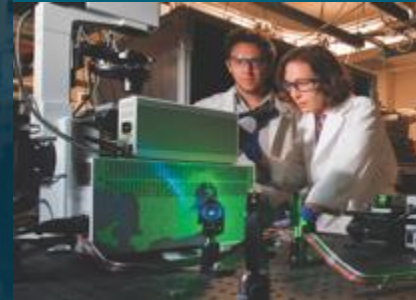


MELCOR Code Coupling



PRESENTED BY

Larry Humphries and Brad Beeny

Why code coupling with MELCOR?



MELCOR is a fully-integrated, system-level computer code

- Prior to the development of MELCOR, separate effects codes within the Source Term Code Package (STCP) were run independently
- Results were manually transferred between codes leading to a number of challenges
 - transferring data
 - ensuring consistency in data and properties
 - capturing the coupling of physics

Advantages of using a fully-integrated tool for source term analysis

- Integrated accident analysis is necessary to capture the complex coupling between a myriad of interactive phenomenon involving movement of fission products, core materials, and safety systems.
- A calculation performed with a single, integrated code as opposed to a distributed system of codes reduces errors associated with transferring data downstream from one calculational tool to the next.
- Performing an analysis with a single integrated code assures that the results are repeatable.
- Methods for performing uncertainty analysis with an integrated tool such as MELCOR are well established.
- Time step issues are internally resolved within the integral code

However, the rare need for coupling to MELCOR may still exist

- Development of new models for possible future integration into the code
- Internal requirement for using a specific code to model a particular aspect of the source term calculation.

Explicit Coupling with Control Functions - PVM

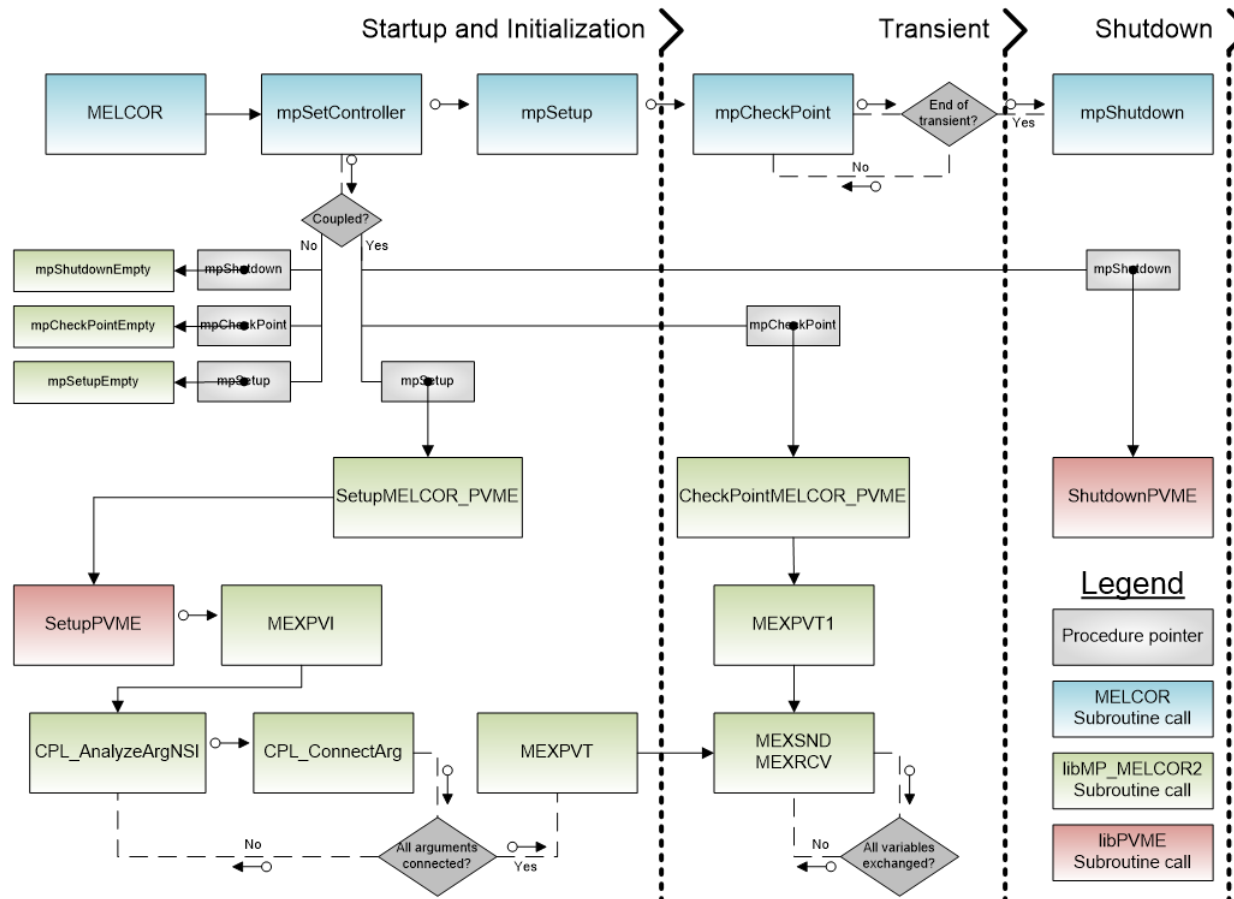


PVM coupling is routinely used by at least one MELCOR licensee

- Coupling between RELAP and MELCOR v2 (containment and primary system simulated by different codes)
- Interface was updated, formalized, and documented in 2013.

PVM Coupling Requirements

- Parallel Virtual Machine (PVM) software
 - PVMEXEC Program – Developed by Idaho National Laboratory (INL).
 - PVM Library – The Parallel Virtual Machine (PVM) software library –maintained by Oak Ridge National Laboratory
- FORTRAN 2003 compliant compiler



MELCOR 'READ' and L-READ' Control Functions



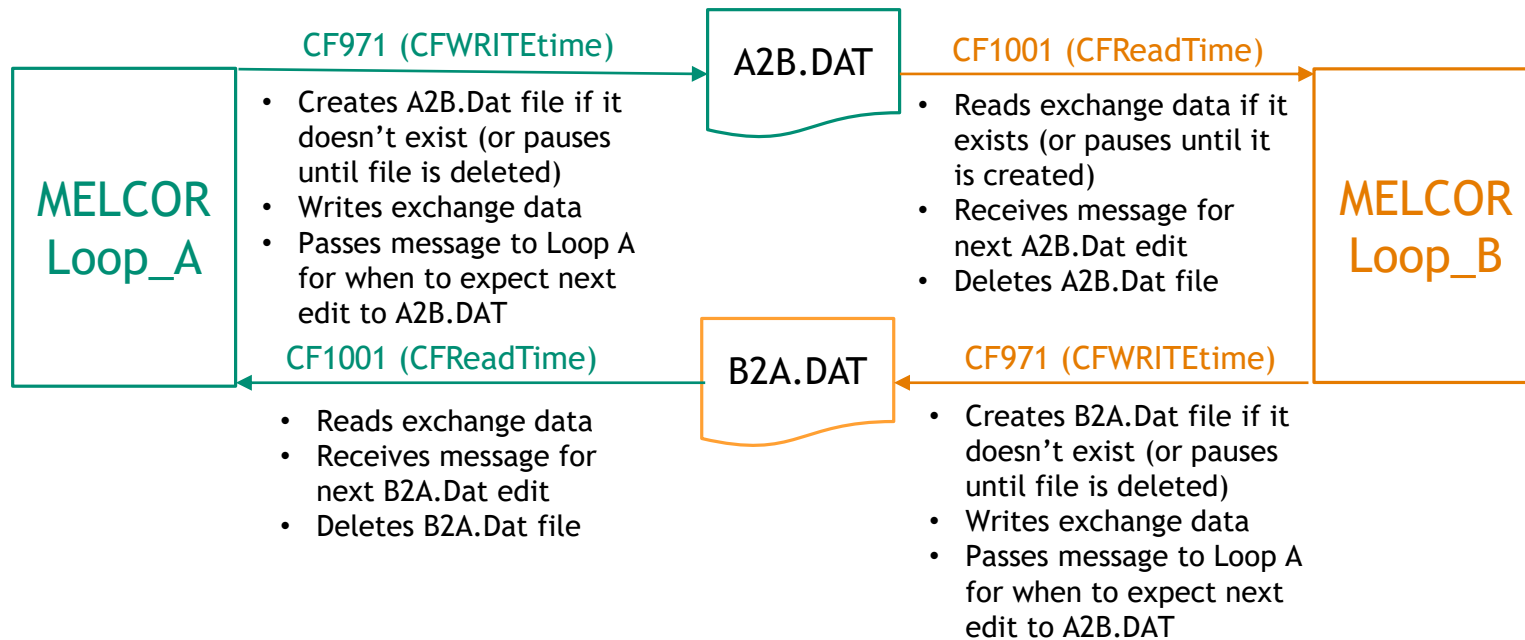
Change actual value of control function thru READ (for REAL-valued) and L-READ (for LOGICAL-valued) option during a MELCOR run

- Requires a new file containing name of CF and new value
 - New value type must match type of CF (REAL or LOGICAL)
 - New file name specified on "EXEC_CFEXFILE" record
- Can be used to simply turn-on or –off a valve without stopping and restarting a calculation
- Data file is immediately deleted after it is read by the CF

Similarly, a WRITE type CF was developed to write to a changedata file.

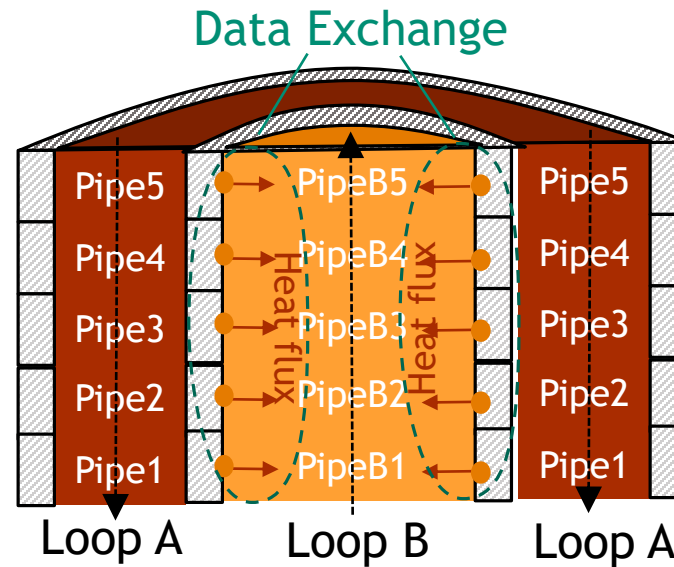
- Writes the time channel and a number of output variables to an exchange file
- Does not delete this output file
- Skips writing to the file until the file has been deleted externally.

Simple Explicit Coupling with Read/Write Control Functions

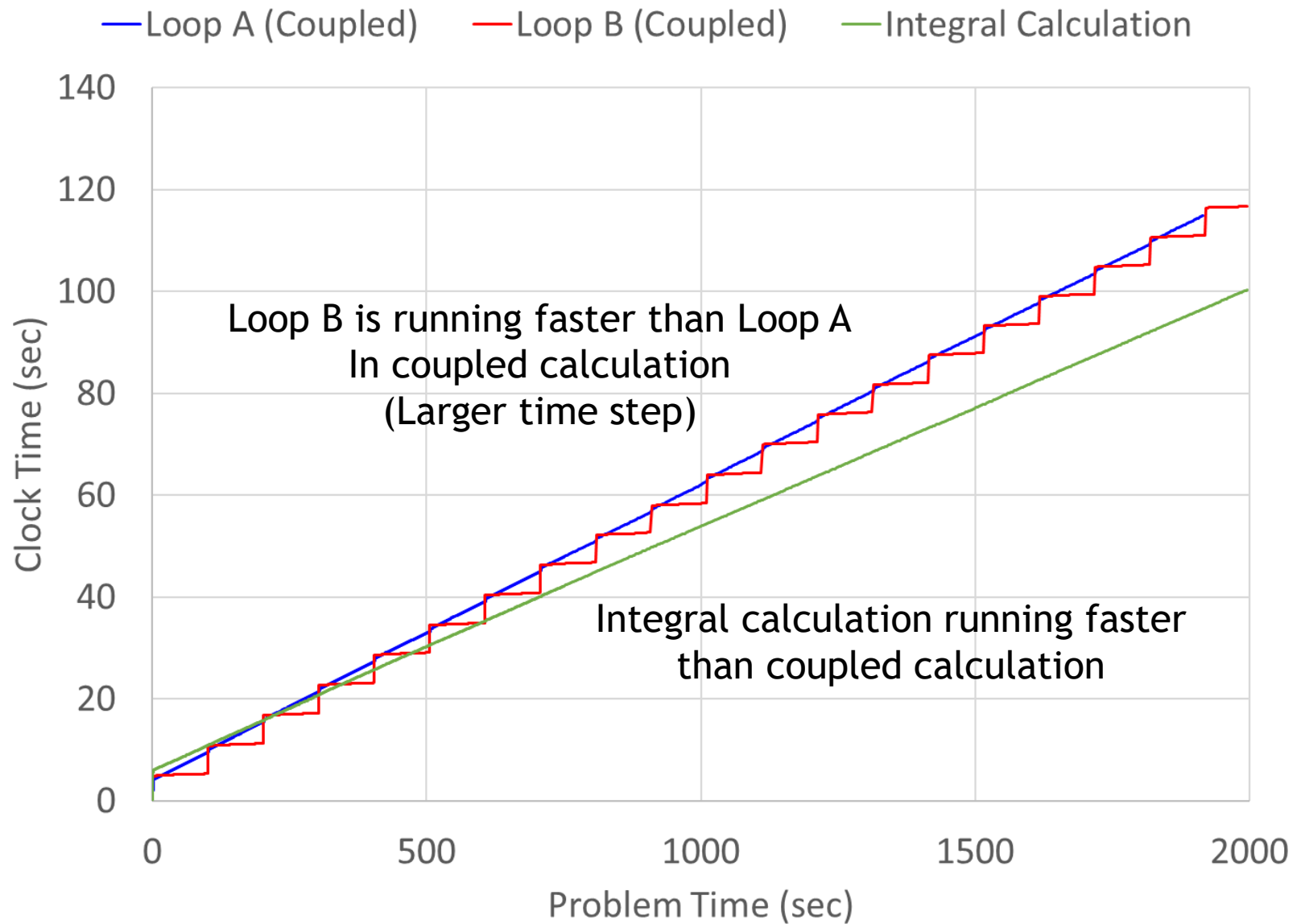


| Loop_A | Loop_B |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| EXEC_CFEFILE B2A.DAT | EXEC_CFEFILE A2B.DAT |
| ... | ... |
| CF_ID 'CFreadTime' 1001 READ | CF_ID 'CFreadTime' 1001 READ |
| CF_ID 'CFWRITEtime' 971 WRITE | CF_ID 'CFWRITEtime' 971 WRITE |
| CF_MSC 'CFreadTime' | CF_MSC 'CFreadTime' |
| CF_ARG 1 ! NARG CHARG | CF_ARG 1 |
| 1 CF-VALU('CFreadTime') 1.00 0.0 | 1 CF-VALU('CFreadTime') 1.0 1.0 |
| EXEC_CFEFILE 'B2A.DAT' - 'CFreadTime' | EXEC_CFEFILE A2B.DAT - 'CFreadTime' |
| EXEC_CFEWRITE '..\LOOPB\A2B.DAT' | EXEC_CFEWRITE '..\LOOPA\B2A.DAT' |

Simple Coupling Test Problem



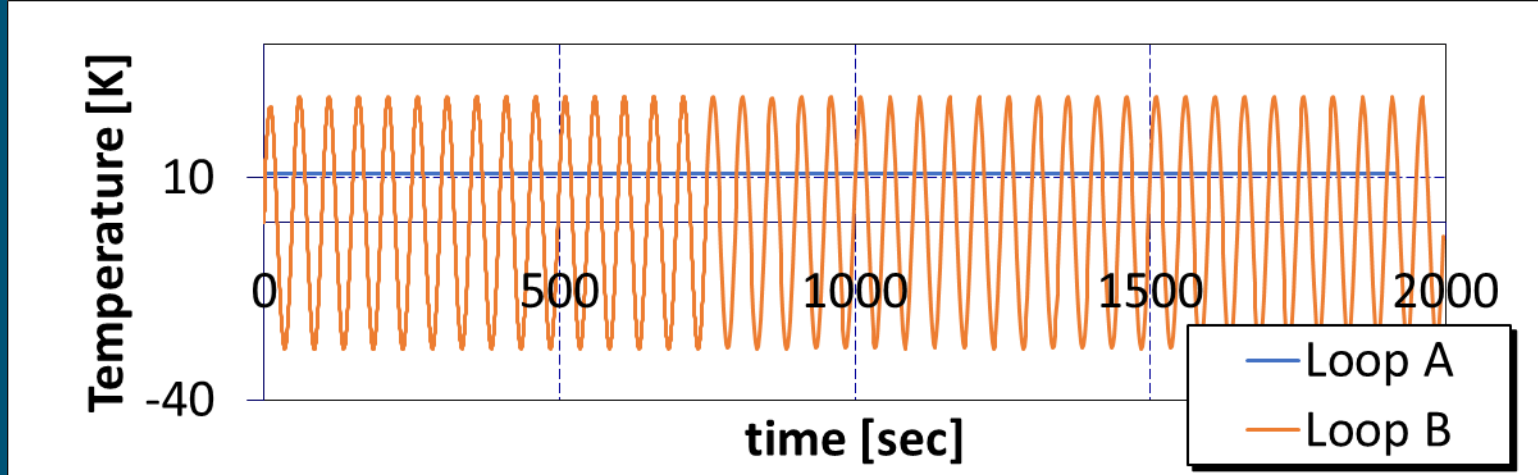
| | Loop A | Loop B |
|----------------------|-------------|---|
| Flow direction | Down | Up |
| Output to other loop | Heat Fluxes | Temperature |
| Phase Inlet | Atmosphere | Pool |
| Heat Direction | Heat Out | Heat In |
| Tinlet | 560 K | $300 + 20 \cdot \sin(t \cdot 2 \cdot \pi / 50)$ |



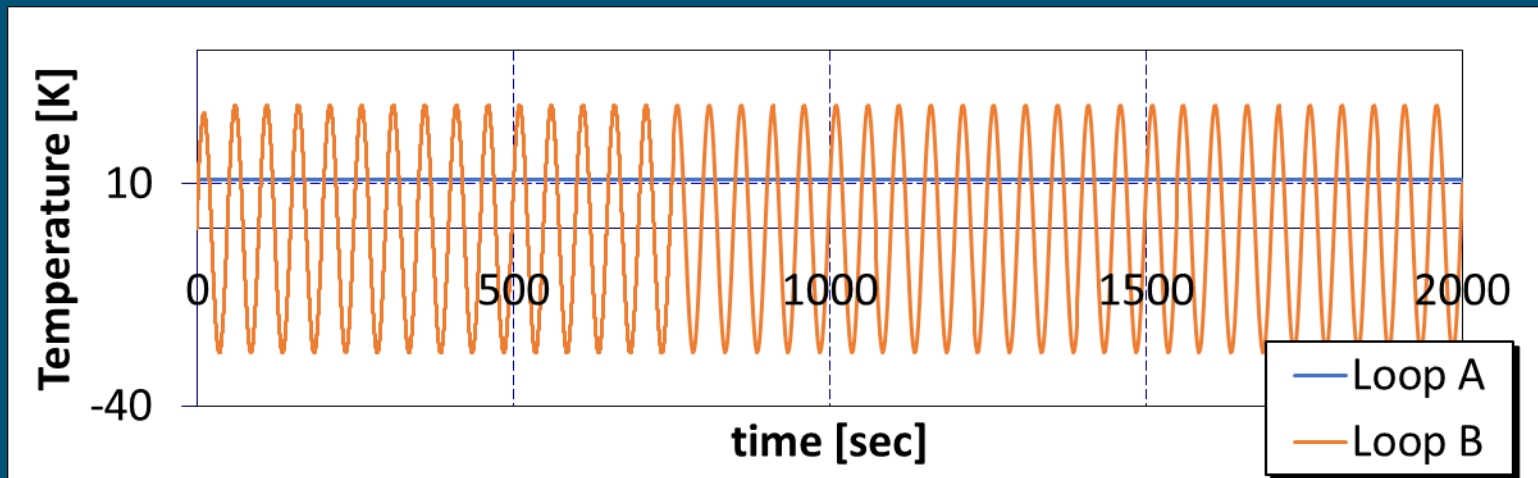
ΔT Inlet Temperature – Outlet temperature



Coupled Calculation

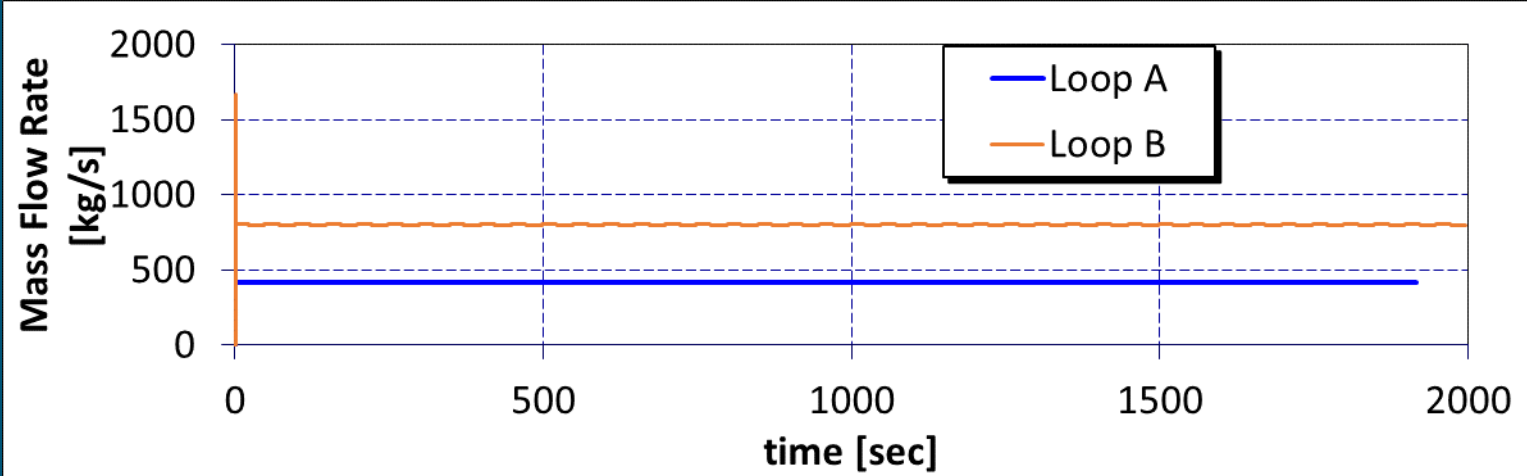


Integral Calculation

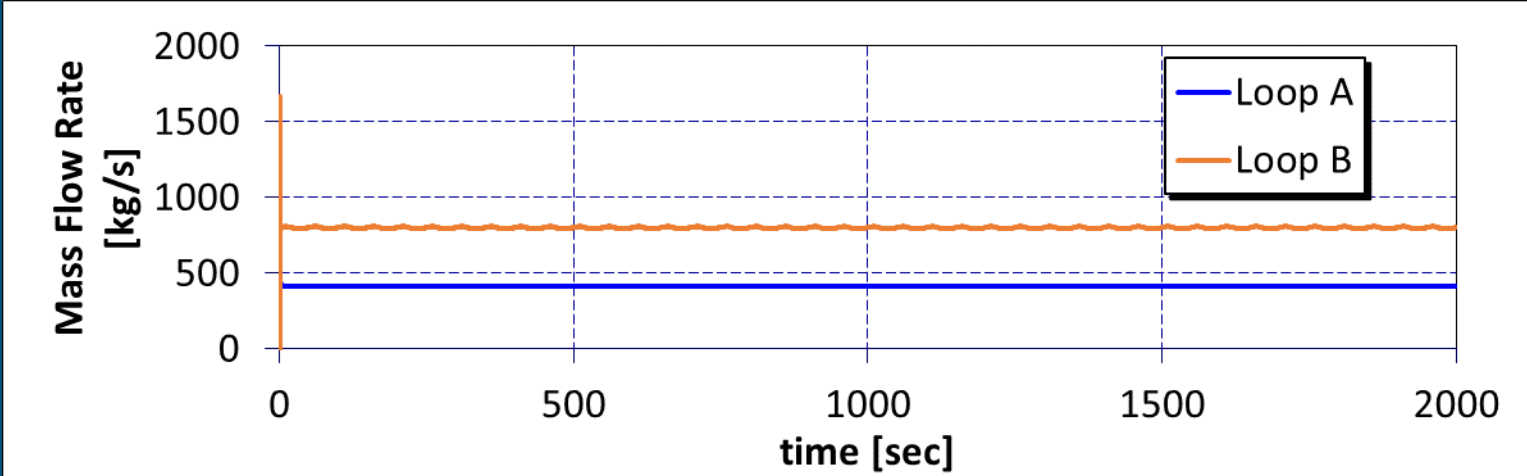




Coupled Calculation



Integral Calculation





B2A.DAT

| | | | | | | |
|-------|------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| CF_ID | CFREADTIME | 303.5000000000 | | | | |
| CF_ID | TOUTERS | 443.8691619685 | 438.0188212212 | 435.2802719149 | 435.7085004724 | 438.7645643772 |

A2B.DAT

| | | | | | | |
|-------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| CF_ID | CFREADTIME | 303.5000000000 | | | | |
| CF_ID | FLUXES | -136466.4513476432 | -137075.4226302063 | -137642.2671272269 | -138141.1221339761 | -138557.0256977761 |



```
T=0.0; READtime=0.5
```

```
DO While(T<= 2000.0)
```

```
  T=T+0.5
```

```
! Run time advancement in driver code
```

```
! ...
```

```
! Interface with MELCOR
```

```
  IF(T>=Readtime) THEN !CFWRITE
```

```
    CALL CFWRITE(IERR)
```

```
  ENDIF !CFWRITE
```

```
  IF(T>=ReadTime)THEN !READ from File
```

```
    CALL CFREAD(IERR)
```

```
  ENDIF
```

```
ENDDO
```



```
Subroutine CFWRITE(IERR)
```

```
  integer(4) ::IERR
```

```
50  INQUIRE ( FILE=CFEXWRITE, OPENED=LOPEN, IOSTAT=ISTAT, EXIST=LEXIST )
```

```
  IF(LEXIST) GOTO 50 !Potential for infinite loop as written
```

```
  OPEN (unitWRITE,FILE=CFEXWRITE,STATUS='NEW',FORM='FORMATTED',IOSTAT=ie)
```

```
  WRITE (unitWrite,("CF_ID "A, X,100(X,F20.10))) 'CFREADTIME', T+1.0
```

```
  WRITE (unitWrite,("CF_ID "A, X,100(X,F20.10))) 'MASSIN', MASSIN
```

```
  CLOSE(UnitWrite)
```

```
END Subroutine CFWRITE
```

Reading Routine



```

Subroutine CFREAD(IERR)
integer(4) ::IERR
20 INQUIRE (FILE=CFEXFILE, IOSTAT=ie,
EXIST=LEXIST)
  IF(T>ReadTime.and. ie/=0)then
    Goto 20
  ENDIF

  IF(LEXIST.and. (T>=READtime .or. OldReadTime==
999999.0) ) then
OPEN(unitREAD,FILE =
CFEXFILE,STATUS='OLD',FORM='FORMATTED',IOSTA
T=ie)
!Read/parse Records in data exchange file
1  READ (unitREAD,'(A)',ERR=9999,END=9999)
RECORD
  IF(RECORD == "") GOTO 1
  call exec_analyzecard (RECORD,NUMFLD)
  READ_CFNAME = characters(2)
  IF(trim(ucase(READ_CFNAME))=='CFREADTIME')
then
    OldReadTime=ReadTime
    ReadTime=REALS(3)
  ENDIF
! Parse other variables here
GOTO 1 !go back and read next line
ENDIF
RETURN
9999  IERR=200
      CLOSE (unitREAD,STATUS='DELETE',IOSTAT=ie)
!If the time read from the com file < the expected read time,
revert
  If(readTime<OldReadtime)then
    ierr=200
    readTime=OldReadTime
  endif
  return
END Subroutine CFREAD

```