

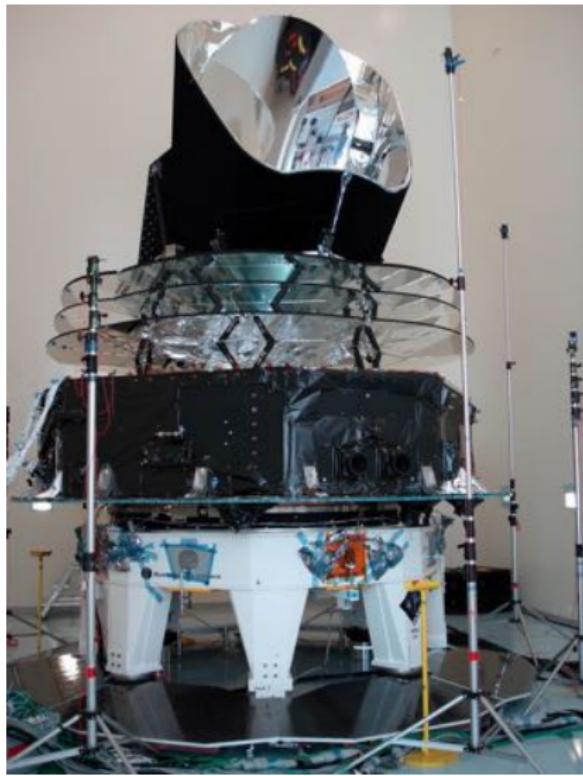
The World According to Planck

Matthias Bartelmann

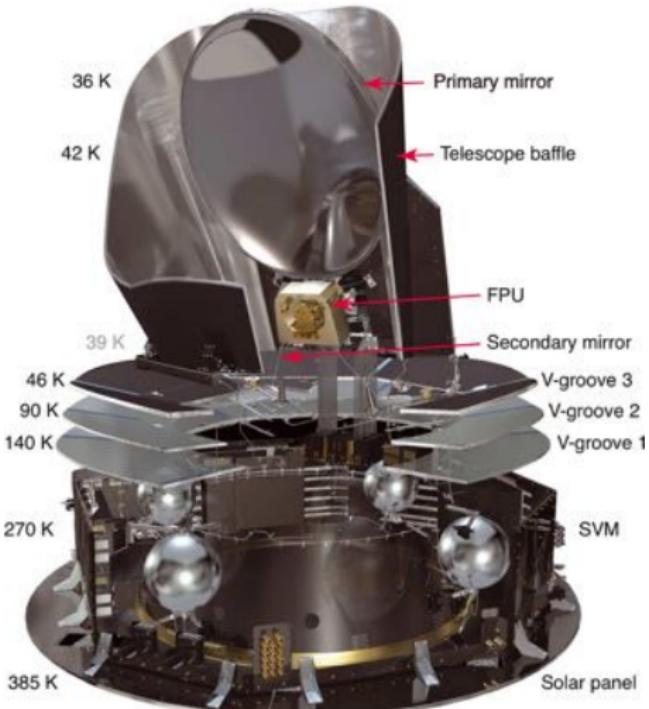
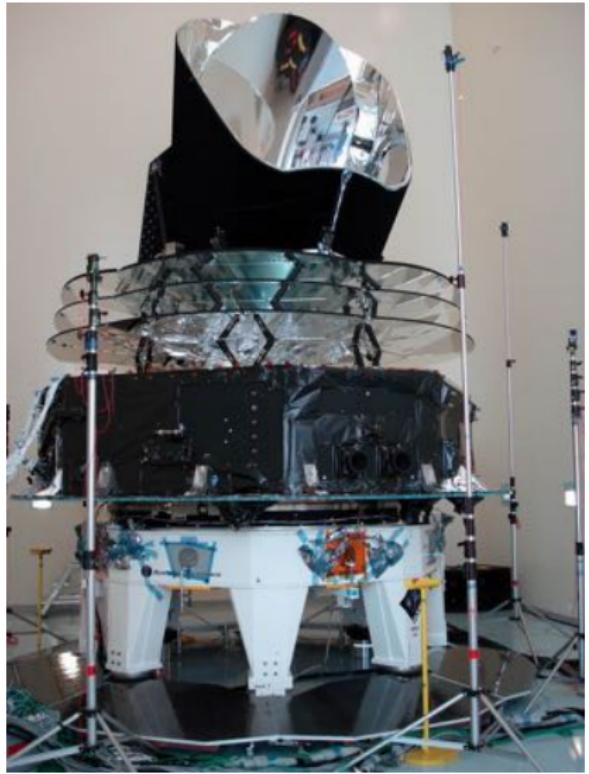
Universität Heidelberg, Zentrum für Astronomie, Institut für Theoretische Astrophysik
PSI, Villigen, 14.12.2017



Planck, the spacecraft



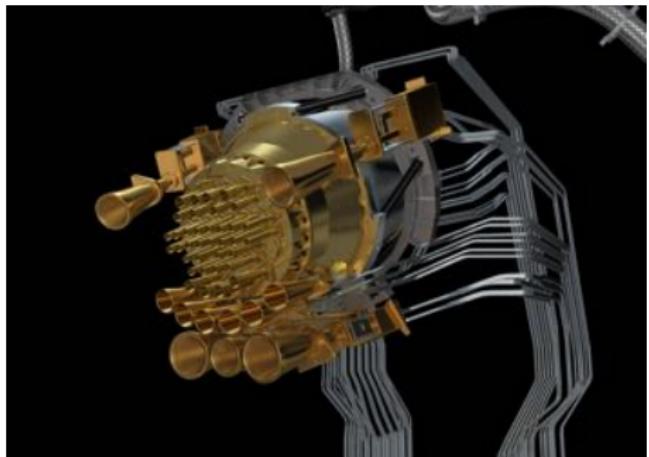
Planck, the spacecraft



Tasks and design

Tasks:

- Map the microwave sky at 5' angular resolution
- Near the quantum limit of the detectors
- In nine frequency bands from 30 – 857 GHz



- High-electron mobility transistors below 100 GHz (LFI)
- Bolometers above (HFI)

Operations



Kourou, May 14, 2009, 15:12 MESZ

Operations

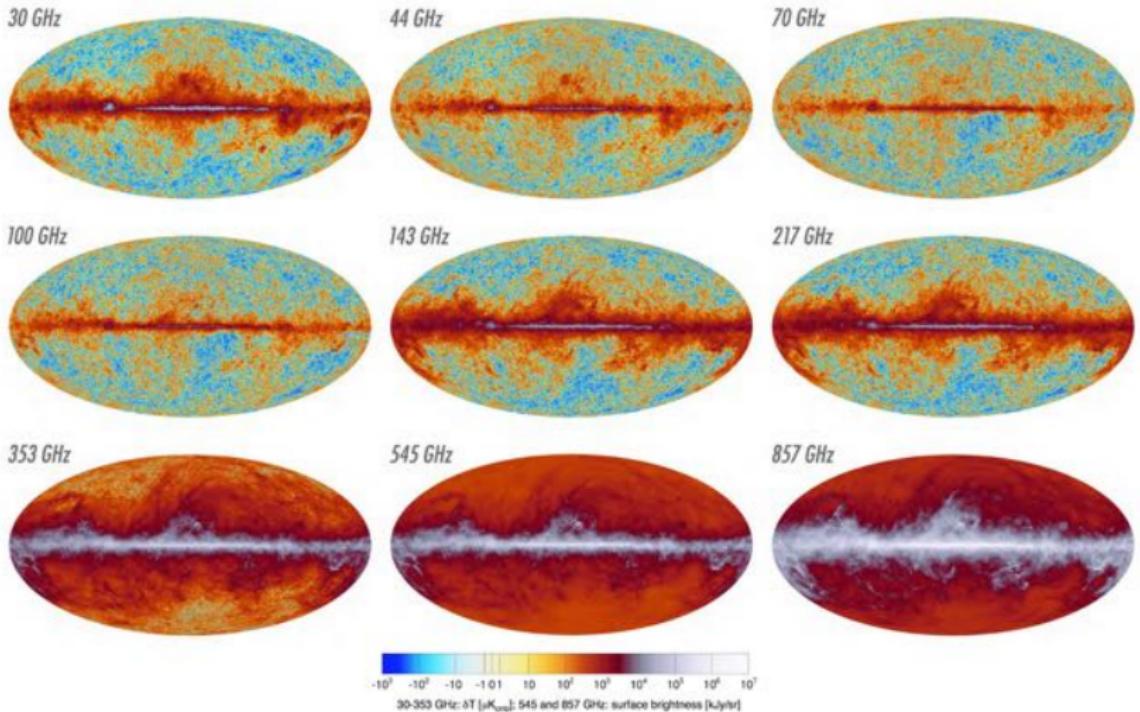


Kourou, May 14, 2009, 15:12 MESZ

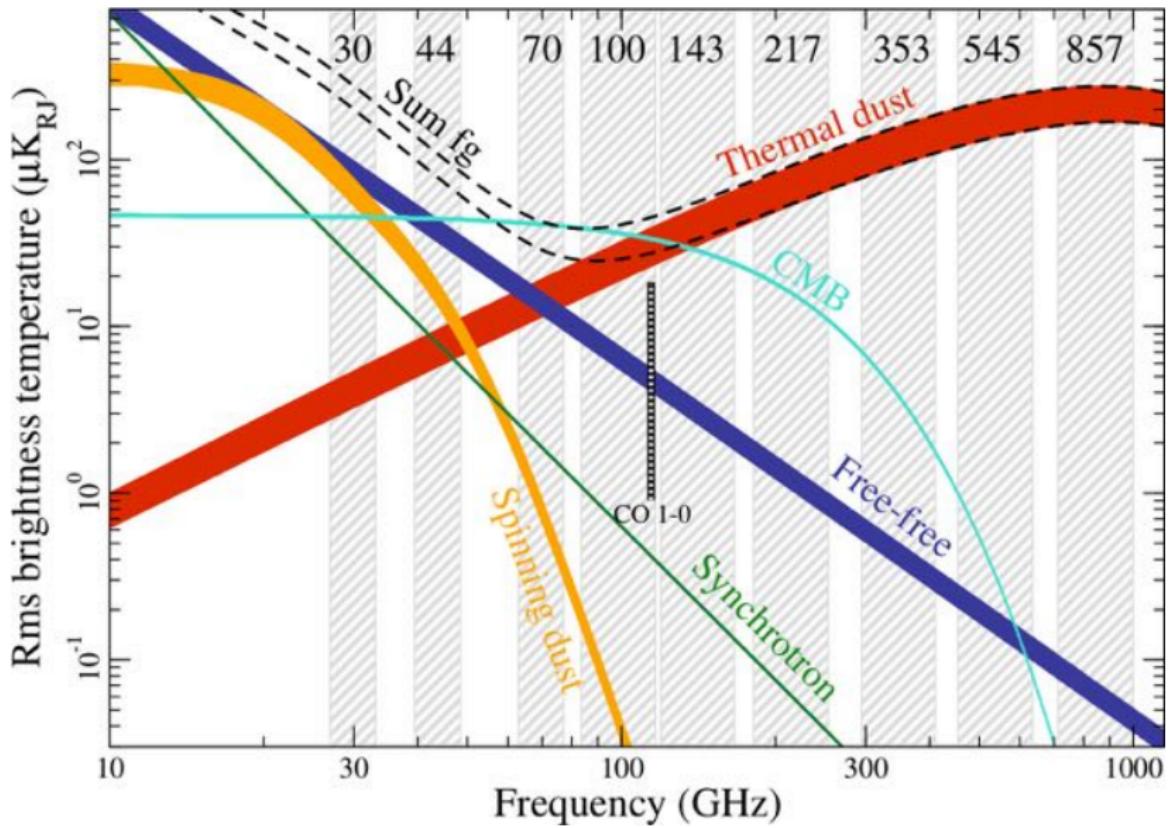


in operation between Aug. 13, 2009
and Oct. 23, 2013

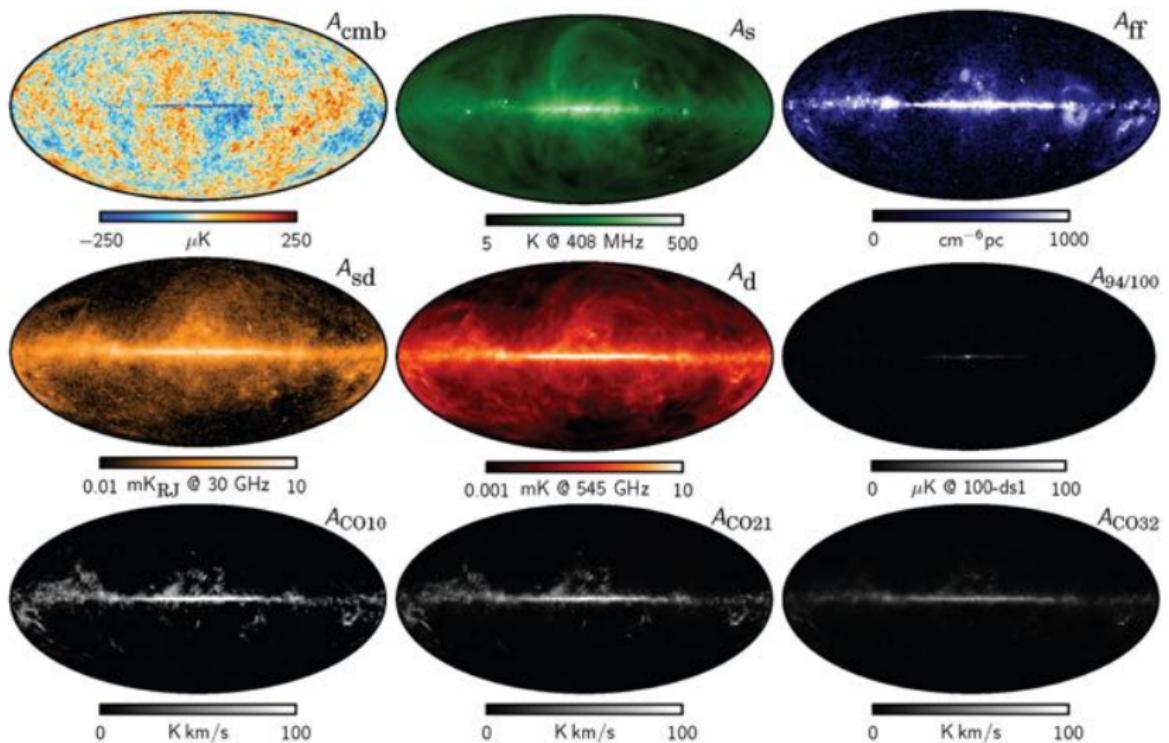
Frequency maps



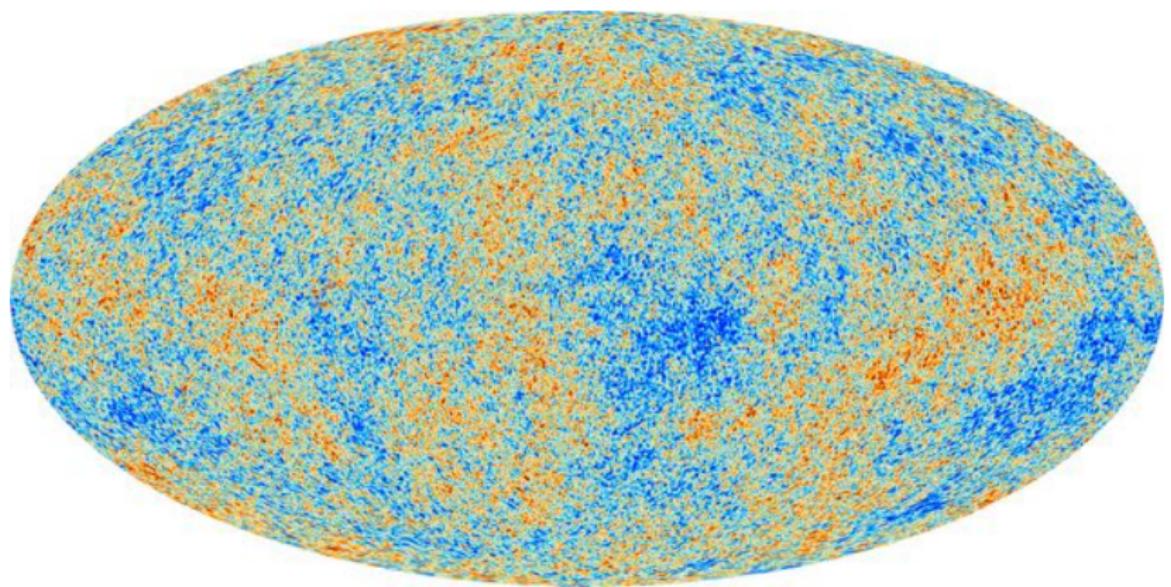
Component spectra



Component maps

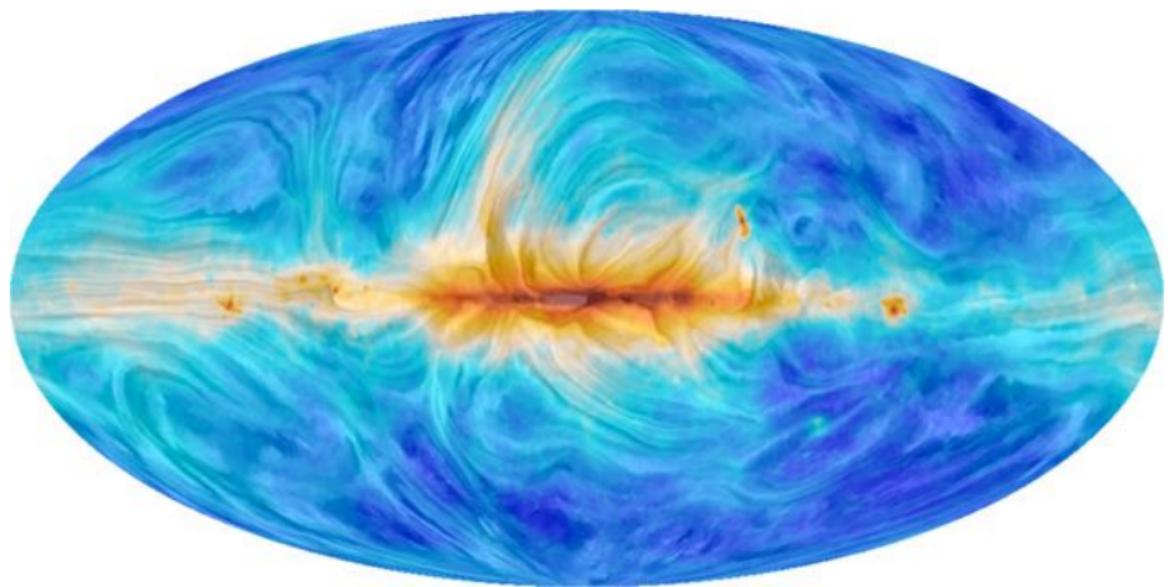


CMB temperature map



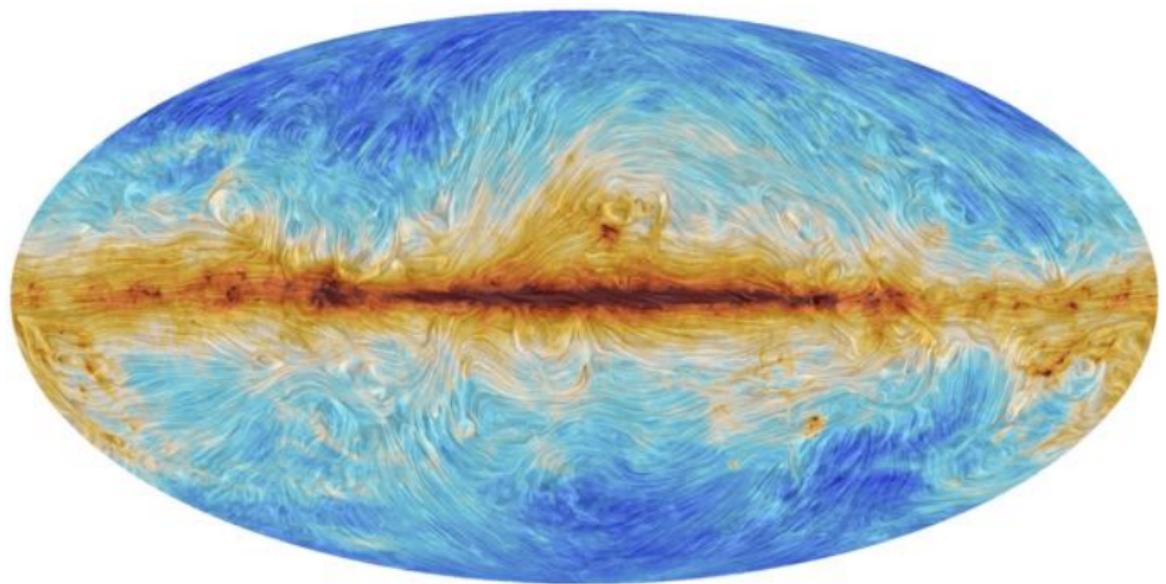
temperature

CMB temperature map



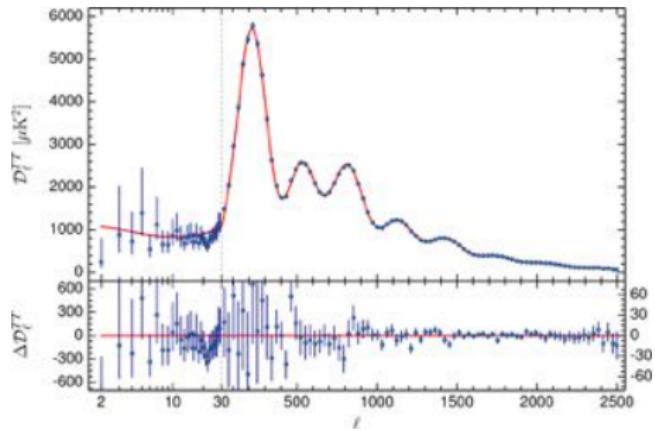
polarisation angle at 30 GHz

CMB temperature map

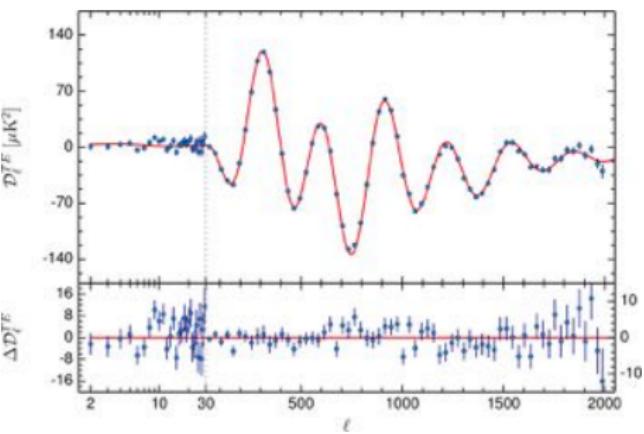
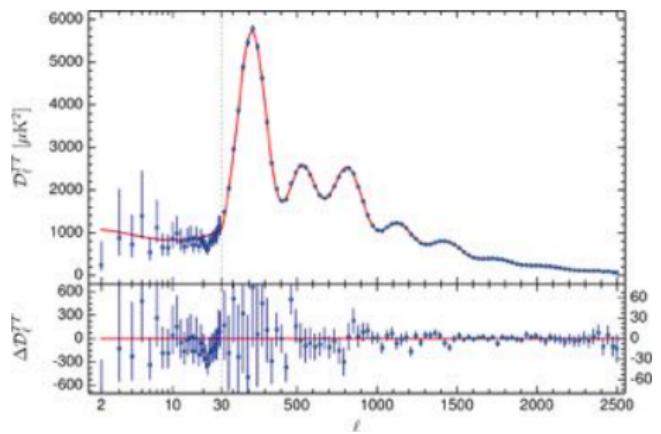


polarization angle at 353 GHz

Power spectra



Power spectra

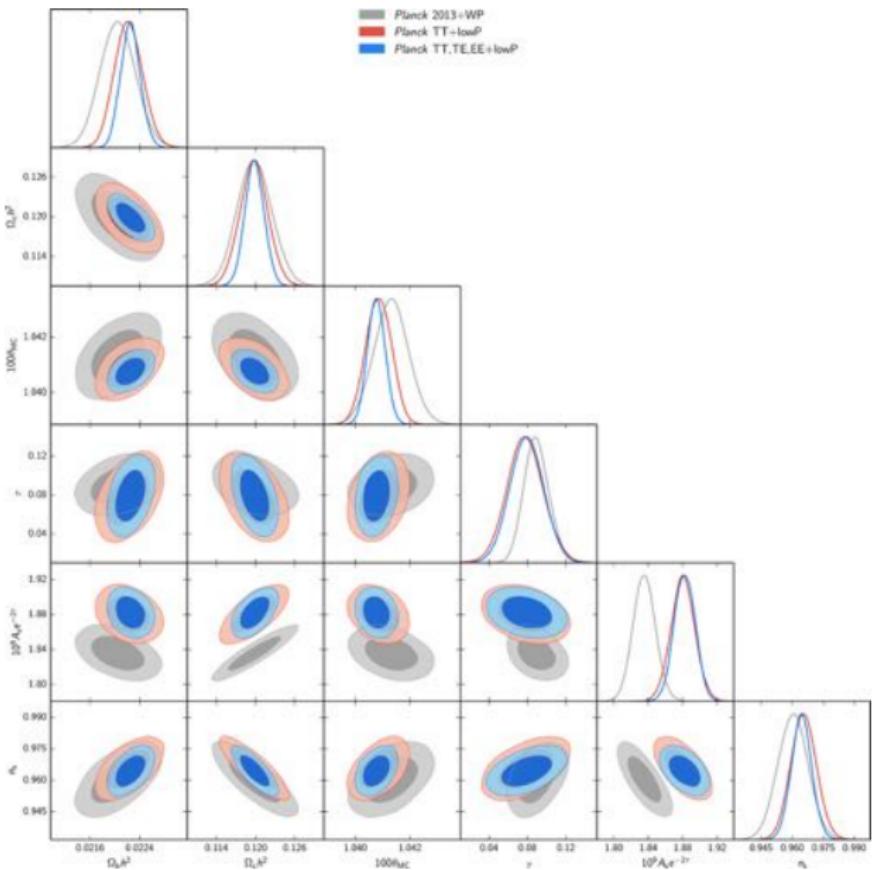


The minimal six-parameter model

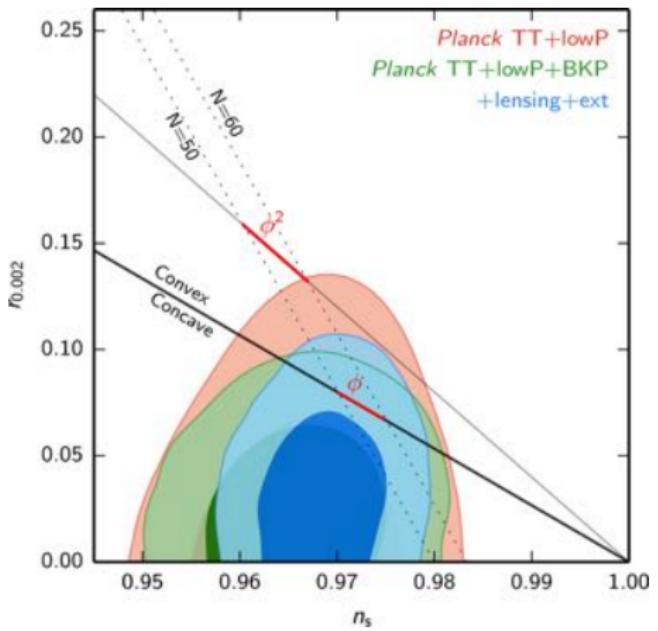
Parameter	Wert		Meaning
$100 \Omega_{B0} h^2$	2.226	\pm	0.016
$\Omega_{c0} h^2$	0.1193	\pm	0.0014
100θ	1.04087	\pm	0.00032
τ	0.063	\pm	0.014
$\ln(10^{10} A_s)$	3.059	\pm	0.025
n_s	0.9653	\pm	0.0048

Complications of the model do not improve the agreement.

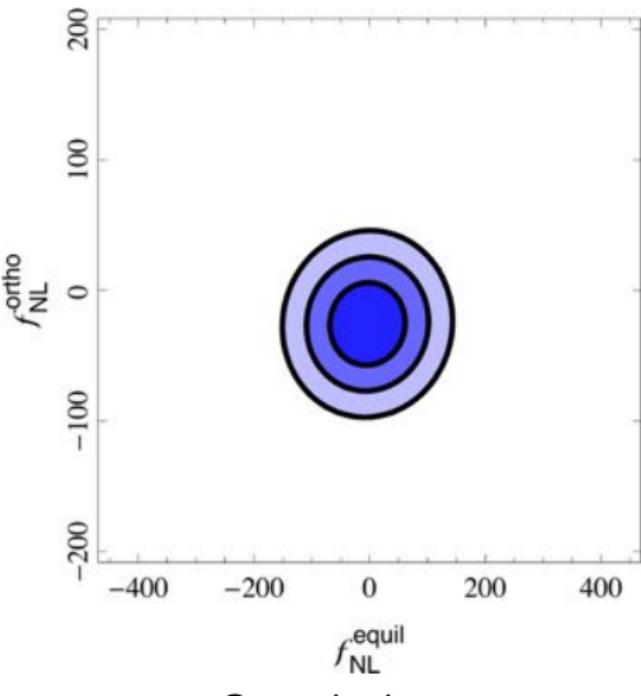
The minimal six-parameter model



Inflation

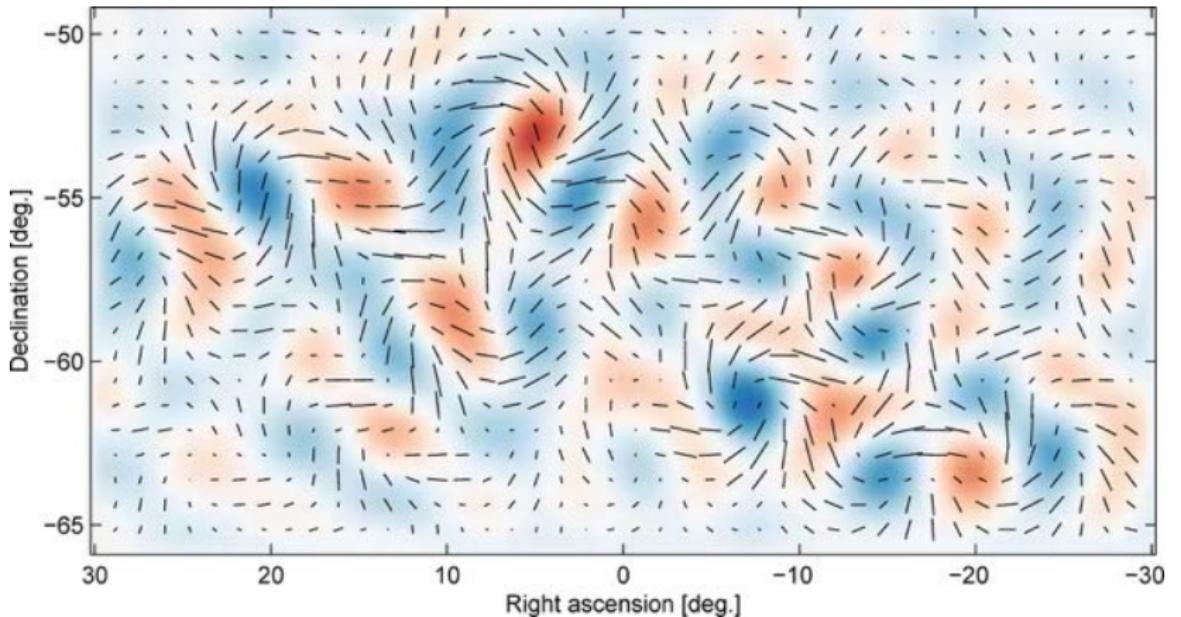


$$n_s = 1 + 2\eta - 6\varepsilon, \quad r = 16\varepsilon$$

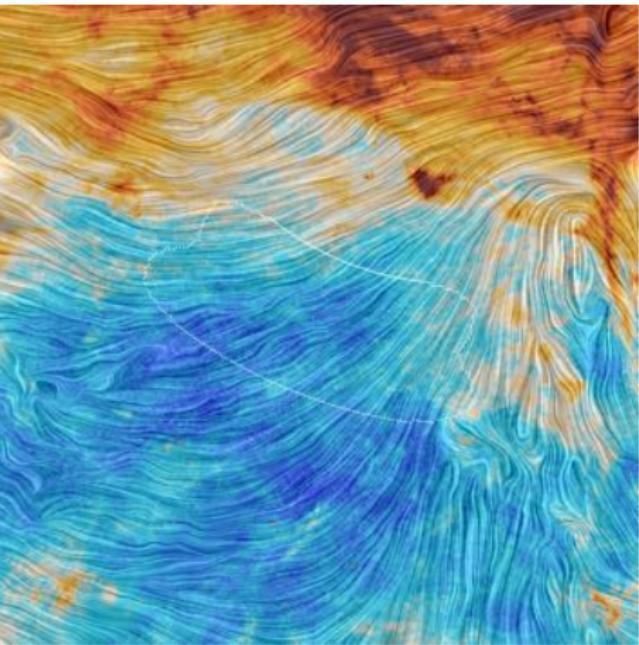
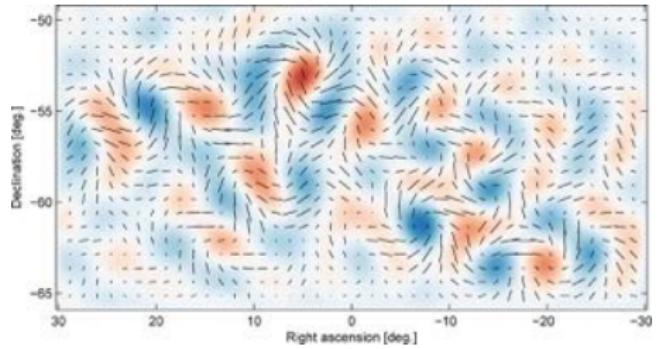


Gaussianity

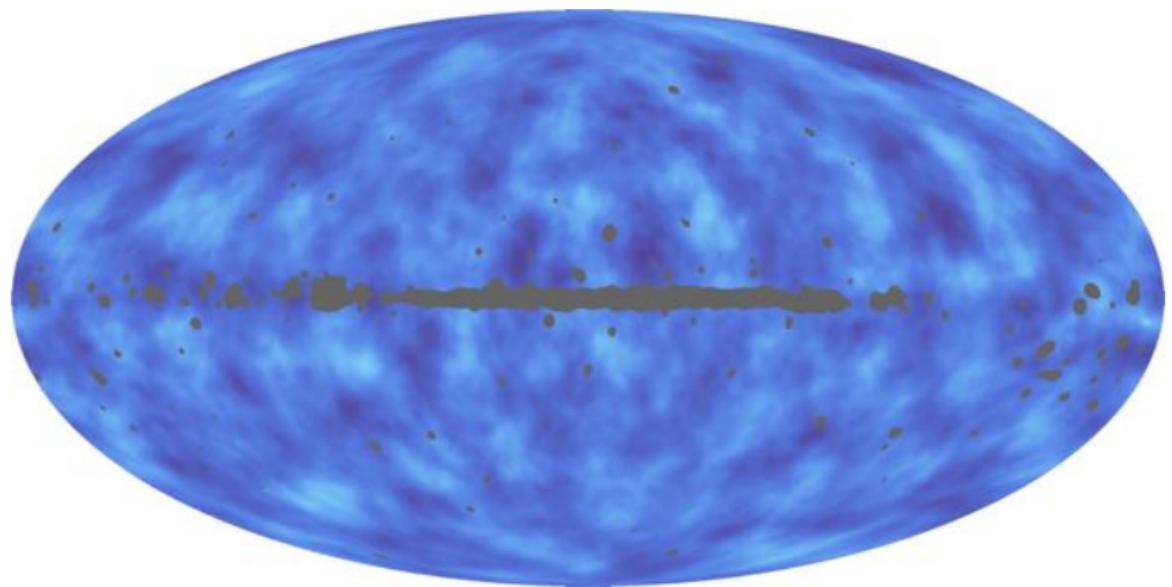
Gravitational waves?



Gravitational waves?

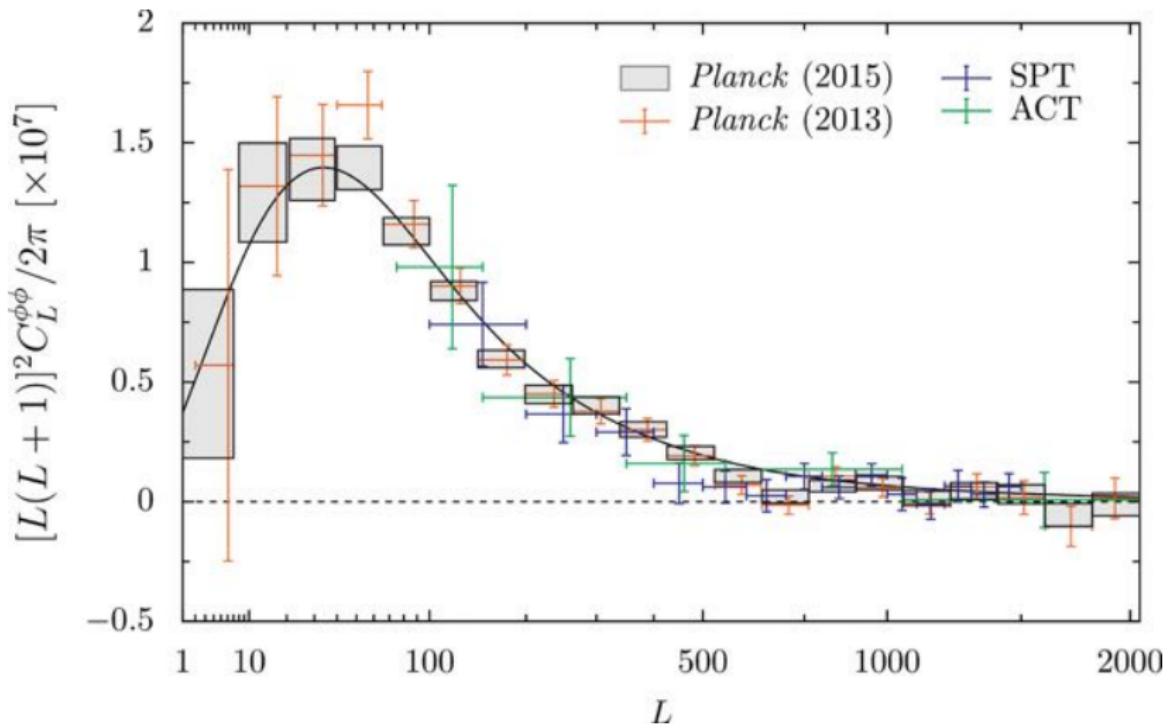


Gravitational lensing



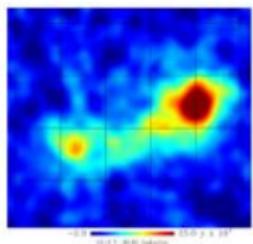
Reconstructed gravitational-lensing potential

Gravitational lensing

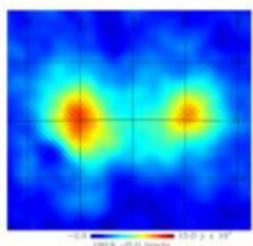


Galaxy clusters

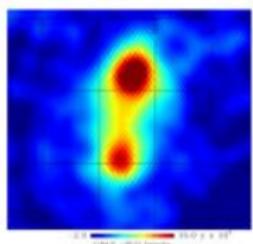
(a) Shapley supercluster



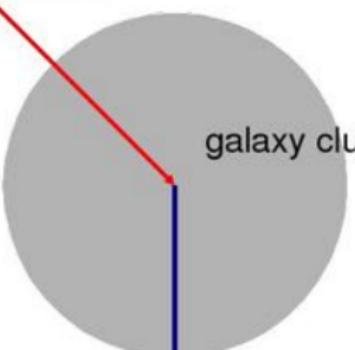
(b) A395-A391 merger system



(c) A399-A401 merger system



incoming, low-energy
photon



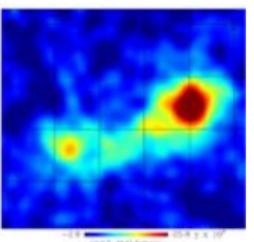
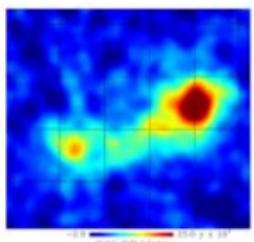
galaxy cluster

outgoing, high-energy
photon

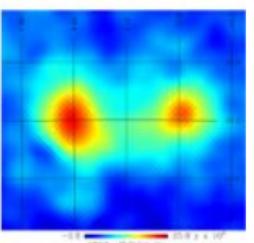
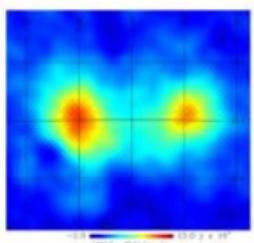
observer

Galaxy clusters

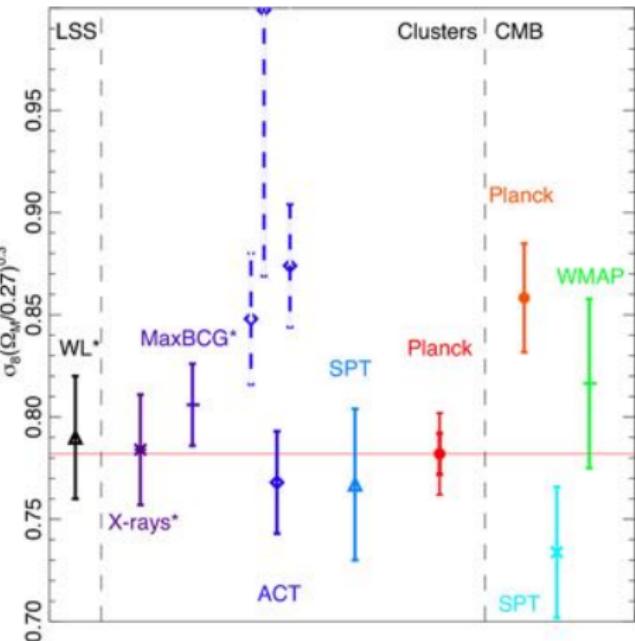
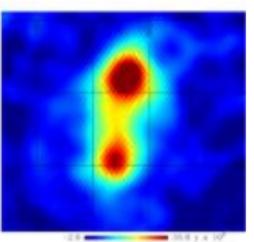
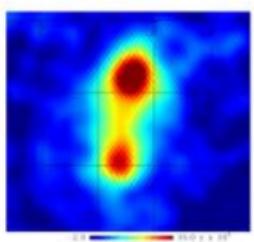
(a) Shapley supercluster



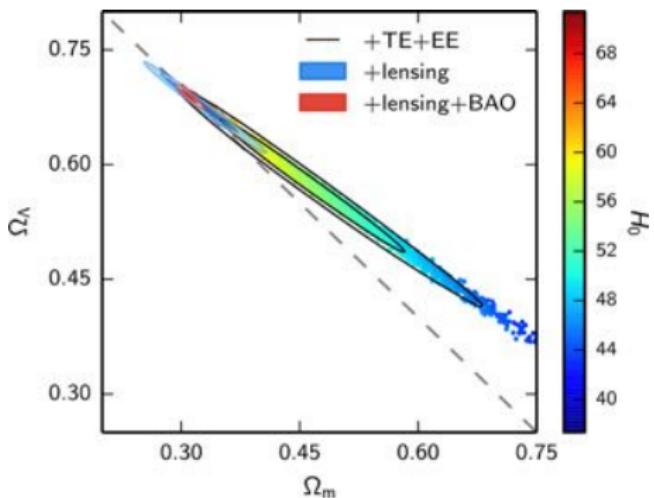
(b) A395-A391 merger system



(c) A339-A401 merger system



Hubble constant



- Planck:

$$67.51 \pm 0.64 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s Mpc}}$$

- Local measurements:

$$73.24 \pm 1.74 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s Mpc}}$$

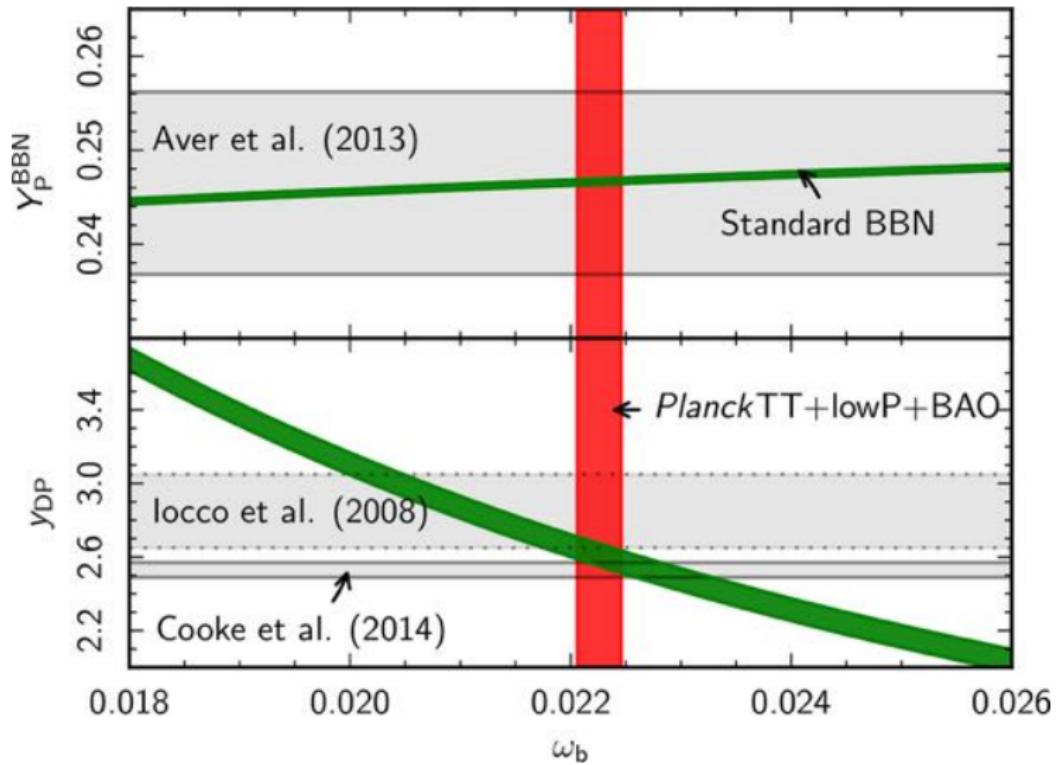
- Lensing time delays:

$$71.9^{+2.4}_{-3.0} \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s Mpc}}$$

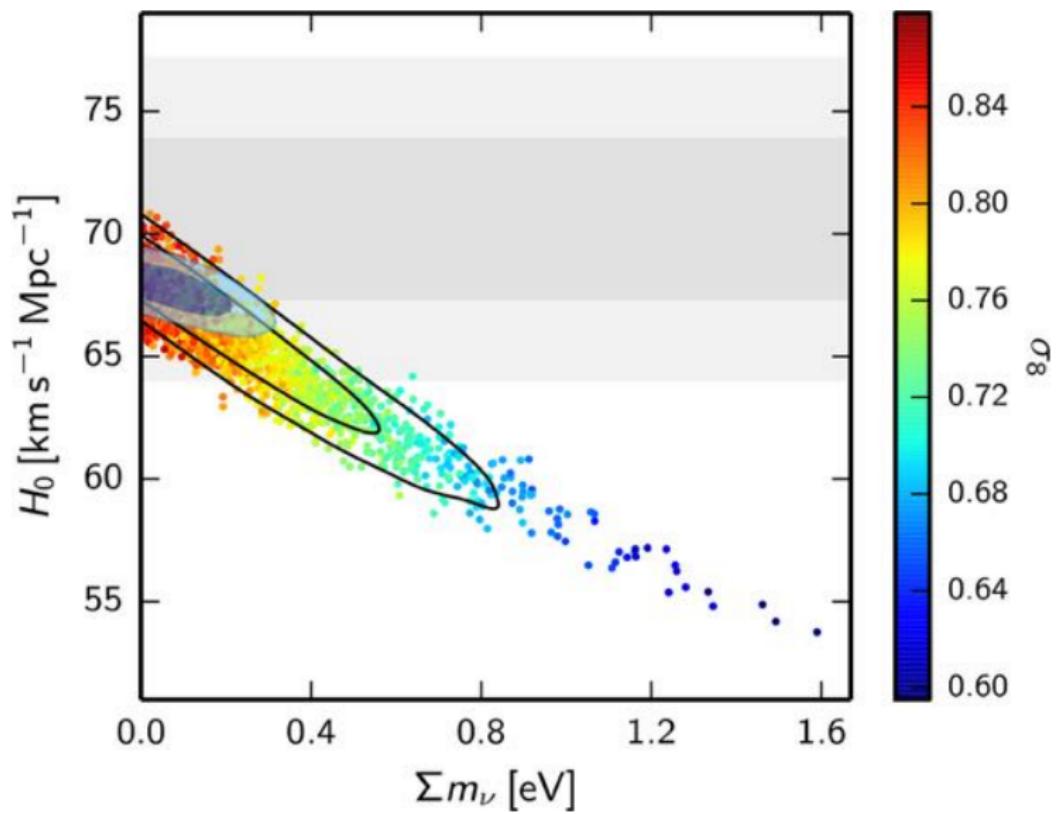
Problems

- Power deficit between 80° and 170° angular scale;
- Hemispherical asymmetry: lower temperature fluctuations in the North;
- Too few galaxy clusters: clusters and lensing require lower fluctuation level;
- Planck's Hubble constant seems too low;
- Low Thomson optical depth: late reionization;

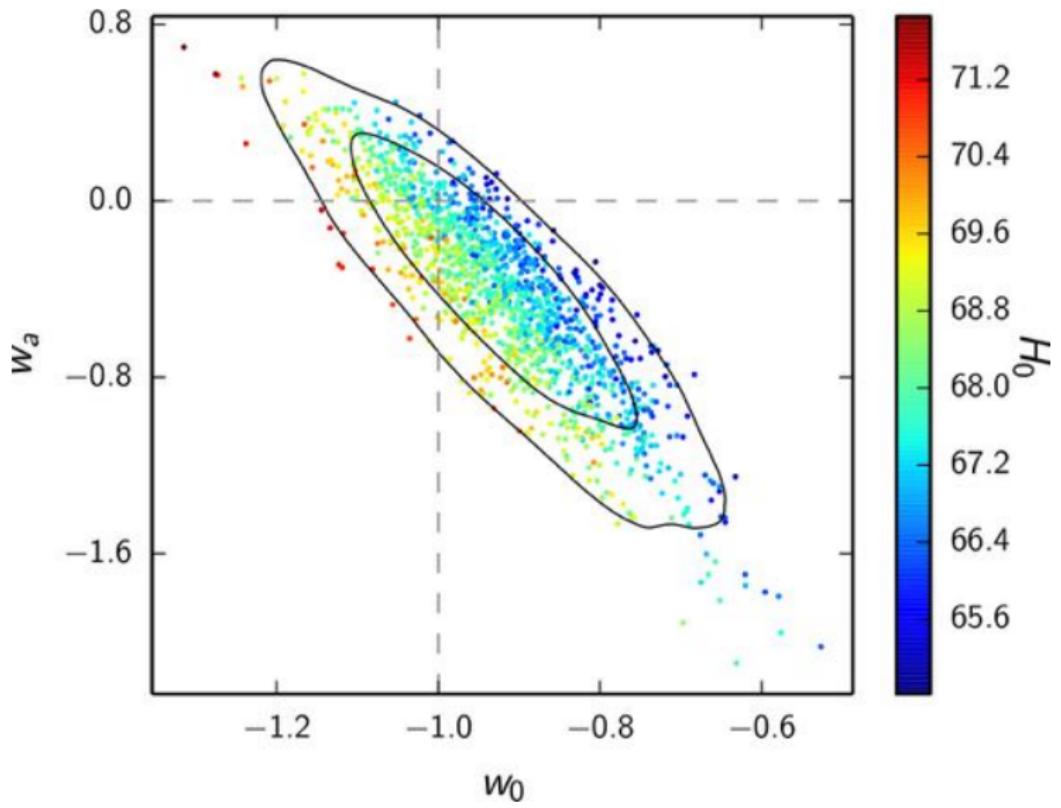
Primordial nucleosynthesis



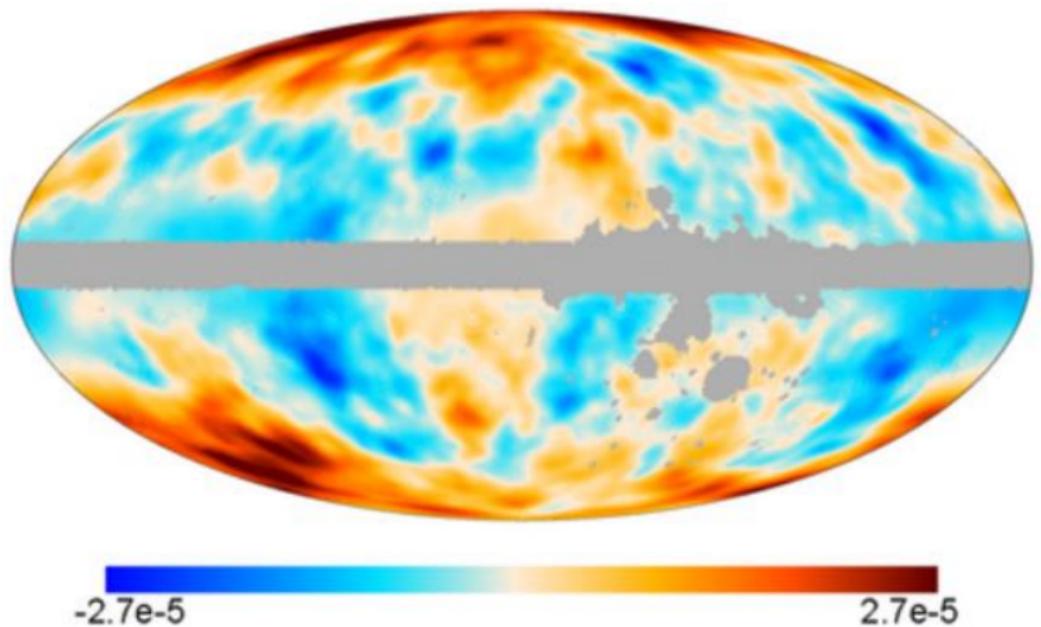
Neutrino masses



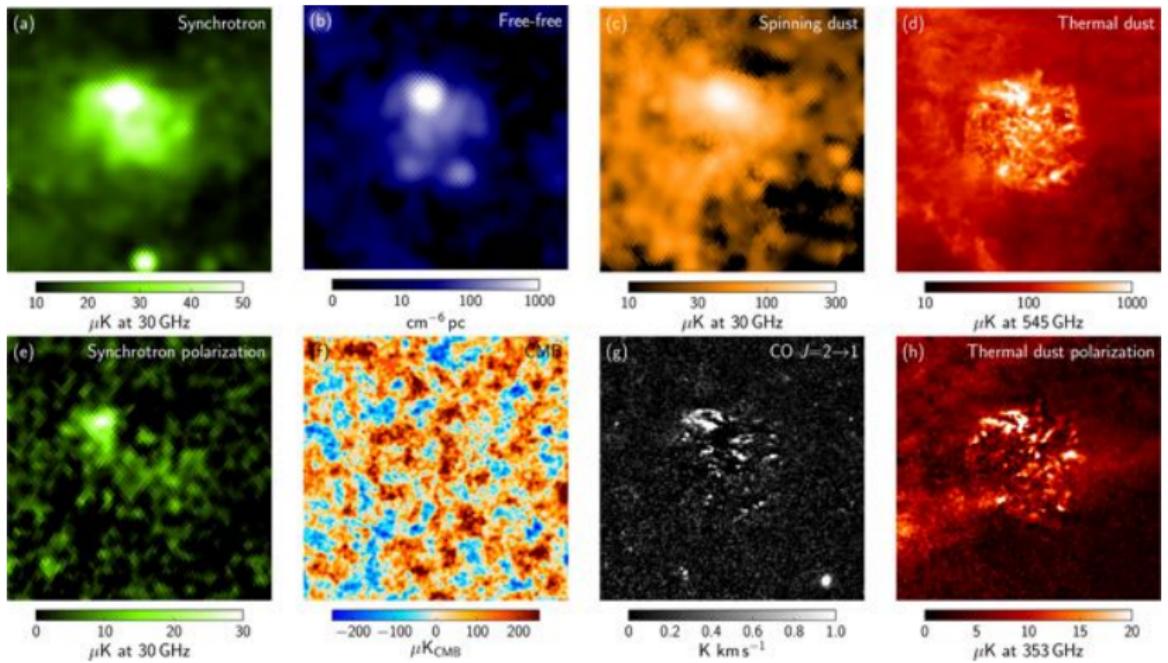
Dark energy?



Integrated Sachs-Wolfe signal



Astronomical signals



Polarised emission by the Galaxy

