



Wir schaffen Wissen - heute für morgen

Implications of global challenges and uncertainties for regional energy strategies

World Engineers' Convention 2011

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Outline

① Swiss energy strategies in a global context

② Methodology

- MERGE

③ Case studies

- Business as usual scenario
- Climate stabilization scenarios

④ Policy implications

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What?

- Determine how efforts to promote a sustainable Swiss energy system may affect, and be affected by global/regional influences
- Identify robust technology and policy options.

How?

- Develop a model of the global energy system with an explicit representation of Switzerland
- Analyze how policy and technology options for Switzerland are affected by global factors. Different scenarios of:
 - Global economic and technological development
 - Resource availability and depletion
 - Climate change policy regimes

- Climate stabilization scenario:
 - Role of nuclear
 - Resources: Fast Breeder Reactor
- Fukushima:
 - Nuclear phase out in Switzerland
 - Global phase out of nuclear
 - How does this affect climate stabilization scenarios?

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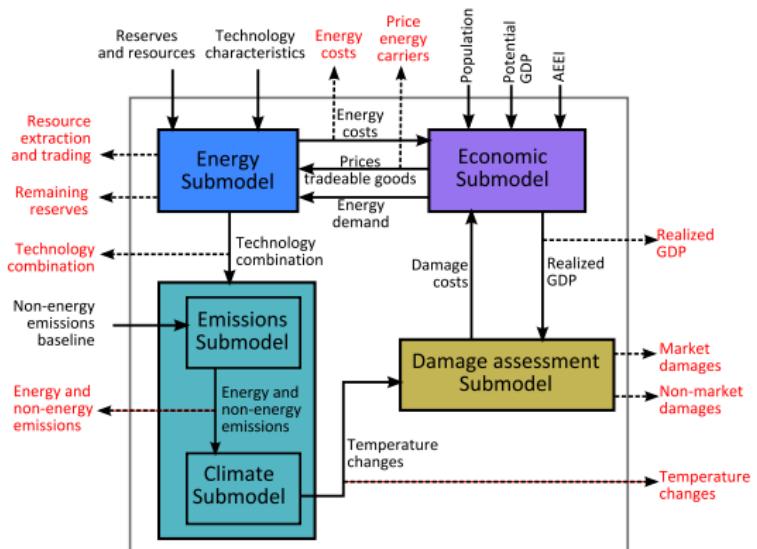
③ Case studies

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- Climate stabilization scenarios

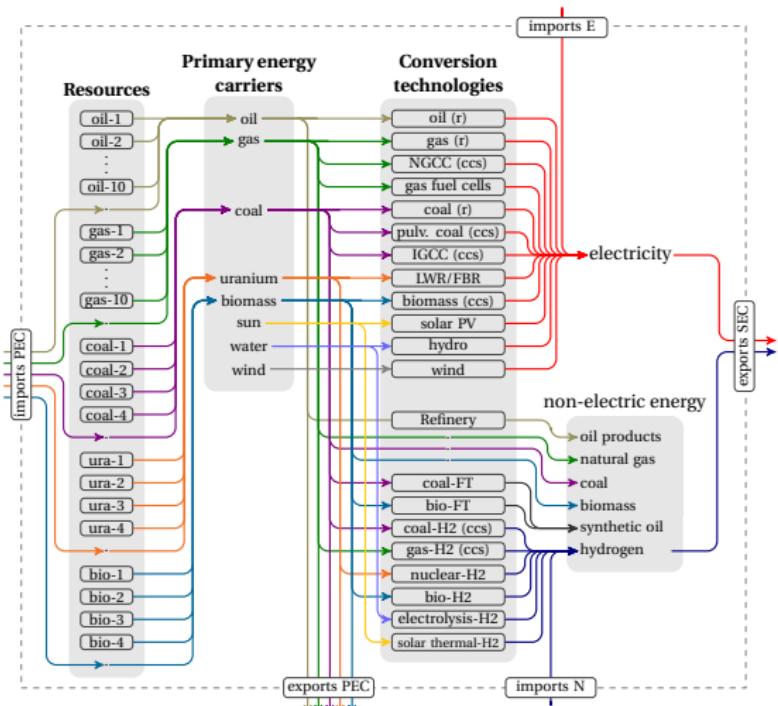
④ Policy implications

Model for Estimating the Regional and Global Effects of GHG reductions
(Manne, Mendelsohn, and Richels, 1995)

→ Integrated assessment model

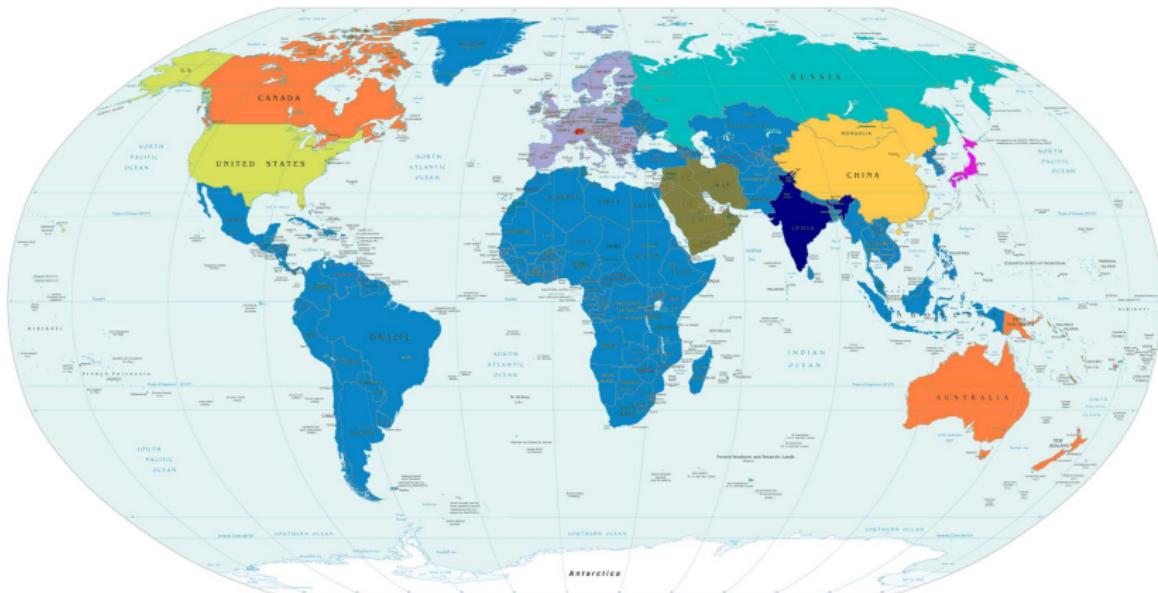


Energy submodel: Reference energy system



(r)=remaining (ccs)=carbon capture and storage

Regions definition



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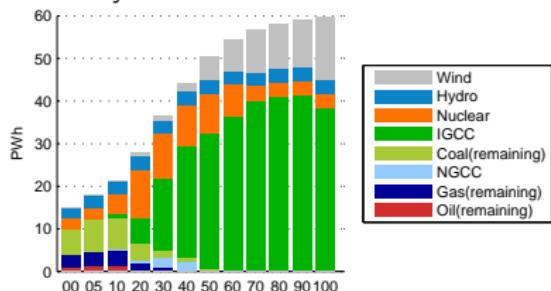
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Business as usual scenario

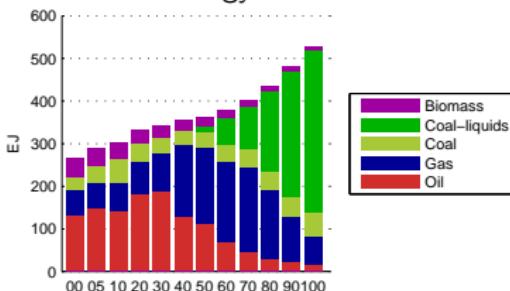
- Based on the B2 scenario from the IPCC's Special Report on Emission Scenarios
- No climate policy or impact of climate change

Global

Electricity



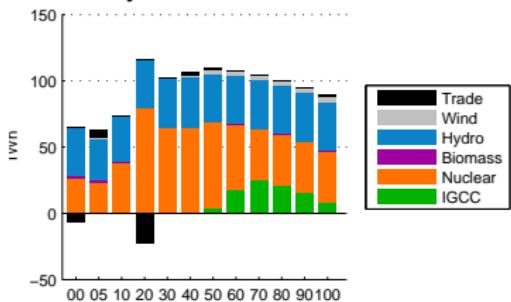
Non-electric energy



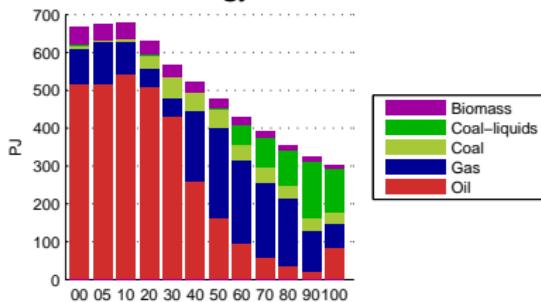
Business as usual scenario

Swiss region

Electricity



Non-electric energy



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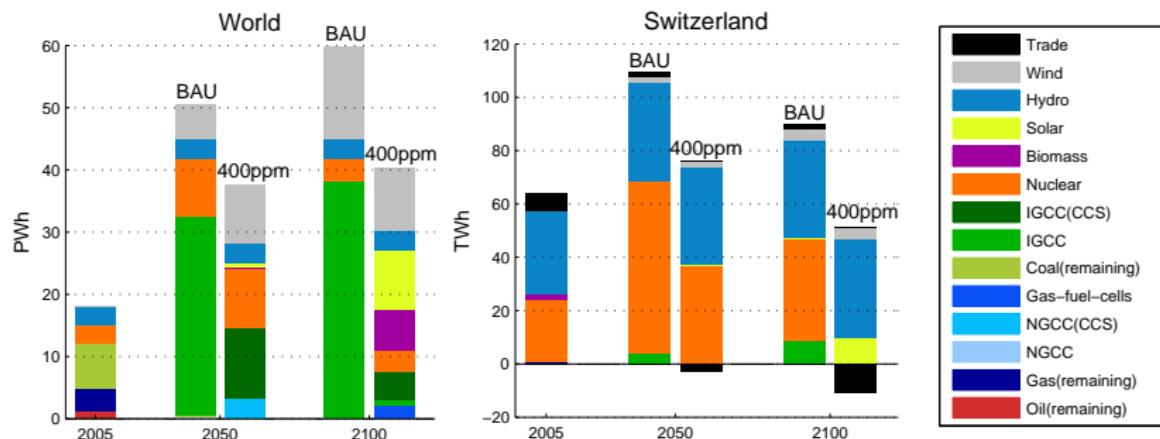
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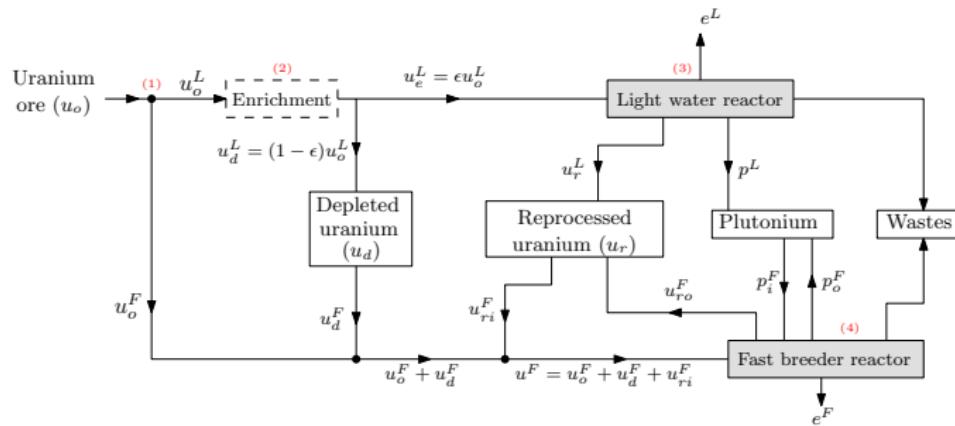
Climate stabilization scenarios

- BAU: 784 ppm CO₂ by 2100
- Stringent long term CO₂ target: 400ppm → 2°C



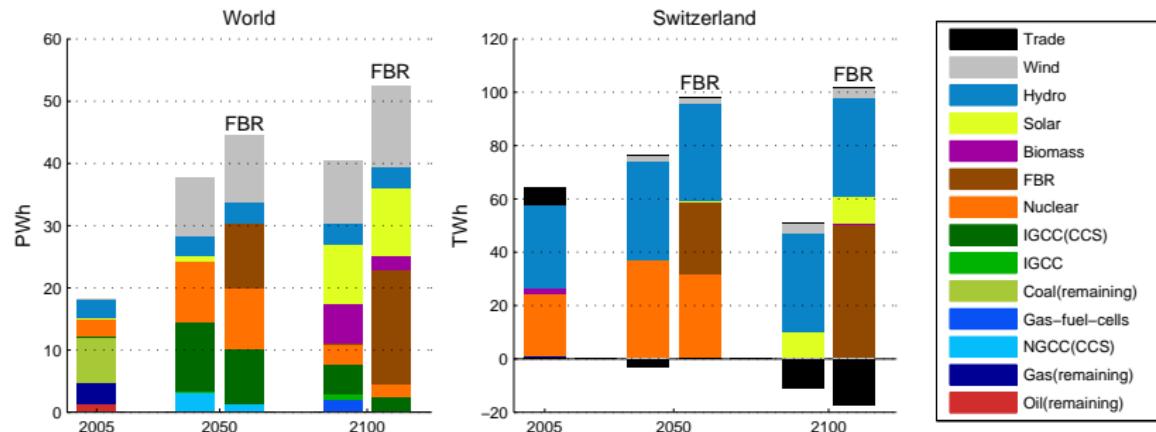
FBR: an option for climate stabilization?

Simplified Nuclear cycle



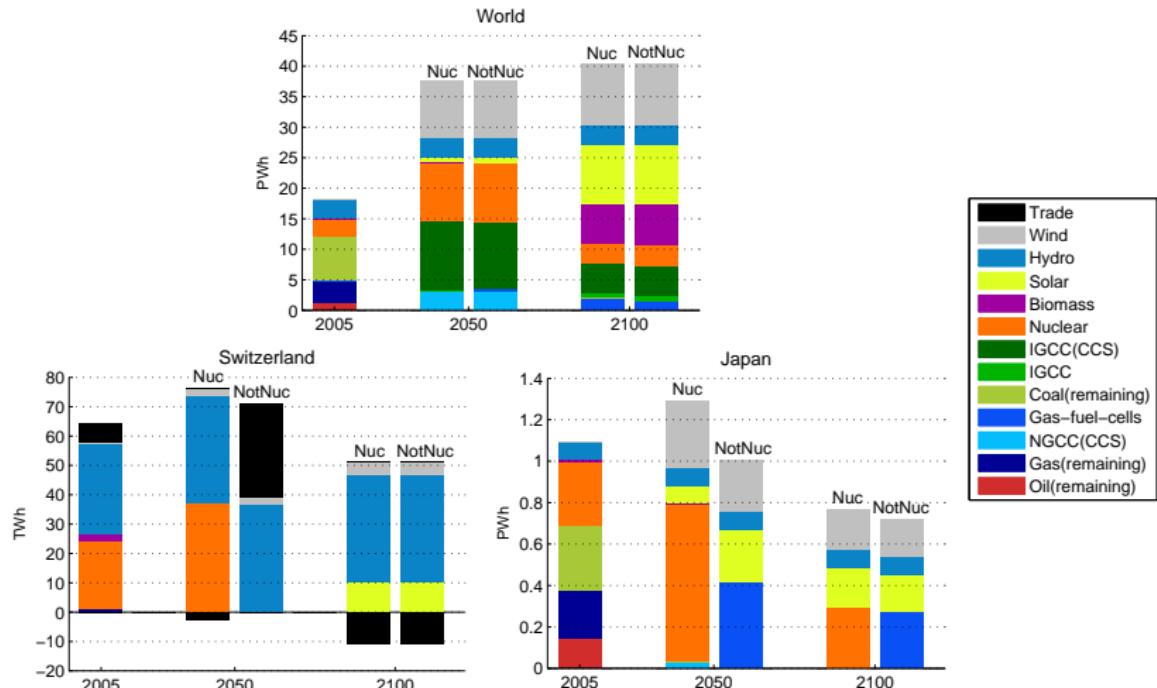
FBR: an option for climate stabilization?

400 ppm scenario with and without FBR



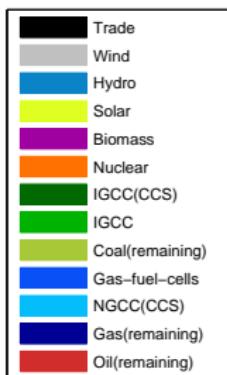
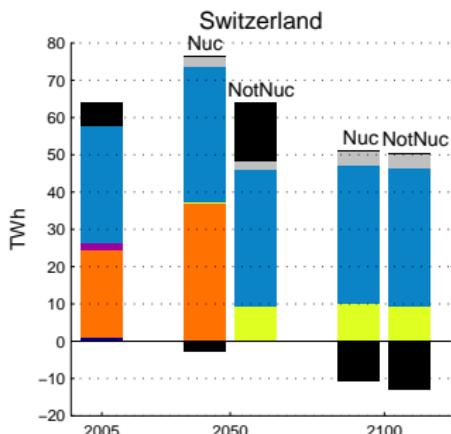
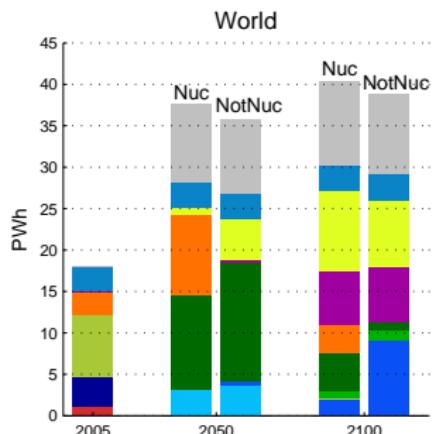
Nuclear development uncertainty

400 ppm scenario with nuclear phase out in CH and Japan

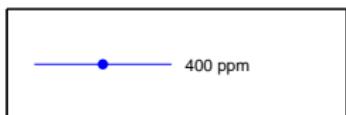
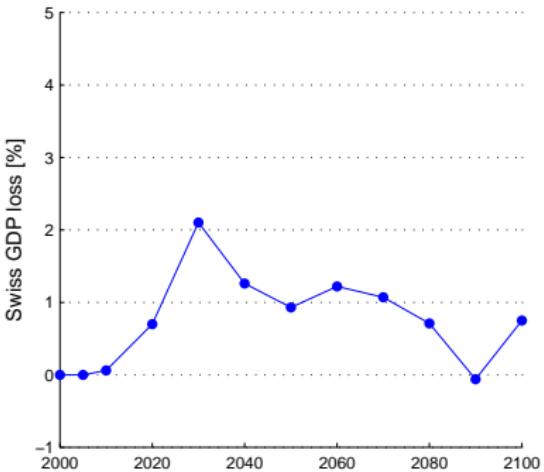
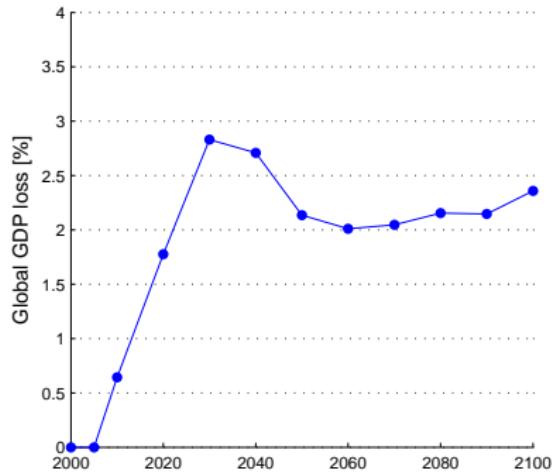


Nuclear development uncertainty

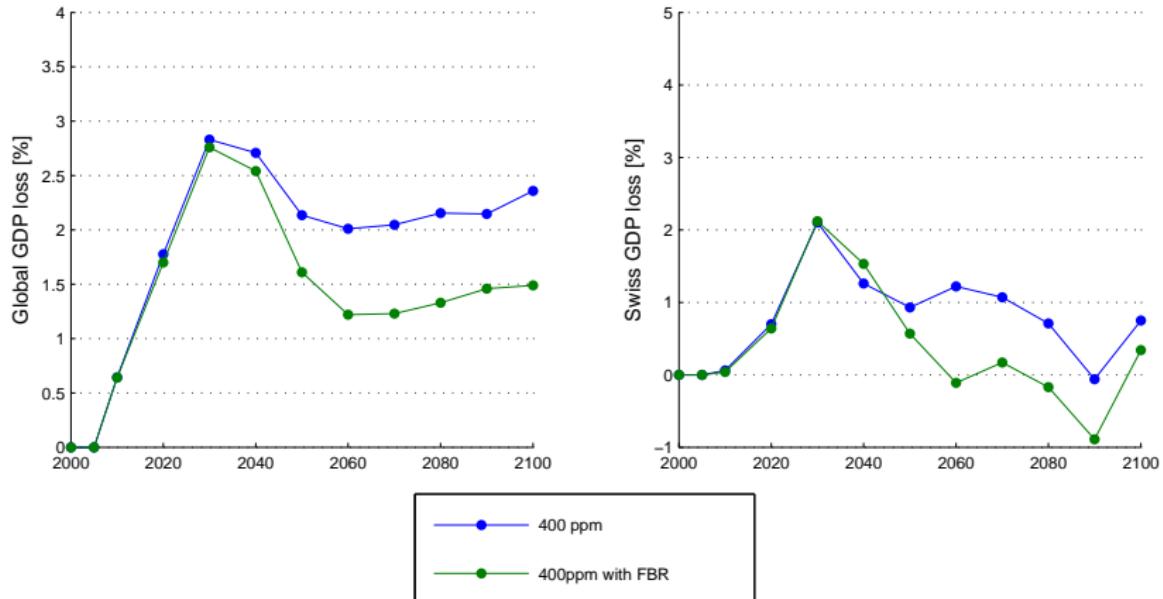
400 ppm scenario with nuclear phase out globally



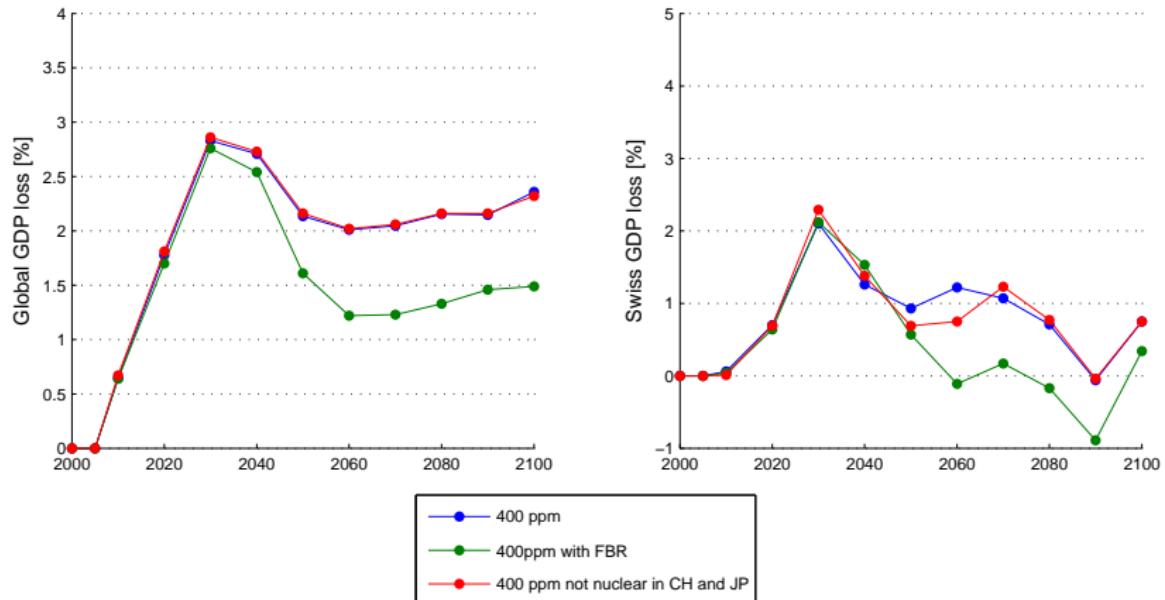
GDP losses



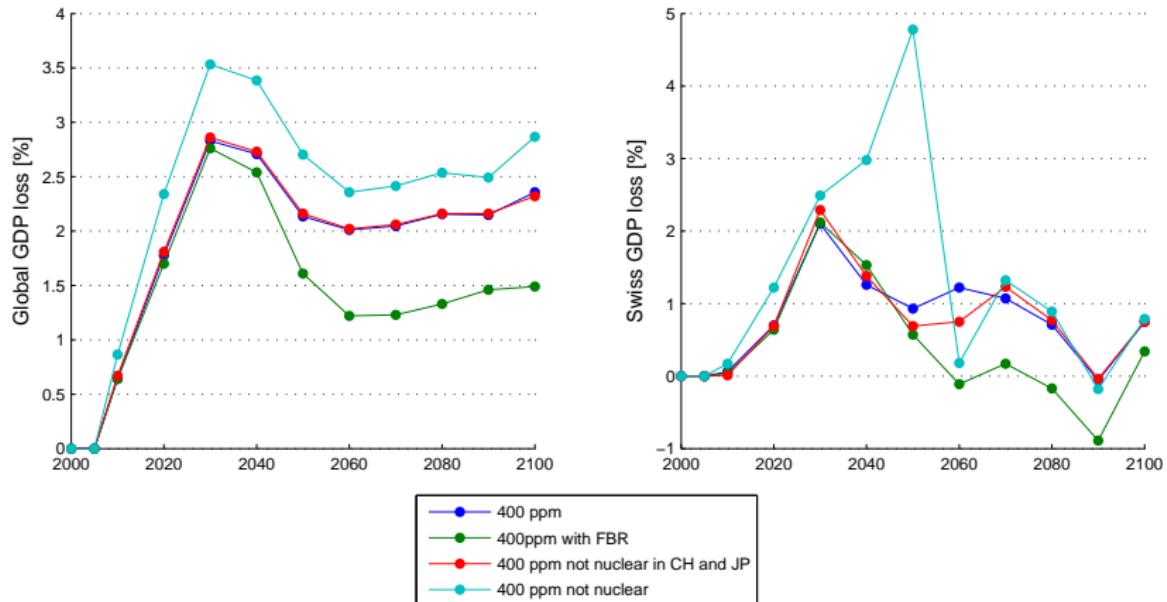
GDP losses



GDP losses



GDP losses



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Policy implications

- Climate policy:
 - demand reduction
 - efficiency measures
 - deployment of low-carbon emissions (nuclear)
 - reduction of global GDP
- Nuclear resources
 - Conventional resources likely to be depleted
 - FBR: an option to overcome this problem
- Fukushima: moratoria on new NPP
 - Additional efficiency
 - Large share of renewables: challenges in reliability
 - Additional costs to achieve climate targets

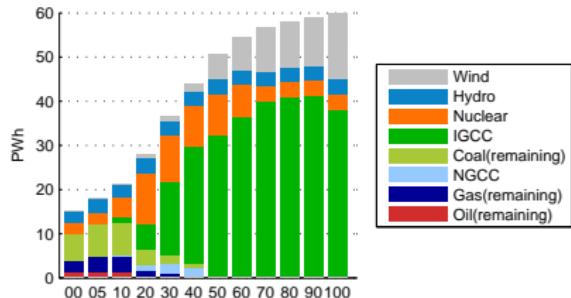


Thank you for your attention

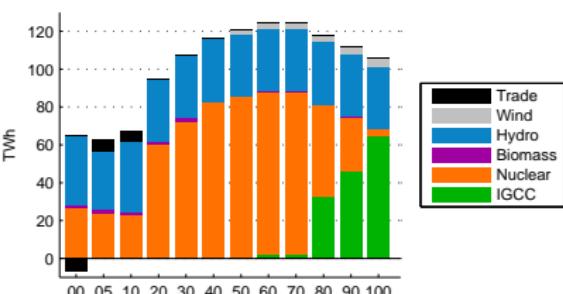
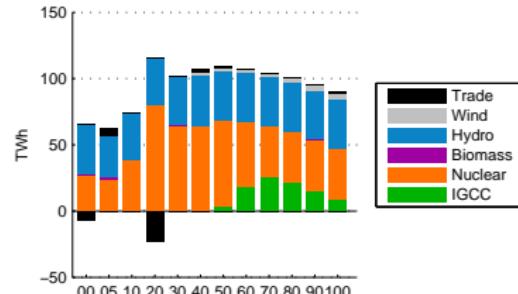
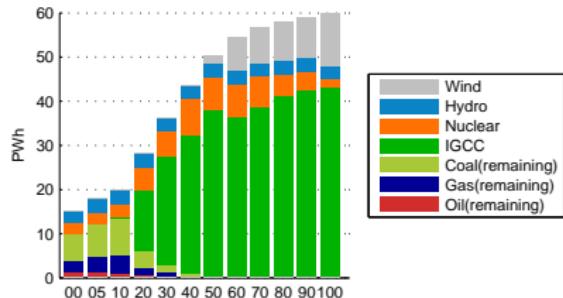
Current work

2010 calibration

Current

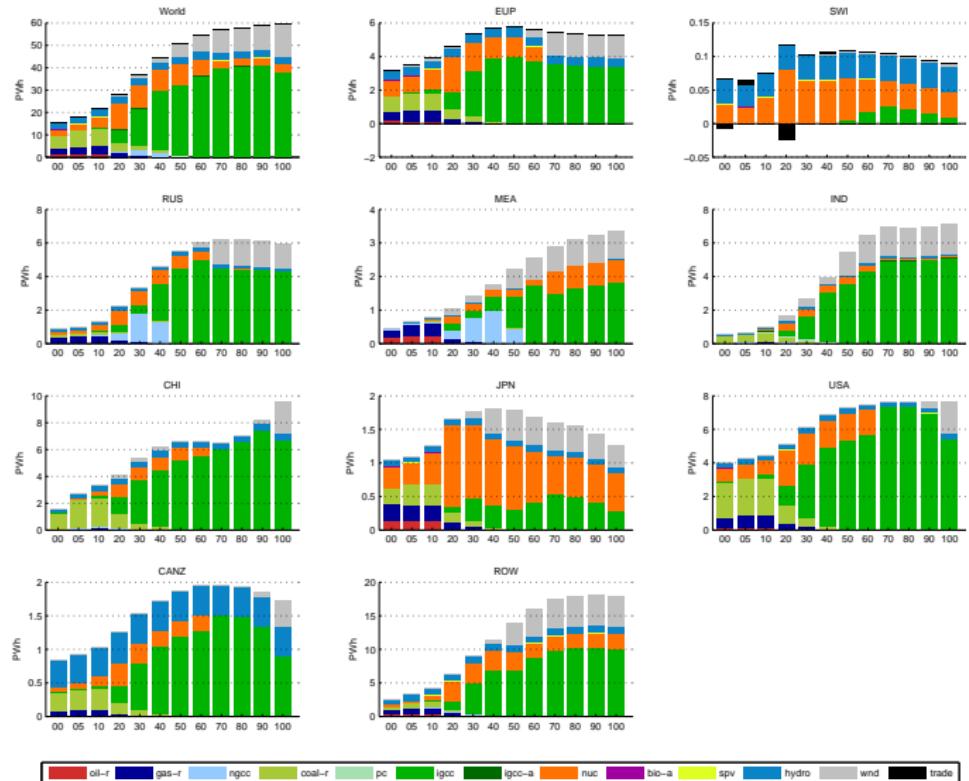


2010 calibrated



- Other resource scenarios
- Nuclear cycle
- Technology learning spillovers
- Other climate policy scenarios

400ppm scenario: Regional Electricity



400ppm scenario: Regional Electricity

