 lines were extended, but the limitation for CV, FL, CF and TF (999) is not changed.

\* Merrill B.J., *Modifications to the MELCOR code for application in fusion accident analyses, Fusion Engineering and Design 51-52, 2000.*

## Vertical TBM box



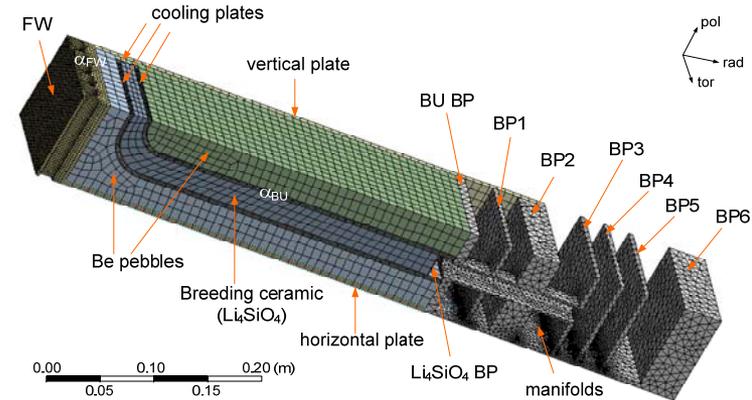
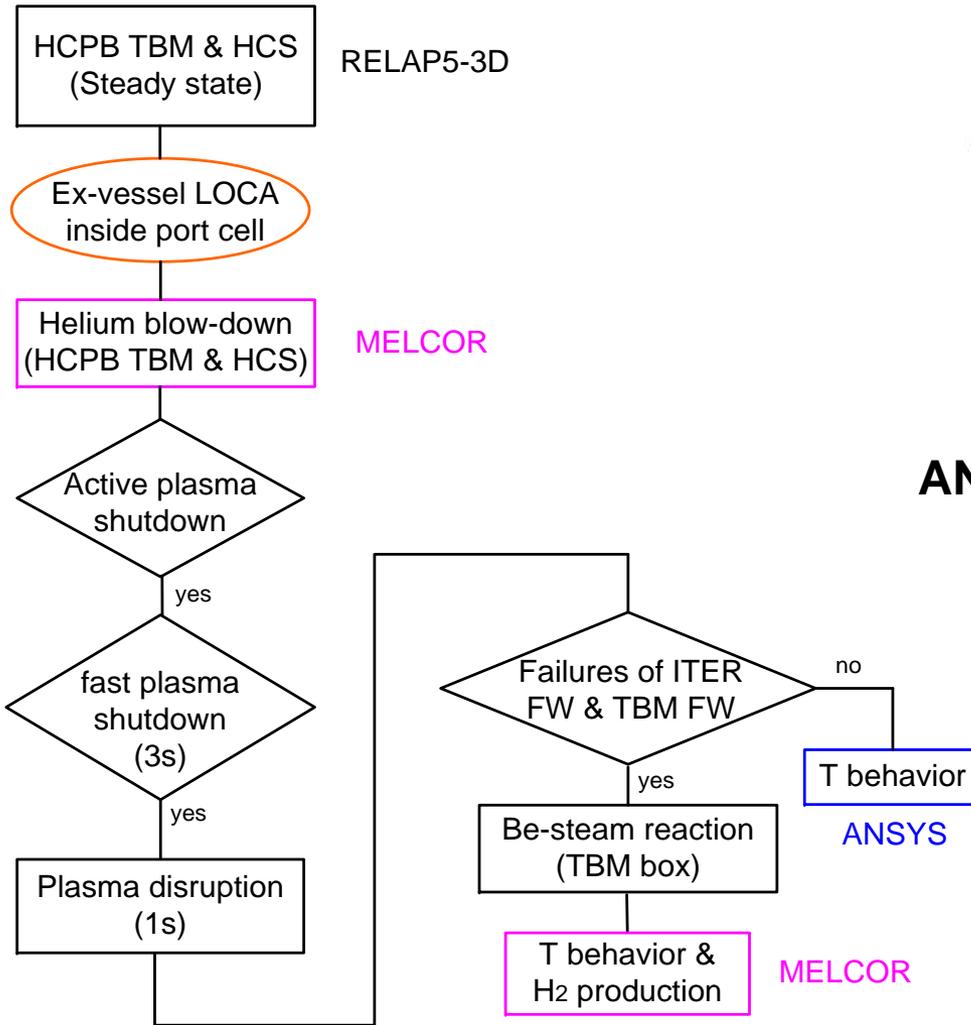
## HCS and results at steady state (RELAP5-3D)



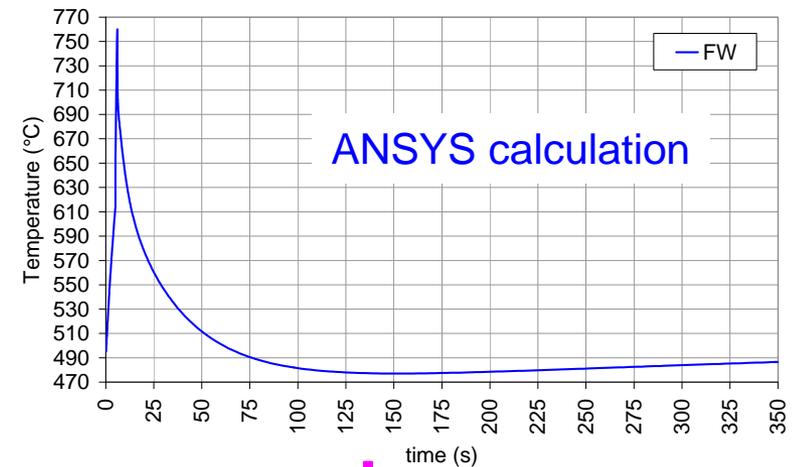
**Ex-vessel LOCA is assumed at the steady state**

- |                                |                  |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| HCPB: Helium Cooled Pebble Bed | FW: First Wall   |
| TBM: Test Blanket Module       | BU: Breeder Unit |
| HCS: He Cooling System         | MF: Manifold     |
| PCS: Pressure Control System   | MX: Mixer        |

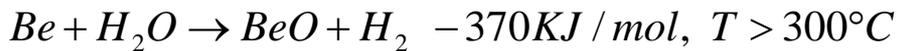
# Accidental sequence



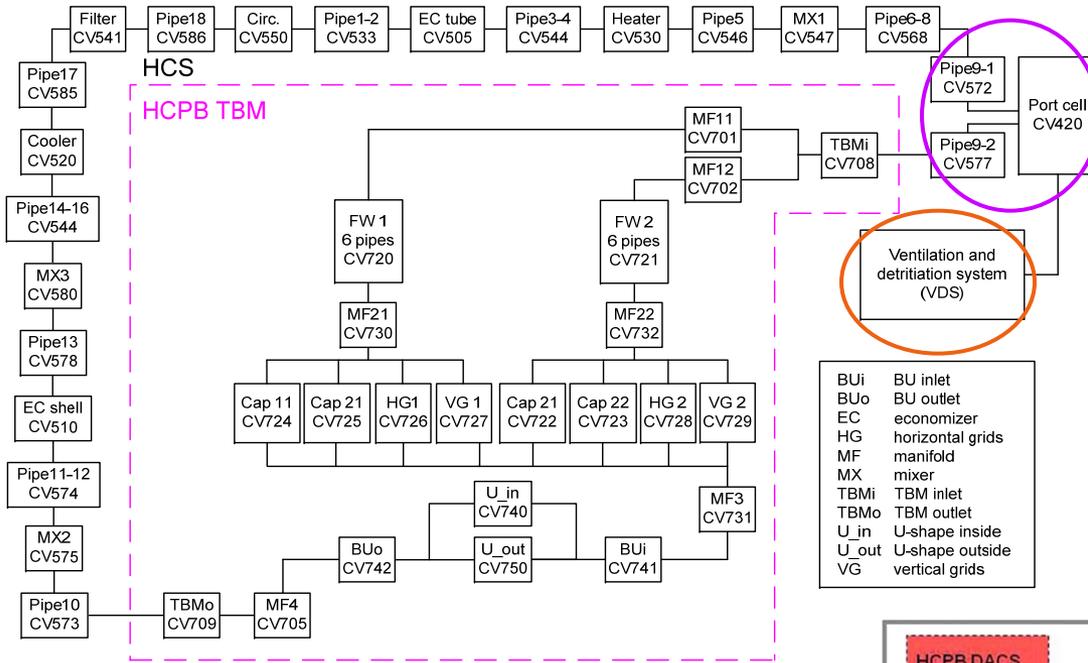
ANSYS 3D-model of the TBM with 1/4 BU



ANSYS-temperatures after the plasma disruption are MELCOR initial temperatures.



# Helium blow-down inside port cell

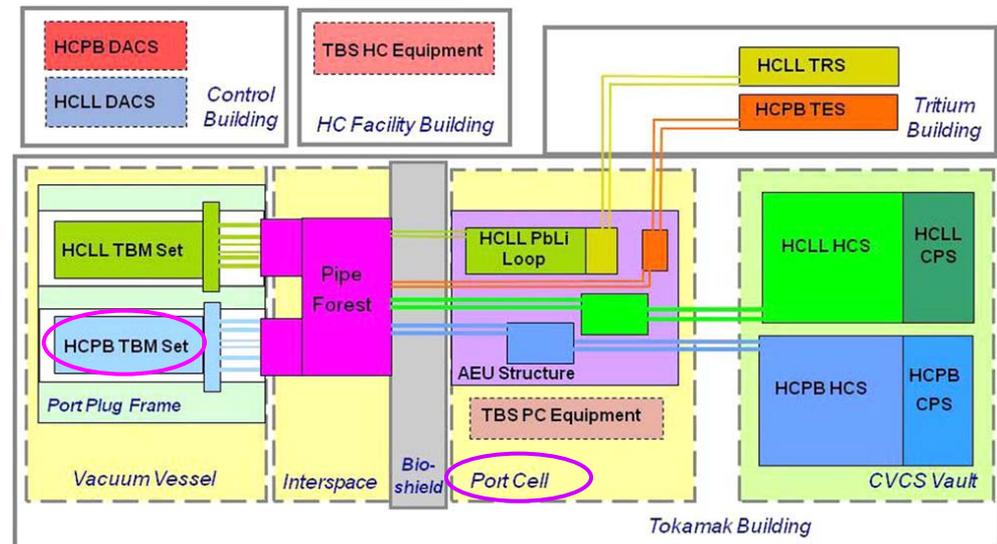


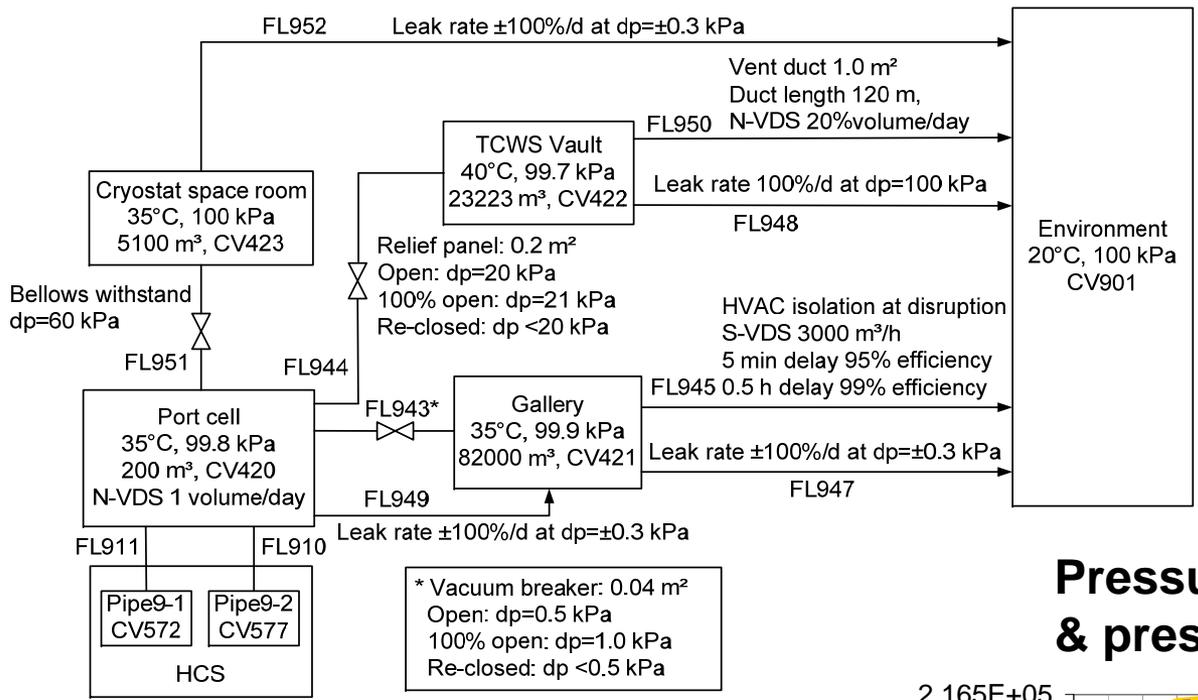
## Location of the port cell & HCPB TBM \*

## MELCOR nodalization for the HCS and HCPB TBM

\* Boccaccini L.V. et al., Present status of the conceptual design of the EU test blanket systems, Fusion Engineering and Design 86(2011) 478-483.

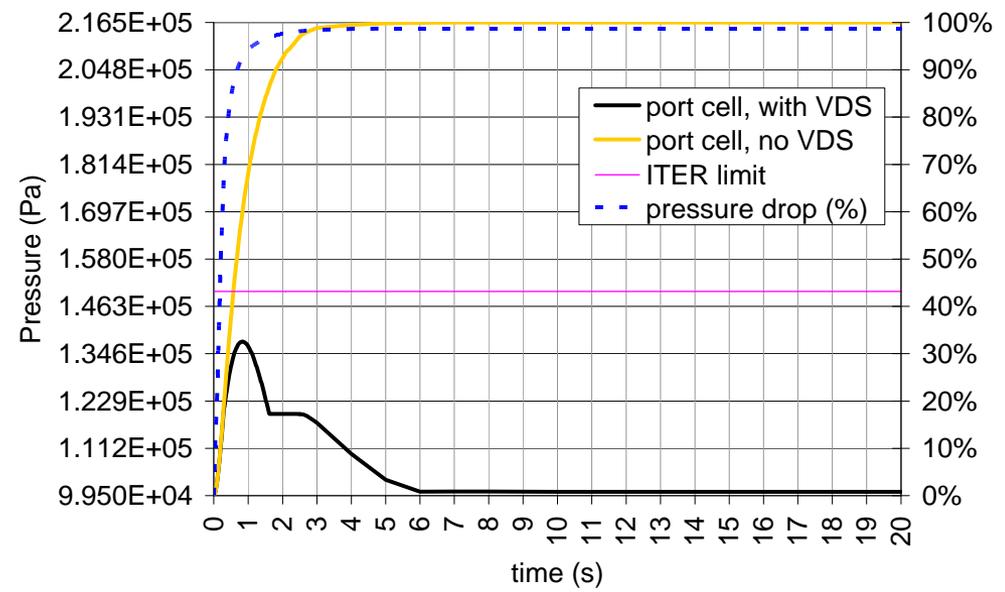
CVCS: Chemical and Volume Control Systems



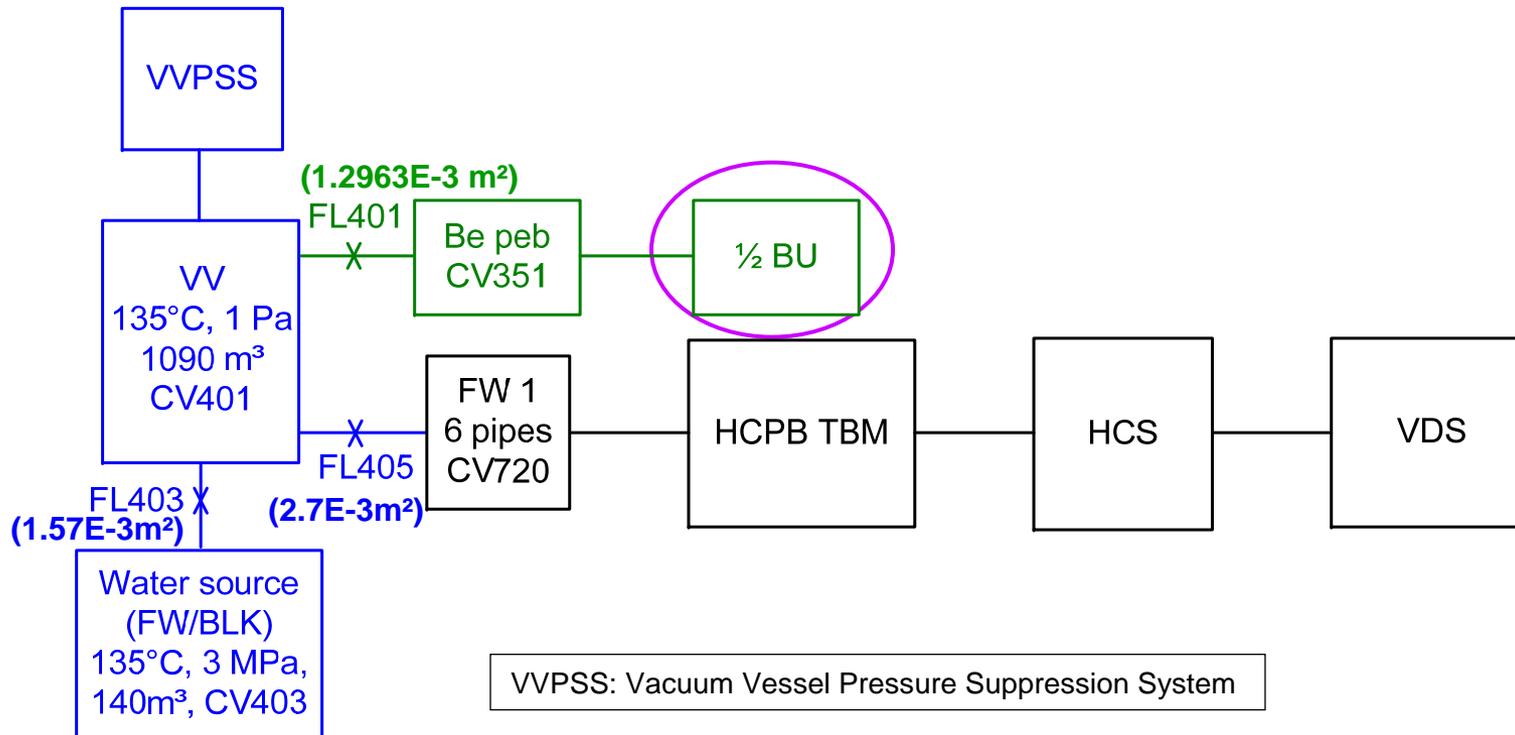


## MELCOR nodalization for the VDS

## Pressure behavior inside port cell & pressure drop of the system

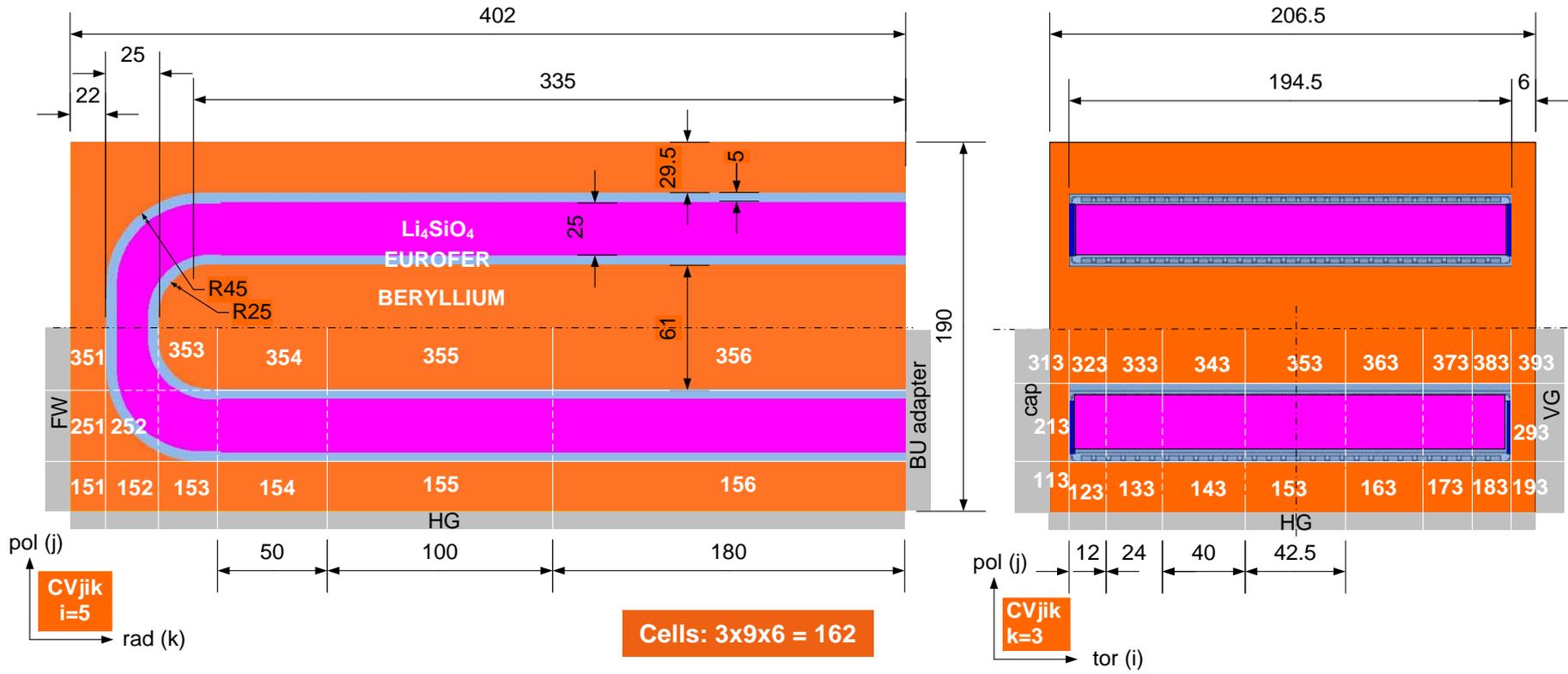


# Beryllium–steam reaction in the long term



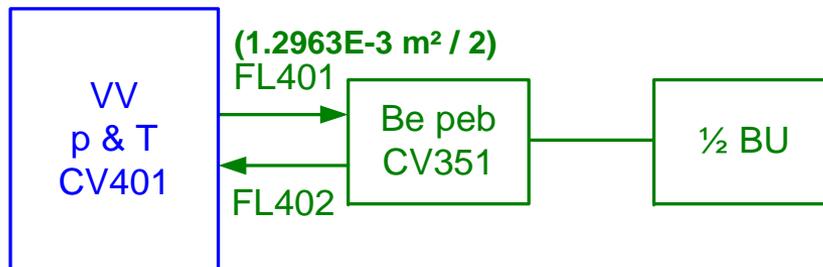
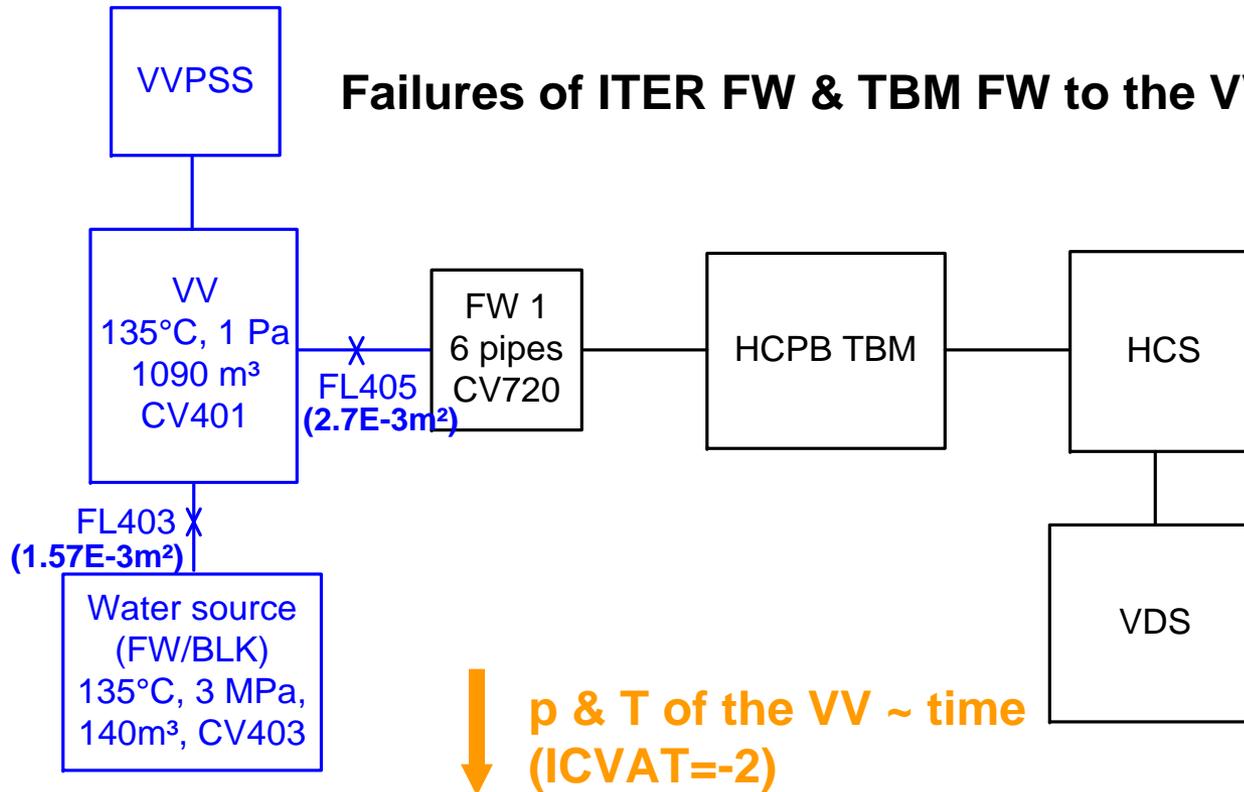
## MELCOR modelling for failures of ITER FW & TBM FW

# MELCOR 3D-model for 1/2 BU



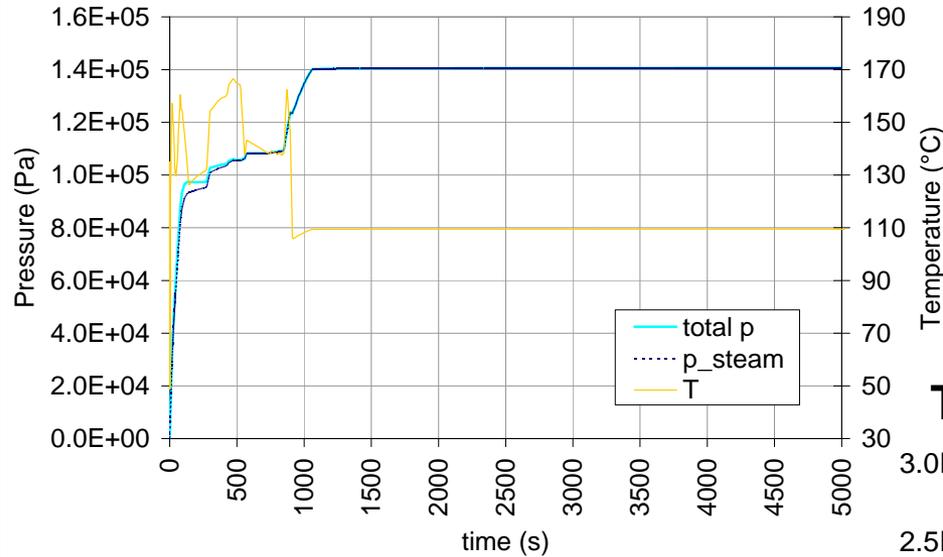
- modeling for 1 pebble  $d_{1\text{peb}} = 1 \text{ mm}$ ,  $\text{HSMULT} = N_{\text{peb}}$ .
- thermal conduction between adjacent cells by modeling the heat conducted from one cell to be received by a HS in the adjacent cell in the given direction.
- internal power source: decay heat as table function  $\sim \text{time}$ .
- radiation: gray-gas-a, emissivity 0.65.

## Failures of ITER FW & TBM FW to the VV



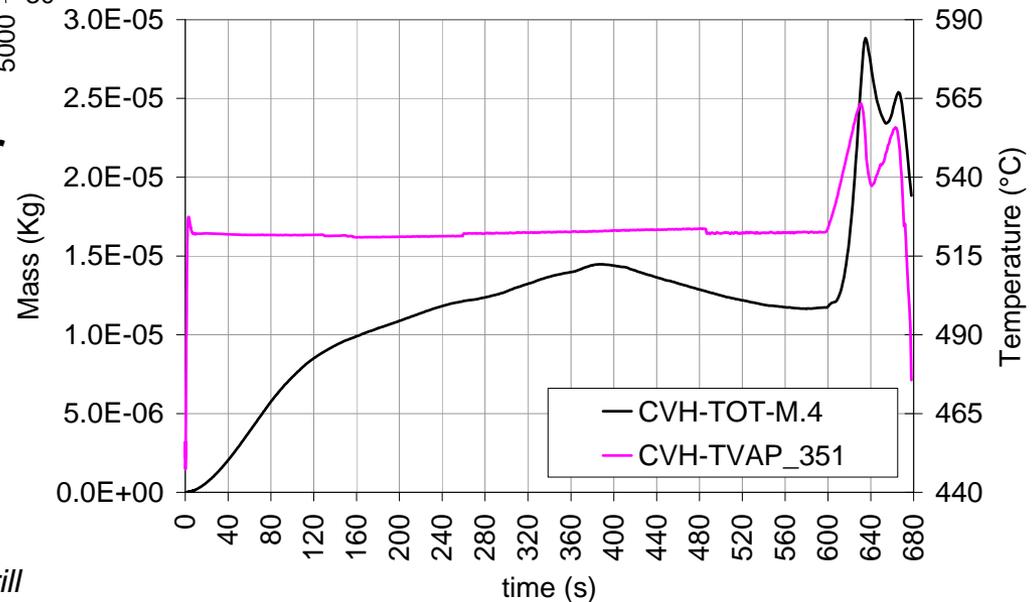
## Failure of TBM FW to the beryllium pebble bed

# MELCOR results in the long term



## Pressure and temperature behavior in the VV

## Temperature behavior and H<sub>2</sub> production



*H<sub>2</sub>-results for the first 400s are shown in [1] Jin X., Merrill B.J., Boccaccini L.V., Preliminary safety analysis of ex-vessel LOCA for the European HCPB TBM system, Fusion Engineering and Design, in press.*

$$t = 6.335626E+02 \quad DT(CVH) = 1.241800E-05$$

$$CPU = 1.469860E+07 = 170 \text{ days}$$

- Helium is treated as noncondensable gas.
- CVH-TOT-M.4 cannot show the total H<sub>2</sub> production of the system because p&T of the VV are specialized as a function of time.
- Round-off error due to the single precision of the version 1.8.2
- limitation for CV, FL, CF and TF (999).



**Updated MELCOR version for fusion is needed !**