

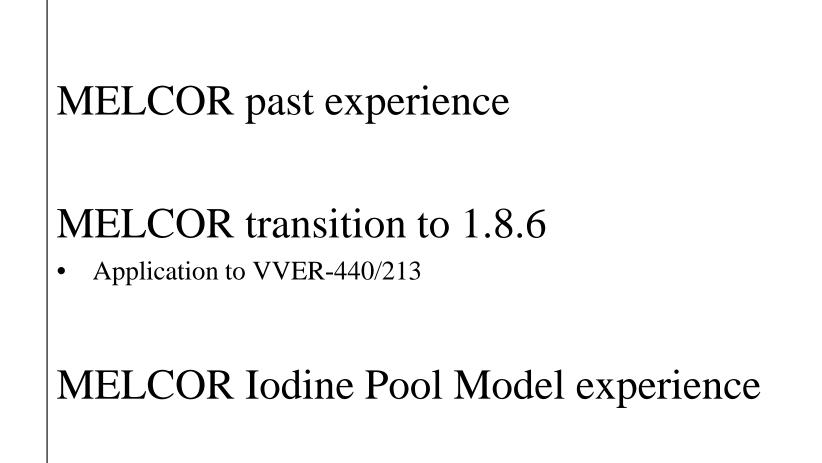


# Experience with MELCOR 1.8.5 and transition to 1.8.6 in VEIKI

1st. Meeting of the European MELCOR Users Group Hosted by Paul Scherrer Institute Villigen Switzerland December 15-16, 2008 Dr. Horváth L. Gábor, VEIKI, Budapest HorvathLG@aed.veiki.hu



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## MELCOR Past experince

## Successful application of MELCOR 1.8.3-1.8.5

1992-2008

- SBLOCA d=40mm, d=100mm, d=500mm, d=2\*500mm
- Loss of Feed-Water
- Station-Black-Out
- Interface LOCA Containment bypass
- PRISE Primary to Secondary Leakage
- Cross Comparison of MELCOR-MAAP-RELAP-SCDAP



# MELCOR experimental verification - recalculations

Successful application of MELCOR 1.8.3-1.8.5 in VEIKI to

- STORM
- KAEVER
- VANAM
- Phebus FPT-0
- Phebus FPT-1



## Major deficiencies of MELCOR eliminated with 1.8.6

Compared to MAAP4 – MAAP VVER

•Lower head heat loss and failure by creep rupture

- •Calculation of molten pools resulting in reduced H2 production from steel
- •Problems to model VVER-440 rod followers to be resolved by independent heat source in LP

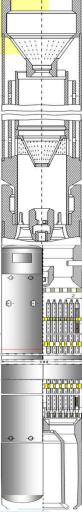
•Lower head failure is very sensitive to in-vessel degradation – still unclear



#### MELCOR VVER-440/213 model in 1.8.6

Unresolved modeling issues

"Neutron Trap" type control rods BWR model seems better Rod followers in the Lower Plenum extend core to LP Melt bypass to LP – extra resistance is the core "basket"

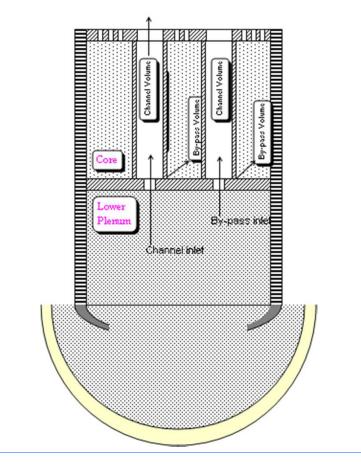


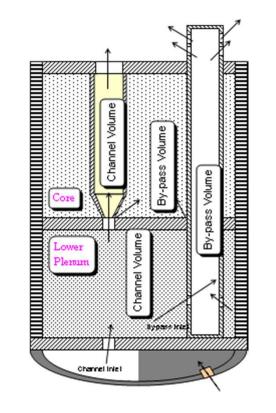


#### VVER-440/213 Rod followers

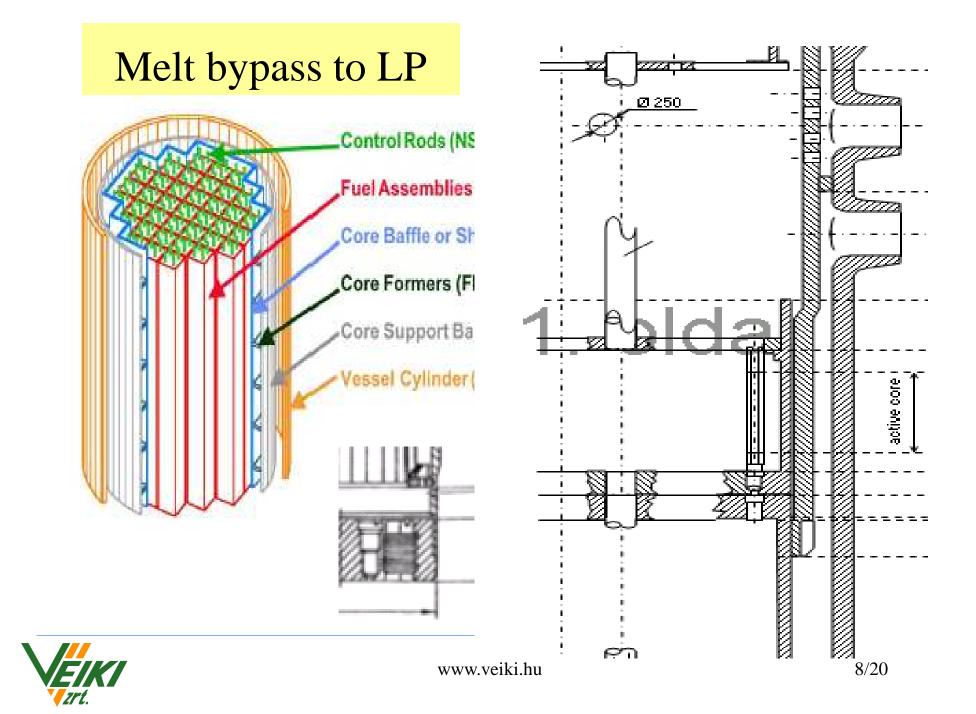
#### BWR model

#### Equivalent VVER-440 problem with fuel in bypass









#### Sensitivity to melt blockages at core entrance and core bypass

Full blockage at core entrance

- •depresses the LP level
- •depresses the core level
- •results in early melting of the followers
- •enhances H2 production

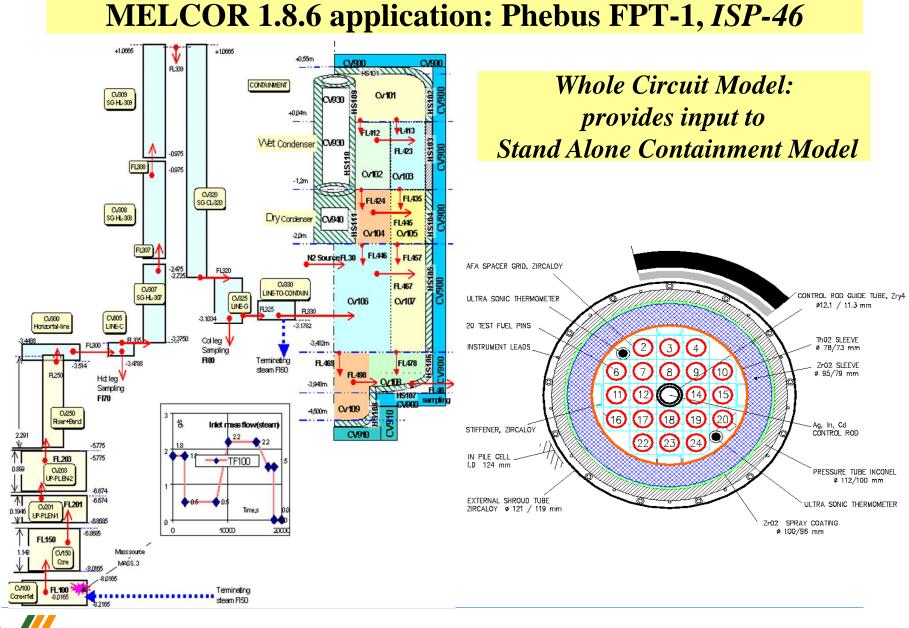


## **Induced break of Hotleg**

#### **Important in high pressure sequences:**

- Evaluated by Hotleg vs. Lower Head temperature
- MELCOR 1.8.3 only 1.8.6 has to be calculated
- Hotleg reaches high temperatures earlier than LH
- Counter-current flow NOT investigated





MELCOR 1.8.6 application: Phebus FPT-1, ISP-46

Experience of sensitivity studies with Whole Circuit Model

#### TNSmax-range: 1273-1623K

Optimum to reproduce the high structural aerosol release=1273-1300K

### **TRDfai-range: 2500-2800K**

No optimum found:

2500K – all fuel turned to 2800K - all fuel remained intact

**FcelR-range: 0.25-0.5 Deficiency: FcelR not radial dependent** Optimum for degradation found: 0.5 (with TRDfai=2500K

**DhyPD-range: 8-6-4mm Deficiency: PD-constant 186 pools?** Optimum for structural aerosol release found: 6mm (radiation cracks in pellets)



#### MELCOR 1.8.6 application: Phebus FPT-1, *ISP-46*

Major conclusion

Inactive structural material aerosol release is unresolved

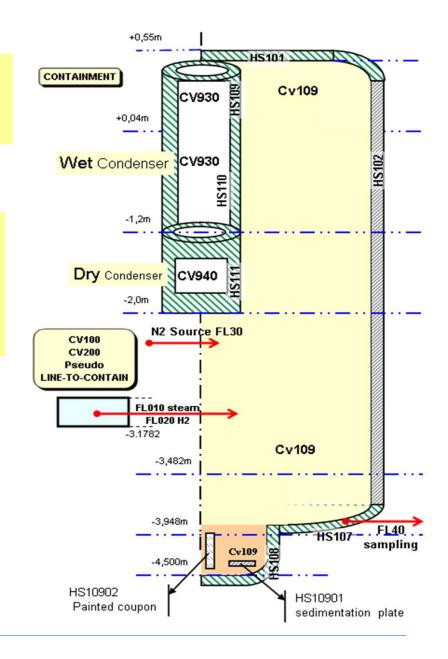


#### MELCOR 1.8.6 application: Phebus FPT-1, *ISP-46*

Stand Alone Containment Model for Iodine Poll Model

(Needed to increase calculation speed DTmax=10s)

Whole Circuit Model: provides input to Stand Alone Containment Model

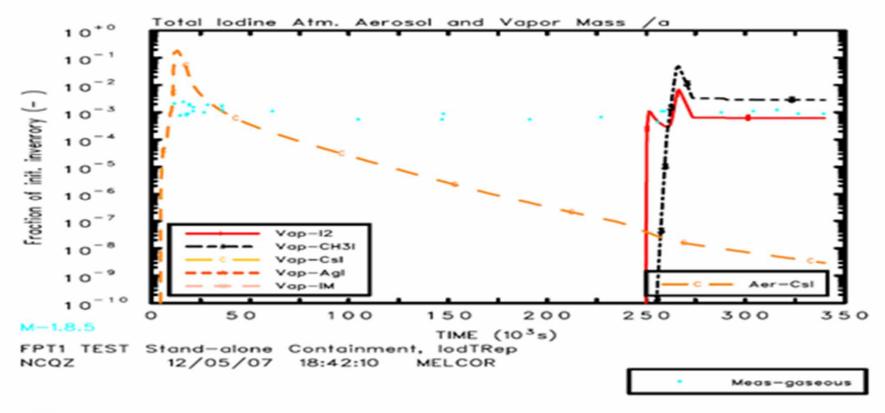




#### MELCOR 1.8.6 application: Phebus FPT-1, ISP-46

Experience with Stand Alone Containment Model

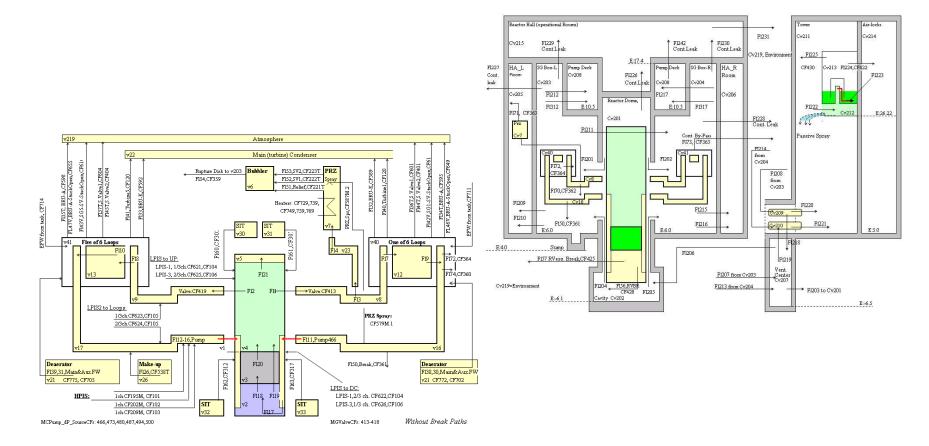
Reproduced volatile iodine mass in cont. However with large mass balance error





#### MELCOR 1.8.6 application: VVER-440/213

Whole Circuit Model: provides input to Stand Alone Containment Model





#### MELCOR 1.8.6 application: VVER-440/213

Whole Circuit Model: provides input

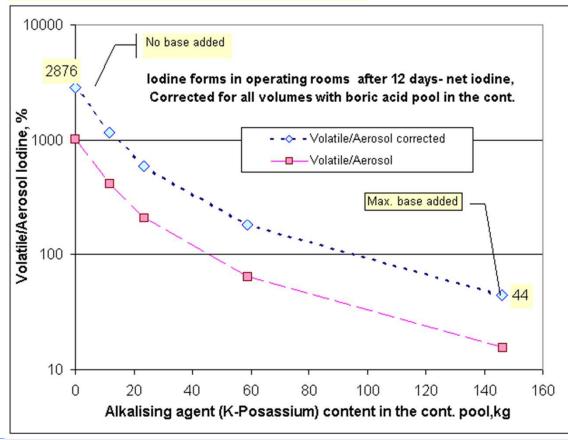
#### Stand Alone Containment Model for Iodine Poll Model (Needed to increase calc. speed DTmax=30s)

#### E:48.6 Tower fall (operational Rooms) 104833 m<sup>3</sup> 3972 m<sup>3</sup> > F1231 Cv211 F1229 Cont.Leak ↑ F1242 ContLeak F1230 Cont.Leak **←**F1225 Cv219, Environment E:17.4 HA R Cv213 F1224 CF42 SG Box-L Pump Deck Pump 1 eck SG Box-R CF430 3049,5m<sup>3</sup> Cv208 F1226 1 3049,5m<sup>3</sup> Room 7493,7m<sup>3</sup> Cv203 1724 m<sup>3</sup> Cont.Leak Cv208 Cv204 2926,4m3 F1212 F1217 Cv206 Reactor Dome, E:10.5 F1317 E:10.5 F1312 270m3 F1222 Cv212 F1228 Cont. Leak Cv201 F1211 Passive Sprav F1214 from F1201 F1202 Cv204 F1208 from Cv203 F1220 F1215 1.0200 SE4m F1221 F1216 ×210 5 E:6.0 E:6.0 F128 Sump F1206 F1219 Vent. F1207 from Cv203 Center F1204 FLS6 RVBR nent F1213 from Cy204 F1203 to Cv201 F1205 E:-6.1 Cavity Cv202, 318n 4092,7m<sup>3</sup> E



#### MELCOR 1.8.6 application: VVER-440/213

#### Experience with Stand Alone Containment: Iodine Pool Model



•With similar pH, iodine inventory fraction is similar to Phebus FPT-1

•Mass balance error still large



#### MELCOR 1.8.6 application: VVER-440/213

Experience with Iodine Pool Model

- Code freezing and unrealistic results if more than 2 CVs activated (RNCVon) Some CVs may have low pH apart from others generating volatile Iodine
- Special additives for VVERs Hydrazine (N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>) not handled
- Mass balance error still large



Thank you for the attention

