

C. Marino\*, S. Park, C. Villevieille

Paul Scherrer Institut (PSI), Electrochemistry Laboratory, CH-5232 Villigen PSI, Switzerland

Email: cyril.marino@psi.ch

## Motivation

✓ Na<sub>0.67</sub>(Mn<sub>0.5</sub>Fe<sub>0.25</sub>Co<sub>0.25</sub>)O<sub>2</sub>



Better performance with Co<sup>[1]</sup>

BUT Co → safety and cost issues



✓ Work: Reducing Co content and keep similar properties



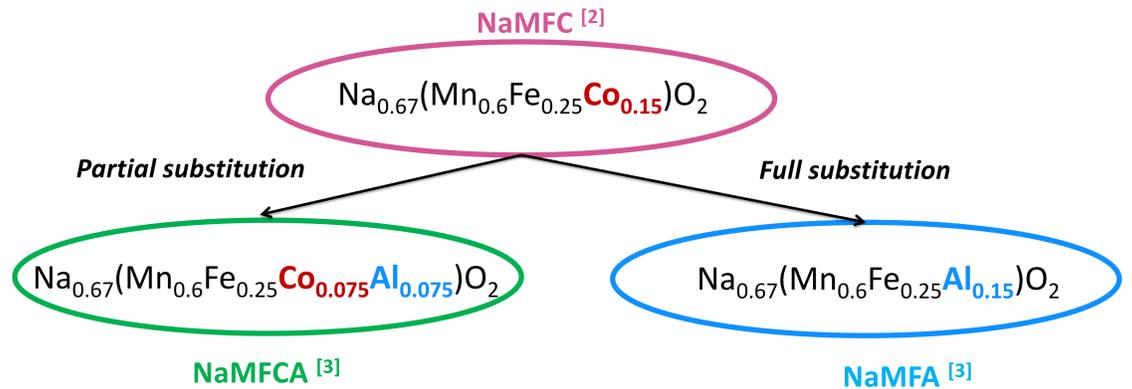
Concept validated with Na<sub>0.67</sub>(Mn<sub>0.6</sub>Fe<sub>0.25</sub>Co<sub>0.15</sub>)O<sub>2</sub><sup>[2]</sup>



Can we substitute Co by Al? <sup>[3]</sup>

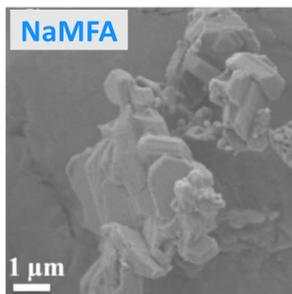
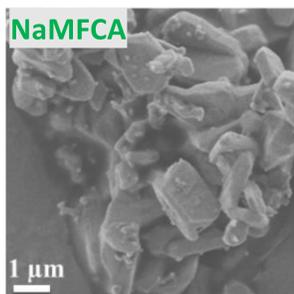
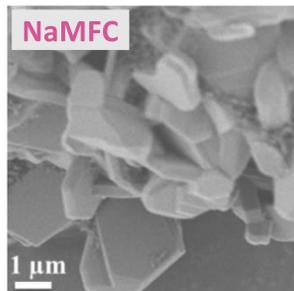
## Strategy

✓ Synthesis by scalable → solid state route



## Materials characterization

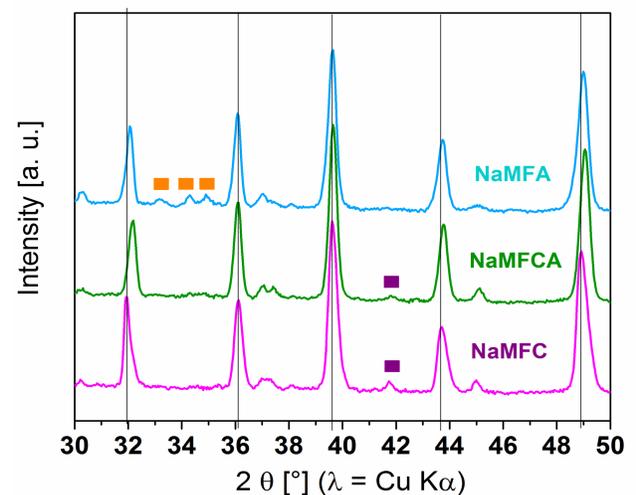
✓ SEM pictures of the materials



➤ Platelets shape particles for all materials

➤ Small spherical particles → impurity

✓ XRD patterns of the materials



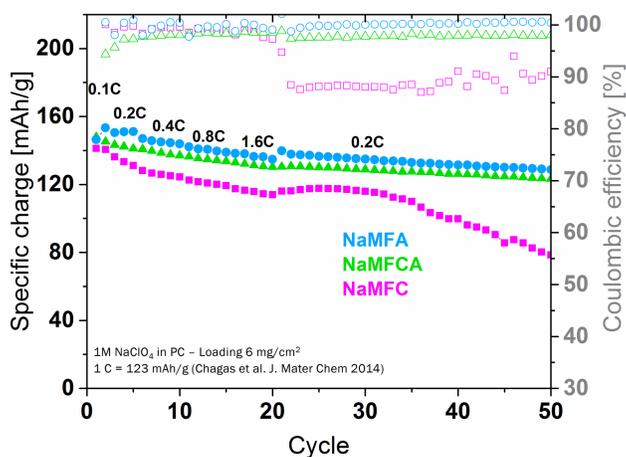
➤ P2 structure mainly kept but shift of some peaks → different cell parameters + occupation site



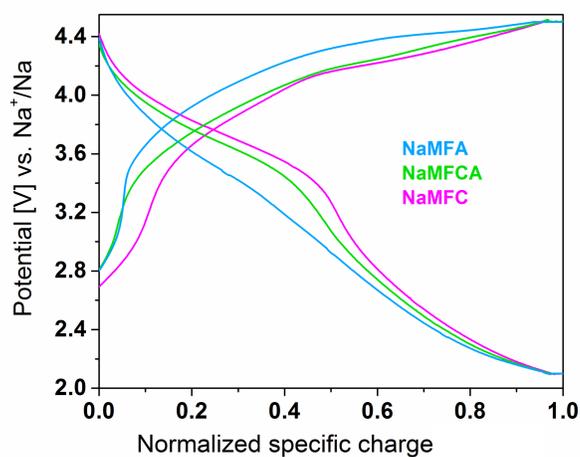
Successfull synthesis of NaMFCA and NaMFA compounds

## Electrochemical performance

✓ Rate Performance



✓ Galvanostatic curves (1<sup>st</sup> cycle)



➤ Higher performance with Al containing materials

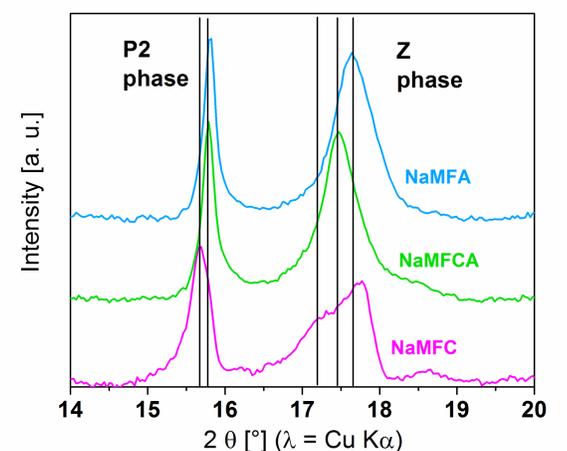
➤ Loss of ~300 mV in discharge potential for NaMFA



Better performance with Al materials → Why?

## Ex situ XRD

✓ XRD patterns → end of 1<sup>st</sup> charge



➤ Z phase better defined for Al containing materials



Stabilization Z phase with Al?

## Conclusions

➤ Successfull substitution of Co by Al → Similar morphology and minor structural change (≠ cell parameters + occupation site)

➤ Better electrochemical performance for Al containing materials but lower discharge potential

## Acknowledgments

This work is financially supported by the SCCER Heat and Electricity Storage.

